

Fw: Half Yearly EC Compliance Report Submission - APSEZ, Mundra - Multi Purpose Berth T2 2007 (Oct'19 to

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To: Dilip Kumar Moolchandani < Dilip.Moolchandani@adani.com>

I attachments (11 MB)

4. EC Compliance Report_MPB T2-2007_Oct'19 to Mar'20.pdf;

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Sent: Tuesday, May 19, 2020 5:20 PM

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Subject: Half Yearly EC Compliance Report Submission - APSEZ, Mundra - Multi Purpose Berth T2 2007 (Oct'19 to Mar'20)



APSEZL/EnvCell/2020-21/021

Date: 19.05.2020

To

Additional Principal Chief Conservator of Forests (C),

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Regional Office (WZ), E-5, Kendriya

Paryavaran Bhawan, Arera Colony,

Link Road No. - 3, Bhopal - 462 016.

E-mail: rowz.bpl-mef@nic.in

: Half yearly Compliance report of Environment Clearance for the project namely

"Development of Multipurpose berth (Terminal- 2) at Mundra Port, Dist, Kutch"

Ref : Environment clearance under CRZ notification granted to M/s Adani Ports & SEZ Limited

vide letter dated 5th February, 2007 bearing no. 11-84/2006- IA.III

Dear Sir,

Please refer to the above cited reference for the said subject matter. In connection to the same, it is to state that copy of the compliance report for the Environmental and CRZ Clearance for the period of October - 2019 to March - 2020 is being submitted through soft copy (e-mail communication).

Kindly consider above submission and acknowledge,

Thank you,

Yours Faithfully,

For, M/s Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited





APSEZL/EnvCell/2020-21/021

To

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Yours Faithfully,

For, M/s Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited

Avinàsh Rai Chief Executive Officer Mundra & Tuna Port

Encl: As above Copy to:

Gujarat, India

- 1) The Director (IA Division), Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change, Indira Paryavaran Bhawan, Jor Bagh Road, New Delhi-110003
- 2) Zonal Officer, Regional Office, CPCB Western Region, Parivesh Bhawan, Opp. VMC Ward Office No. 10, Subhanpura, Vadodara 390 023
- 3) Member Secretary, GPCB Head Office, Paryavaran Bhavan, Sector 10 A, Gandhi Nagar 382 010
- 4) The Director, Forests & Environment Department, Block 14, 8th floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhi Nagar 382 010
- 5) Regional Officer, Regional Office GPCB (Kutch-East), Gandhidham, 370201



Environmental Clearance Compliance Report

of



Multipurpose Berth (Terminal -2) at Mundra Port, Dist. Kutch, Gujarat

of Adani Ports and SEZ Limited

Period:

October-2019 to March-2020



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Status of the conditions stipulated in Environment Clearance

<u>Index</u>

Sr.	Particulars Particulars					
No.						
1	EC & CRZ Compl	iance Report	01			
2	Annexures					
	Annexure – A	Compliance Report of CRZ Recommendation	19			
	Annexure – 1	Updated CtO – Amendment permission	29			
	Annexure – 2	Details of Greenbelt development and Mangrove	32			
	plantation					
	Annexure – 3	Annexure – 3 Details on CSR activities by Adani Foundation				
	Annexure – 4	nnexure – 4 Summary of Environment Monitoring Reports				
	Annexure – 5	Annexure – 5 Intimation regarding stoppage of environmental				
		monitoring activities				
	Annexure – 6	Environment Protection Expenditure	217			
	Annexure – 7	Environment Management Cell Organogram	218			
	Annexure – 8 Updated Oil Spill Contingency Response Plan					
	Annexure – 9 Regional Level Pollution Response exercise Report					
	Annexure – 10	Compliance Report of CIA Study Environment	320			
	Management Plan					

EC Compliance Report



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Status of the conditions stipulated in Environment Clearance

Half yearly Compliance report of Environment and CRZ Clearance for the project namely "Development of Multipurpose berth (Terminal - 2) at Mundra Port, Dist. Kutch" issued vide MoEF letter no. 11-84/2006-IA.III dated $5^{\rm th}$ February 2007.

Sr. No.	Conditions			Compliance S 31-03-2		
A. Sp	ecific Condition					
(i)	All the conditions stipulated by Forests Environment Department, Government of Gujarat vide their letter no. ENV-10-2005-222-P dated 12/10/2006 should be strictly implemented.	Point wise compliance report of CRZ recommendations issued vide letter No. ENV-10-2005-222-P dated 12/10/2006 is enclosed as Annexure – A.				
(ii)	No Objection Certificate from Gujarat State Pollution Control Board should be obtained before initiating the project.	APSEZL had obtained No Objection Certificate vide GPC letter No. GPCB/Unit-1/FT-139/11944 dated 27 th April 2005				April 2005. from GPCB ember, 2021. e submission ate (CtO) are rom time to
		Sr. No.	Permission	Project	Ref. No. / Order No.	Valid till
		1	Ct O – Renewal	Mundra Port Terminal	AWH-83561	20.11.2021
		2	CtO - Amendment	Mundra Port Terminal	WH-88317	20.11.2021
		3	CtO - Amendment	Mundra Port Terminal	GPCB/CCA-Kutch -39(5)/ ID- 17739/473575	20.11.2021
		4	Ct O - Amendment	Mundra Port Terminal	H-98086	20.11.2021
		5	CtO - Amendment	Mundra Port Terminal	H-105708	20.11.2021
				•) were submitted or the period Oct'	•



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on
No.		31-03-2020
		and the copy of updated CtO-Amendment (Sr. No. 5) is attached as Annexure – 1 .
(iii)	The proposed project should not handle any hazardous goods and cargo.	Complied. During the compliance period, no hazardous cargo / goods are handled at the Multi-Purpose Berth (Terminal – 2).
(iv)	Quarantine condition should be provided for keeping the hazardous containers if they are accidentally received.	Complied. During the compliance period, no hazardous cargo / goods are handled at the Multi-Purpose Berth (Terminal – 2).
(v)	Green belt area should be developed along the project and budget earmarked.	During the course of development of the project, green belt was developed in 78.87 Hectares of land. Total 159197 trees were planted with the density of 1993 trees per hectare.
		In addition to this, various activities on green belt development and mangrove plantation activities are being carried out on regular basis by our horticulture department.
		To enhance the marine biodiversity, till date APSEZ has carried out mangrove afforestation in 2890 ha. area across the coast of Gujarat. Total expenditure for the same till date is INR 832 lakh. So, far APSEZ has developed 464 ha. area as greenbelt with plantation of more than 8.7 Lacs saplings within the APSEZ area. Details on mangroves afforestation & Green belt development carried out by APSEZ till date is annexed as Annexure – 2 . Total expenditures of the horticulture dept. for Financial Year 2019-20 was 728 lakh.
(vi)	A disaster management plan covering emergency evacuation mechanisms etc. to deal with natural disaster event should be prepared and furnished to the ministry.	Disaster Management plan is in place and implemented to deal with natural disasters such as cyclone, earthquake, flood/heavy rain and tsunami. Updated DMP was submitted to the MoEF & CC along with half yearly compliance report for the period from Apr – 20 16 to Sep – 20 16 and there is no further change in that.
(vii)	The company must take up and earmark adequate funds for the socio-economic	Complied. Budget for CSR Activity for the FY 2019-20 is to the tune of INR 2043 lakh. Out of which, Approx. INR 1813 lakh are spent during this year FY 2019-20. RO Plants are provided



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on
140.	33114113113	31-03-2020
	development and for welfare measures in the area including drinking water supply, vocational training, fishery related development programmes (like cold	at Samaghogha, Siracha village & Vallabh Vidyalaya at Mundra village. APSEZ is actively working with local community around the project area and provides required support for their livelihood and other concerns through the CSR arm Adani Foundation. Brief information about activities in the main
	storages)	five persuasions are mentioned below.
		Activity Community Health Health



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on		
No.	00	31-03-2020		
		28 Fisherman are engaged in various contract related jobs and 37 Fisherman are doing job after taken training from Adani Skill Development Center. Scholarship Support - Provide 100% fees support to girls and 80% fees support to boys as a scholarship. This year total 78 students are being facilitated by Adani foundation. Book Support - 49 Fisherman Students from Higher Secondary Standard (9 to 12) has been benefitted from various of Juna Bandar, Zarpara, Navinal, Bhadreshwar. Cycle Support - Fishermen who are at fishermen hamlets are migrated with whole family for 8 month fishing season. During that time to continue higher education of their children at Mundra, Adani foundation provide cycle support has been given to 7 students 28 fishermen has been facilitated by fishing materials under Machhimar Ajivika Uparjan Yojana The Foundation provided fishermen with employment equivalent to 6261 man-days. In addition to this, employment worth of 4204 man-days has been provided till date. The Foundation has also supported Pagadiya fishermen as painting laborers by providing them with employment and job in various field. Education Education Lunder Project UTTHAN 25 primary government schools of Mundra and Nakhtrana Talluka of Kutch district have been adopted to take up various initiatives aimed at improving quality in these schools. Under Project UTTHAN 25 primary government schools of Mundra and Nakhtrana Talluka of Kutch district have been adopted to take up various initiatives aimed at improving quality in these schools. Solve the schools. One teacher—One school + Sports teacher + IT teacher To Mheel 'Van with 35 laptops and computer instructor make students more tech savvy and spreading the digital and technology knowledge amongst the younger generation. Use of Reading Corner by students of Std. 3 to 8 of Utthan School Every Saturday Library activity with the Book issue were planned and executed in a meaningful manner. 7113 Book issued in academic year 2019-20. With the intervene		



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on		
No.	Conditions	31-03-2020		
NO.		Road Side Beautification at Mundra. S & F Benches In Various Location in Various Village Construction of R.O. Plant Room at Primary School sadau Village Construction of Shed at BRC Bhavan Renovation Balwadi at Bavdi Banadar Fixing of LED street light at Bhopawandh, Mundra & Bhorara) SUJLAM SUFLAM JAL ABHIYAN		
(viii)	The fishing activities by	In the year 2019-20, ASDC-Mundra trained 965 candidates. • Soft skill training – 552 Nos. • Technical Training – 413 Nos. Details of CSR activities carried out by Adani Foundation for Mundra and surrounding area for the FY 2019-20 is attached as Annexure – 3. Complied.		
	the fishermen living in the settlement along the creek should not be hindered and a mechanism may be evolved for the movement of fishing boats vis-a-vis shipping activities.	No commercial fisheries are prevailing in this area except Pagadia and fishermen with small boats. Unhindered access is provided to the fishing boats. During project proposal, APSEZ proposed to provide four (4) dedicated accesses at Juna Bandar, Luni, Bavdi Bandar and Zarpara for the fishermen to approach the sea for fishing activity. However, during construction as well as operation, through fishermen consultative process, APSEZ has provided seven (7) access roads. Total length of all the approach roads is approx. 23 Kms and expenditure involved		



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020
		is Rs. 637 Lacs. There is no hindrance to the movement of fisherman boats. Details of the same were submitted along with EC Compliance report for the period Apr'18 to Sep'18.
		Communication mechanisms have been developed for the smooth movement of fishing boats vis-à-vis shipping activities. Please refer point no. vii above for further details regarding CSR activities being carried out by Adani Foundation.
(ix)	The relocation of the fishermen and local community if any, in the area should be done strictly in accordance	Complied. The project was conceptualized in such a way that there are no fishermen or local community settlements in the project proposal.
	with the norms prescribed by the State Government. The relocated communities should be provided with	APSEZ performs a large scale socio-economic upliftment program in consultation with FOKIA (Federation of Kutch Industries Association) chaired by District Collector quarterly.
	all facilities including health care, education, sanitation and livelihood.	APSEZL have provided necessary facilities including health care, education, sanitation, livelihood, drinking water & other infrastructural support to fisher folk community in the region. Please refer point no. vii above for further details regarding CSR activities being carried out by Adani Foundation.
(x)	The project proponent	Complied.
	should not undertake any destruction of mangroves during construction and	Construction phase is already completed and the project is in operation phase. All developments are carried out as per permissions granted.
	operation of the project.	 Conservation of mangroves: In and around APSEZ, approx. 1800 ha. mangrove area was identified by NIO in an EIA report prepared the year 1998. Out of this 1800 ha area, 1254 ha area was further demarcated as potential mangrove conservation by NIO in the year 2008 (as part of the EIA report of WFDP). It may be noted that the entire area of 1254 ha is not covered with mangroves.
		• Entire area is being conserved and there is no disturbance to the mangroves in this area. Measures such as restricted entry and regular surveillance have resulted in overall growth of mangroves within this area.



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr.	0 1111	Compliance Status as on			
No.	Conditions			31-03-2020	
		demarcate their stud APSEZ is	e mangrove dy, present over 2340 2011 and 2	rective, APSEZ entruses in and around APSI ly, mangrove cover in ha. The analysis of the 016-17 has shown an	EZ area. As per in and around he comparison
		integrated mangroves submitted a for the pe conservation NCSCM and MoEF&CC Presentation GCZMA compaperoved visual latest sation observation to NSCSM,	plan for and associationg with I riod Apr'19 n of creeks d the samfor their n on the famittee on de MOM put ards the of mangrellite imas", Work hafor amour	cM final report on compreservation and consisted creeks in and ast half yearly EC Condition of the sand mangrove areas he was submitted to examination and received and the condition of the overcover in Jan/Marges and validations already been already the of INR. 23,56,000 December 2019 and	onservation of around were around were appliance report of the cition plan for is prepared by a GCZMA and commendation. It was made to same has been action plan ar, 2020 using a with field been assigned of the commendation.
(xi)	Sewage arising in the port area should be disposed off through septic tank — soak pit system or should be	e Sewage generated from port premises is being treated designated treatment plants and treated sewage is used horticulture purpose.			
	treated along with the industrial effluent to conform to the standards stipulated by	Location	Capacity	Quantity of Wastewater (Avg. from Oct'19 to Mar'20)	Type of ETP / STP
	Gujarat Pollution Control Board and	LT	265 KLD	66 KLD	Activated Sludge
	should be utilized / recycled for gardening, plantation and irrigation.	in ETP for bi entire efflue MPSEZ Util	ological tre ent + sewaç ities Pvt. L	minor modification w atment from Dec'19. I ge is being sent to CE td. (MUPL) for treati horticulture purpose	During this time TP operated by ment and final



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020				
		Third party ana twice in a mont namely M/s. Po	ol board. lysis of th th by NAE llucon La	ne treated v BL and MoE boratories	water is be EF&CC acc Pvt. Ltd. S	eing carried out credited agency Summary of the is mentioned
		Parameter	Unit	Max	Min	Perm. Limit ^{\$}
		Industrial Efflu	ent / Sewa	age		
		рН		8.05	6.91	6.5 to 8.5
		TSS	mg/L	82	59	100
		TDS	mg/L	2034	1681	2100
		COD	mg/L	98	84	100
		BOD (3 Days @ 27°C)	mg/L	26	23	30
		,		<u> </u>	\$ as per CC	&A granted by GPCB
(.::)	During	Approx. INR 2 monitoring actions already be vide our e-mail attached as An	21.74 Lak ivities du ental mor been st DVID-19 F een intim I dated 0	th is spen ring the FY nitoring wi opped sir Pandemic l ated to th 16.04.2020	t for all 2019-20. thin Adar ace 23 rd lockdown ae regulat	nalysis reports. environmental ni Ports & SEZ March, 2020 and the same ory authorities of the same is
(xii)	Project proponent should prepare and regularly update the disaster management plan from time to time.	such as cyclon is in place an submitted to M report for the p	e, earthq nd imple loEF & C	uake, flood mented. (Calong wit	d/heavy ra Copy of t th half yea	atural disasters in and tsunami the same was arly compliance - 2016.
(xiii)	There should be no withdrawal of ground water in CRZ area, for this project. The proponent should ensure that as a result of the proposed constructions, ingress	project. Entire water and des	water rec salination for entire	quirement in plant of a APSEZ a	is sourced APSEZ. area is 4	RZ area, for this from Narmada Average water .1 MLD during



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

C ₄		Campli	anas Ctati		
Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020			
	of saline water into ground water does not take place. Piezometers should be installed for regular monitoring for this purpose at appropriate locations on	To monitor the ground wat various location in the analysis of the ground water by NABL and MoEF Pollucon Laboratories Fouration from Oct'19 Monitoring Reports are a	rater qualit ne port an water is be &CC accre Pvt. Ltd. S to Mar'2	y, bore wells of SEZ areas eing carried dited agency ummary of to is menticed.	s. Third party out twice a namely M/s. the same for oned below.
	the project site.	No of sampling location			
		Parameter	Unit	Minimum	Maximum
		рН	-	7.89	7.78
		Salinity	ppt	14	1.72
		Oil & Grease	mg/L	2.83	ND*
		Hydrocarbon	mg/L	ND*	ND*
		Lead as Pb	mg/L	0.072	0.052
		Arsenic as As	mg/L	ND*	ND*
		Nickel as Ni	mg/L	ND*	ND*
		Total Chromium as Cr	mg/L	ND*	ND*
		Cadmium as Cd	mg/L	0.038	ND*
		Mercury as Hg	mg/L	ND*	ND*
		Zinc as Zn	mg/L	3.26	ND*
		Copper as Cu Iron as Fe	mg/L	ND* 5.7	ND* 0.32
		Insecticides/Pesticides	mg/L	Absent	Absent
		Depth of Water Level from GL	meter	2.1	1.8
		32		*ND =	Not Detectable
(xiv)	The project should not be commissioned till the requisite water supply and electricity to the project are provided by PWD/ Electricity Department.	Complied. Construction activity is a in operation phase. Ne Electricity is done throug Copies of agreements with half yearly compliar 2016 to Sep – 2016.	ecessary a gh MPSEZ vere subm	igreement for Utilities Pvt. itted to Mol	or supply of Ltd. (MUPL). EF&CC along
(xv)	Specific arrangements for rainwater harvesting should be made in the project design and the rain water so harvested should be optimally utilized. Details in this regard should be furnished to this Ministry's Regional Office at Bhopal within 3 months.	Groundwater recharge of since the entire project Rain water within proje water drainage. We have installed Rain within our township to the same were submit compliance report for the	is in the ir ct area is water rec recharge itted alor	ntertidal / su managed th harge bore v ground wate	b tidal areas. brough storm well (4 Nos.) er. Details of f yearly EC



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020
		We have also connected roof top rain water duct of operational building (Tug berth building within MPT) with u/g water tank for utilization of collected rain water for gardening / horticulture purpose. Details of the same were submitted along with EC Compliance report for the period Oct'18 to Mar'19.
		However, APSEZ has carried out rainwater harvesting activities in the nearby villages for benefit of the locals. Following measures are taken for the same during the year 2011 – 13 and the same have benefited to the local farmers. 1. Pond deepening activities at villages 2. 18 check dams were constructed under the 'Sardar Patel Sahbhagi Jalsanchay Yojna'
		Total cost of these efforts was approx. INR 320 lakh.
		Sujlam Suflam project
		Water Conservation Work at the turn of millennium, the state watched with growing alarm the steady depletion of its ground water and launched massive drive to achieve water security in Mundra region.
		 A large number of water harvesting structure (18 Nos. of check dams in coordination with salinity department) and Ground recharge activities (pond deepening work for more than 52 ponds) individually and 26 ponds under Sujlam Suflam Jal Abhiyan were built leading to a significant increase in water table and higher returns to the farmers. Roof Top Rain Water Harvesting 54 Nos. and Recharge Bore well 75 Nos. Drip Irrigation 823 Farmers benefitted in coordination with Gujrat Green Revolution Company Participatory Ground Water Management in ten villages with
		holistic approach for Kankavati Sandstone Aquifer Programme.
		With the objective of to preserve the rain water to reduce the impact of salinity and recharge the ground water (the main source of water) to facilitate the Agricultural activities as well as for drinking water.



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on
No.		31-03-2020
		Under UTHHAN MODEL VILLAGE PROJECT, Salinity ingress issue is well taken with pond deepening, recharge bore well technique and roof top rain water harvesting. Total ground water recharged due to this project 1878 ML.
		For Water conservation drive APSEZ having vision for next five years that ✓ Drinking Water Sustainable Villages by Roof Top Rain Water Harvesting – at least 5 villages ✓ Agriculture water conservation by 100% Drip, Bore well Recharge ✓ Farm Bunding and Crop pattern ✓ Recycling Sewage water from STP ✓ Awareness for water conservation to community
		Please refer Annexure – 3 for full details of CSR activities carried out by Adani Foundation in the Mundra region. Budget for CSR Activity for the FY 2019-20 is to the tune of INR 2043 lakh. Out of which, Approx. INR 1813 lakh are spent during this year FY 2019-20.
(xvi)	The facilities to be constructed in the CRZ area as part of this project should be strictly in conformity with the provisions of the CRZ Notification, 1991 as amended subsequently.	Complied. Construction activities are completed in accordance with the prevailing laws.
(xvii	No product other than those permissible in the coastal Regulation Zone Notification, 1991 should be stored in the Coastal Regulation Zone area.	Complied. APSEZ store only those product / cargo within CRZ area, which are permissible as per Coastal Regulation Zone Notification, 1991.
B. Ge	eneral Condition	
(i)	Construction of the	Complied.
,,	proposed structures should be undertaken meticulously confirming to the existing Central / local rules and	All construction activities are carried out confirming to the existing rules and regulation and as per the CRZ notification.
	regulations including	Required details on No Objection Certificate from Gujarat



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020
	Coastal Regulation Zone Notification 1991 and its amendments. All the construction designs /	State Pollution Control Board and applicable consent are as provided in Specific Condition No. 2 above.
	drawings relating to the proposed construction activities must have	
	approvals of the concerned State Government	
	Department / Agencies.	
(ii)	Adequate provisions for	Complied.
	infrastructure facilities	
	such as water supply, fuel, sanitation, etc. should be ensured for	Construction activity is completed and the project is in operation phase.
	construction workers	No construction camps were located in CRZ area. Most
	during the construction phase of the project so	workers came from nearby villages however, for others; construction camps were located outside CRZ area.
	as to avoid felling of	
	trees / mangroves and	All necessary infrastructure and facilities like mobile toilets,
	pollution of water and	safe drinking water, medical health care etc. were provided.
	the surroundings.	



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020
(iii)	The project authorities must make necessary arrangements for disposal of solid wastes and for the treatment of effluents by providing a proper waste water treatment plant outside the CRZ area. The quality of treated effluents, solid wastes and noise levels etc. must conform to the standards laid down by the competent authorities including the Central / State Pollution Control Board and the Union Ministry of Environment and Forest under The Environment Protection Act, 1986, whichever are more stringent.	Liquid Effluent & Sewage - It is being treated at ETP/STP plants outside the CRZ area, treated water from ETP/STP is being used for horticultural purposes. Please refer point no xi of the specific conditions above for further details. All attributes of environment viz. air; water; soil and noise are being regularly analyzed by NABL and MoEF&CC accredited agency M/s Pollucon Laboratory Pvt. Ltd. Please refer Annexure – 4 for detailed analysis report. Waste Management – APSEZ has adopted 5R concept for environmentally sound management of different types of solid & liquid wastes. Please refer below details about management of each type of waste. Municipal Solid Waste: A well-established system for segregation of dry & wet waste is in place. All wet waste (Organic waste) is being segregated & utilized for compost manufacturing and/or biogas generation for cooking purpose. The compost is further used by in house horticulture team for greenbelt development. Whereas dry recyclable waste is being sorted in various categories. Presently manual sorting is being done for sorting of different types of solid waste. Segregated recyclable materials such as Paper, Plastic, Cardboard, PET Bottles, Glass etc. are then sent to respective recycling units, whereas remaining non-recyclable waste is bailed and sent
(iv)	The proponents should provide for a regular monitoring mechanism so as to ensure that the treated effluents conform to the prescribed standards. The records of analysis reports must be properly maintained and made available for inspection to the concerned state /central officials during	 to cement plants for Co-processing as RDF (Refused Derived Fuel). Hazardous Waste: E - Waste & Used Batteries are being sold to GPCB registered recyclers namely M/s. e-Processing House and Sabnam Enterprise respectively. Solid Hazardous Waste is being disposed through co-processing through common facility i.e. M/s. Saurshtra Enviro Projects Pvt. Ltd., Bhachau and/or cement industries of Sanghi Industries Ltd., Kutch and/or Ambuja Cement Ltd., Kodinar. Used/Waste Oil is being sold to GPCB authorized recyclers / re-processors namely M/s. Western India Petrochem Industry, Bhavnagar. Solid hazardous waste i.e. Tank bottom sludge is being



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Con	npliance Stat 31-03-202	
	their visits.	disposed through co-processing through common facility i.e. M/s. Saurshtra Enviro Projects Pvt. Ltd., Bhachau and/or cement industries of Ambuja Cement Ltd., Kodinar and/or being sold to authorized recycler namely M/s. Mundra Oil, Mundra. • Downgrade chemicals generated from cleaning of storage tanks / pipelines are being sold to authorized solvent recovery facilities namely M/s. Acquire Chemicals, Ankleshwar however during the compliance period, there was no disposal of downgrade chemicals. • Slop Oil received from vessels is treated to separate water and oil particles in Oil Water Separator system. Separated oil from the same is being sold to authorized recycler / reprocessor namely M/s. Western India Petrochem Industry, Bhavnagar and water is sent to ETP for further treatment. However during the compliance period, there was no disposal of Slope Oil. Details of permissions / agreements of hazardous waste authorized vendors were submitted along with half yearly EC Compliance Report for the period Apr'18 to Sep'18. The following table summarizes the waste management practice (from Oct'19 to Mar'20) for different types of wastes at APSEZ:		
		Type of Waste	Quantity in MT	Disposal method
		Hazardous Waste		
		Pig Waste	4.715	Co processing at samest
		Oily Cotton waste	71.585	Co-processing at cement industries
		ETP Sludge	Nil	
		Tank Bottom Sludge	72.07	Co-processing at cement industries and/or Sell to registered recycler
		Used / Spent Oil	64.994	
		Discarded Containers	8.436	Sell to registered recycler
		Battery Waste	8.39	
		Bio Medical Waste	2.966	To approved CBWTF Site
		Municipal Solid Waste	1	After was a second of
		Recyclables	560.597	After recovery sent for recycling
		Refuse Derived Fuel	177.1	Co-processing at Cement Industries
		Wet Waste (Food waste + Organic waste)	447.255	Converted to Manure for Horticulture use / Biogas for cooking purpose



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions			iance Statu 31-03-2020		
(v)	In order to carry out the environmental	Complied.				
	monitoring during the	Ambient Air	Quality (tw	ice in a we	ek) and Nois	se (once in a
	operational phase of the					/ NABL and
	project, the project					s. Pollucon
	authorities should provide an	from Oct'19		•		for duration
	environmental		to Mai 20 K	s illelitionet	a below.	
	laboratory well	Total Sampl	ing Location	ns: 0 4 Nos.	1	_
	equipped with standard equipment and facilities	Parameter	Unit	Max	Min	Perm. Limit ^{\$}
	and qualified manpower	PM 10	μg/m³	96.23	50.53	100
	to carry out the testing of various	PM _{2.5}	μg/m³	54.39	18.68	60
	of various environmental	SO ₂	μg/m³	28.47	6.41	80
	parameters.	NO ₂	μg/m³	45.56	14.52	80
	p.m.m.sssss	Noise	Unit	Max	Min	Perm. Limit
		Day Time	dB(A)	74.2	58.3	75
		Night Time	dB(A)	69.8	50.2	70 Standards, 2009
		Pollucon La laboratory v facilities and various envi	aboratories well equipp d qualified n ronmental p	Pvt. Ltd. bed with simanpowert barameters.	has an er tandard equ o carry out t t for all er	reports. M/s. nvironmental sipment and he testing of nvironmental
(vi)	The sand dunes and	Complied.		<u> </u>		
	mangroves, if any, on					n the project
	the site should not be disturbed in any way.	developed b				n has been itted.
		Please refe	r Condition	No. x of	specific co	nditions for
		further deta			·	
(vii)	A copy of the clearance letter will be marked to the concerned Panchayat / local NGO, if any, from whom any suggestion /	Not applicat	ole at prese	nt		



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020
	representation has been received while processing the proposal.	
(viii)	The Gujarat Pollution Control Board should display a copy of the clearance letter at the Regional Office, District Industries center and Collector's Office / Tehsildar's Office for 30 days.	Not Applicable This condition does not belong to project proponent.
(ix)	The funds earmarked for environment protection measures should be maintained in a separate account and there should be no diversion of these funds for any other purpose. A year wise expenditure on environmental safeguards should be reported to this Ministry's Regional Office at Bhopal and the State Pollution Control Board.	Separate budget for the Environment protection measures is earmarked every year. All environment and horticulture activities are considered at corporate level and budget allocation is done accordingly. No separate bank account is maintained for the same however, all the expenses are recorded in advanced accounting system of the organization. Budget for environmental management measures (including horticulture) for the FY 2019-20 is to the tune of INR 1146 lakh. Out of which, Approx. INR 1084 lakh are spent during this year. Detailed breakup of the expenditures for the past 3 years is attached as Annexure – 6 .
(x)	Full support should be extended to the officers of this Ministry's Regional Office at Bhopal and the officers of the Central and State Pollution Control Board by the project proponents during their inspection for monitoring purposes, by furnishing full details and action plans including the action taken reports in respect	Complied. APSEZL is always extending full support to the regulatory authorities during their visit to the project site. Last visit of Regional Office, GPCB was done on 27.08.2019 for Main port. APSEZL has submitted the reply to the site visit report vide letter dated 30.08.2019 incorporating details of action taken in respect of the observations of the GPCB representative. Details of the same were submitted along with last half yearly compliance report for the period Apr'19 to Sep'19. There was no any inspection from SPCB during this compliance period i.e. Oct'19 to Mar'20. Inline to the compliance certification process of Environment Clearance condition of Waterfront



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020
	of mitigative measures and other environmental protection activities.	Development Plan, RO, MoEF&CC Bhopal had visited the site on 27 th & 28 th January, 2020 for compliance verification. APSEZ provided all requisite information and documents required by the Regional Officer MoEF&CC). During the said compliance verification visit, there was no major noncompliance observed.
(xi)	In case of deviation or alteration in the project including the implementing agency, a fresh reference should be made to this Ministry for modification in the clearance conditions or imposition of new one for ensuring environmental protection.	Complied. Construction phase is completed and the project is in operation phase. There is no deviation or alteration in project including implementing agency.
(xii)	This Ministry reserves the right to revoke this clearance, if any of the conditions stipulated are not complied with to the satisfaction of this Ministry.	Point noted.
(xiii)	This Ministry or any other competent authority may stipulate any other additional conditions subsequently, if deemed necessary, for environmental protection, which should be complied with.	Point noted.
(xiv)	The project proponent should advertise in at least in two local newspapers widely circulated in the region around the project, one of which should be in	Complied



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on
No.	Conditions	31-03-2020
	the vernacular language of the locality concerned informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and copies of clearance letter are available with the State Pollution Control Board and may also be seen at the website of the Ministry of Environment & Forests at http://www.envfor.nic.in .	
	The advertisement should be made within seven days from the date of issue of the clearance letter and a copy of the same should be forwarded to the Regional office of this Ministry at Bhopal.	
(xv)	The projects proponents should inform regional Office at Bhopal as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of land development work.	Complied. The construction phase is complete and the project is in operation phase.

Compliance Report of CRZ Recommendations



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Status of the conditions stipulated under CRZ Recommendation

Half yearly Compliance report of CRZ recommendation for the project namely "Development of Multipurpose berth (Terminal – 2) at Mundra Port, Dist. Kutch" issued by DoEF, GOG vide letter no. ENV-10-2005-222-P dated 12th October, 2006

Sr.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on
No.		31-03-2020
	cific Condition	
1	The provision of the CRZ notification of 1991 and subsequent amendments issued from time to time shall be strictly adhered to by the GAPL. No activity in contradiction to the provision of the CRZ Notification shall be carried out by the GAPL.	Construction activities are completed and the project is in operation phase. All stipulations with respect to the CRZ notification and its subsequent amendments are complied with.
2	All permissions from different Government Departments / agencies shall be obtained by the GAPL before commencing the expansion activities.	Please refer to specific condition no. 2 of the EC and CRZ clearance above for details upon NOC & CC&A obtained from GPCB. Construction activity is already completed and the project is in operation phase. APSEZ had obtained No
		Objection Certificate vide GPCB letter No. GPCB/Unit-1/FT-139/11944 dated 27 th April 2005.
3	No Dredging and /or reclamation activity shall be carried out in the CRZ area categorized as CRZ (i) and it shall have to be ensured that the mangrove habitats and other ecologically important and significant areas are not affected due to any of the project	Complied. No dredging or reclamation is carried out in CRZ -1 (A) area. Capital dredging is completed and only maintenance dredging is being carried out, A study for conservation and monitoring for natural mangrove stands at mundra was carried out by M/s. Gujarat Institute of Desert Ecology (GUIDE). The report of the same was submitted as part of compliance report
4	activities. The dredge material shall be disposed of into predesignated areas duly identified and got approved through the Gujarat Coastal Zone Management Authority for which the company shall have to make separate	for the duration of Apr'17 to Sep'17. Complied. Construction and capital dredging activities are completed and the project is in operation phase. Impact assessment was done for the same and EIA report was submitted to GCZMA and MoEF&CC based on which the final Environmental and CRZ clearance was granted. Detail on study for conservation and monitoring for



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020
	application along with proper EIA indicating the exact location of the dredge material disposal area on the CRZ map of the region prepared by the Space Application Center, Ahmedabad, as there exists best mangrove area in and around Bocha and Navinal islands, which requires to be protected.	natural mangrove stands at mundra is as provided in condition no. 3 above. Apr'16 to Sep'16.
5	Massive mangrove plantation activity in at least 1200 ha. Area shall be carried out within a time frame of 5 years commencing from July, 2006 without any delay what soever.	It may be noted that to enhance the marine biodiversity, till date APSEZ has carried out mangrove afforestation in 2890 ha. area across the coast of Gujarat. Total expenditure for the same till date is INR 832 lakh. Details on mangroves afforestation & Green belt development carried out by APSEZ till date is annexed as Annexure – 2 . Please refer condition no. v of specific conditions (EC & CRZ Clearance) for further details.
6	No effluent or sewage shall be discharged into the sea / creek or in the CRZ area and shall be treated to conform the norms prescribed by the Gujarat Pollution Control Board and would be reused/recycled within the plant premises.	Complied. Entire quantity of sewage generated is being treated in designated STPs and treated sewage is used for gardening. Please refer to specific condition no. xi of the EC and CRZ clearance above for more details.
7	All the recommendation and suggestions given by the NIO in its Comprehensive Environment Impact Assessment report for conservation / protection and betterment of environment shall be implemented strictly by the GAPL.	environment given by the NIO in its comprehensive EIA have been implemented. Few examples are provided below.



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr.	Conditions	-	nce Status as on
No.			-03-2020
		Operational protocols and safety procedure should be printed and freely available to concerned staff. The employees must be adequately trained to inculcate a high level of competence not only in day to day operations but also during emergency	The company has written the operational protocols and safety procedures as a part of ISO 14001:2015, ISO 45001:2018 and ISO 9001:2015 certifications. APSEZ has established training department to impart training to its employees.
		situations. Periodic refresher courses must also be organized to maintain the level of their competence.	IMO module course organized by Maritime Training Institute is conducted & 36 personnel have achieved IMO level 1 & 4 personnel have achieved IMO Level 2. Different training modules as Oil Spill, Oil Spill Equipment, Notification exercise, Incident are conducted at different frequency.
		Temporary colonies of workforce should be located sufficiently away from the HTL with proper sanitation. Adequate arrangement of fuel supply to the workers should be made to discourage them from using mangroves for firewood.	Construction activity is already completed. Most of the construction labours were residing in the nearby villages where all basic facilities are easily available. However, for those residing near the construction site, infrastructure facilities such as water supply, fuel, sanitation, first aid, ambulance etc. were provided by APSEZ.
		Adequate vigilance is required to adherence of ships to Marpol protocol and related regulations.	During the vessel declaration compliances with respect to Air Pollution and Oil are monitored by the Port Authority. The ships are certified with international certification bodies only after complying with the Marpol protocol.
		Manual Listing Procedure for conducting ship movement operations in the port area must be available to the concerned staff.	Berthing Policy & Tariff Structure is made available for conducting ship movement to the concerned staff and made available on web link www.adaniports.com/pdfs/PIB 06122013.pdf Port Information Booklet is also made available on web link www.adaniports.com/Port_Operations_Port_Tariffs.aspx
8	The construction and operational activities shall be carried out in such a way that there is no negative	completed. All operation	al dredging activity is already nal activities are being carried there are no impacts on the



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020
	impact on mangroves and other coastal / marine habitat. The construction activities and dredging shall be carried out only under the constant supervision of the NIO.	nearby mangroves. Details on mangrove conservation and afforestation are provided against Specific Condition No. 5 above.
9	The GAPL shall strictly ensure that no creeks are blocked due to any activity at Mundra Port and the mangrove habitats are neither disturbed nor destroyed due to any activity.	As per Marine EIA carried out by NIO in 2008, prominent creek system (main creeks and small branches of creeks) in the study region are: (1) Kotdi (2) Baradimata (3) Navinal (4) Bocha (5) Mundra (Oldest port (Juna Bandar) leading to Bhukhi river). All above creeks are in existence allowing free flow of water and there is no filling or reclamation of any creek area. APSEZL has so far constructed 19 culverts having total length of approx. 1100 m with total cost of INR 20 Crores. Three RCC Bridges have been constructed over Kotdi creek with total length of 230 m and cost of INR 10 Crores. Photographs of the same have already been submitted as part of the compliance for the period of
10	The GAPL shall contribute financially for any common study or project proposed that may be proposed by this Department for environmental management / conservation / improvement for the Gulf of Kutch.	Apr'17 to Sep'17. Complied As part of the directions given by MoEF&CC vide order dated 18 th Sep, 2015, following studies were proposed. 1. NCSCM final report on comprehensive and integrated plan for preservation and conservation of mangroves and associated creeks in and around. Details of the same were submitted along with last half yearly EC Compliance report for the period Apr'19 to Sep'19. The action plan for conservation of creeks and mangrove areas is prepared by NCSCM and the same was submitted to GCZMA and MoEF&CC for their examination and recommendation. Presentation on the findings of the report was made to GCZMA committee on 4 th October 2019 and same has been approved vide MOM published by GCZMA.



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020
		"Monitoring of mangrove cover in Jan/Mar, 2020 using latest satellite images and validation with field observations", Work has already been already been assigned to NSCSM, for amount of INR. 23,56,000/vide PO no 4800050718, dtd. 31st December 2019 and same is under progress.
		2. A Regional Impact Assessment study to identify impacts of all the existing as well as proposed project activities in Mundra region. Details of the same were submitted along with last half yearly EC Compliance report for the period Apr'19 to Sep'19.
		Presentation on the findings of the report was made to GCZMA committee on 4 th October 20 19 and after detailed discussion, authority has decided to constitute committee to discuss the details of the report further. The second of the report further.
		 However, APSEZ is already complying with the Environment Management Plan (applicable to APSEZ) suggested in Cumulative Impact Assessment report. The detailed compliance, applicable to APSEZ is attached as Annexure – 10.
11	The construction debris and/or any other type of waste shall not be disposed of into the sea, creek or in the CRZ areas. The debris shall be removed from the construction site immediately after the construction is over.	Construction activity is already completed. Project is in operation phase.
12	The construction camp shall be located outside the CRZ area and the construction labour shall be provided the	Complied. The construction activity of said project is already completed. Project is in operation phase.
	necessary amenities, including sanitation, water supply & fuel and it shall be ensured that the	No construction camps were located in CRZ area. Most workers came from nearby villages however, for others; construction camps were located outside CRZ area.
	environmental conditions are not deterioted by the construction labours.	All necessary infrastructure and facilities like mobile toilets, safe drinking water, medical health care etc. were provided.



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr.		Compliance Status as on		
No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020		
13	The GAPL shall prepare and regularly update their local Oil Spill Contingency and Disaster Management Plan in for their all activities in Mundra Port consonance with the National Oil Spill and Disaster Contingency Plan and shall submit the same to this department after having it vetted through Indian Coast Guard.	Oil spill contingency response plan updated on 01.10.2019 is in place and implemented. The updated copy of OSCRP is attached as Annexure – 8 . Regional Level Pollution Response exercise "SWACHCHH SAMUDRA-NW 2019" was carried out by Indian Coast Guard on 18 th Dec, 2019. All participants from various Oil Handling Agencies and Stakeholders (ICG, GMB Port, DPT Vadinar, IOCL, RIL, NAYARA Energy, BORL, ESBTL Salaya, APSEZL, HMEL, GSFC, PCB, Forest Dept., Customs, Fisheries & DPT Kandla) were participated in this exercise. Report on the same is attached as Annexure – 9 .		
		Disaster Management Plan is updated regularly and the updated DMP was submitted to the MoEF & CC along with half yearly compliance report Apr - 2016 to Sep - 2016.		
		For responding to oil spill, the Indian Coast Guard has developed the National Oil Spill Disaster Contingency Plan NOSDCP which has the approval of the Committee of Secretaries and has been in operation since 1996. Oil Spill Contingency Response Plan (OSCRP) prepared by APSEZ is in accordance with the NOSDCP.		
14	The Gujarat Maritime Board shall expedite for the Vessel Traffic Management System for the Gulf of Kutch and would work out the modus operandi for cost sharing by the different players in the Gulf indicating the GAPL. The GAPL shall contribute for the same as may be decided by the Gujarat Marine Board or any other competent authority for this purpose.	Point noted. APSEZ is practicing well defined traffic control procedure. A VTS service for Gulf of Kutch is operated by Directorate General of Lighthouses and Lightships (DGLL), Govt. of India. Marine Control of APSEZ provides traffic update to vessels in Mundra Port Limit on VHF Channel-77. Arrival and departure information before arrival and departure respectively in Gulf of Kutch is provided to		
15	The GAPL shall bear the cost	VTS information cell through agent or by directly sending mail to vtsmanagergulfofkutch@yahoo.com and vtsgok@yahoo.com Complied		



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Sr.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on		
No.		31-03-2020		
Cons	of the external agency that may be appointed by this Department for supervision / monitoring of proposed activities and the environmental impacts of the proposed activities.	Please refer to condition no. 10 of the CRZ recommendations above for details upon cost incurred for various proposed studies and activities.		
	eral Condition	0		
16	The ground water shall not be tapped by the GAPL to meet with the water requirement in any case.	APSEZ does not draw any ground water for the water requirement. Present source of water for various project activities is desalination plant of APSEZ and/or Narmada water through Gujarat Water Infrastructure Limited. Average water consumption for entire APSEZ area is 4.1 MLD during this compliance period i.e. Oct'19 to Mar'20.		
17	The GAPL shall take up massive greenbelt development activities in consultation with Forest and Environment Department.	Complied. APSEZ has consulted Gujarat Institute of Desert Ecology (GUIDE) as they are one of the authorized agencies of Dept. of Forest & Env., Govt. of Gujarat for carrying out mangrove afforestation. Please refer condition no. v of specific conditions (EC & CRZ Clearance) for further details.		
19	The GAPL shall have to contribute financially for taking up the socioeconomic upliftment activities in this region in consultation with the Forests and Environment Department and the District Collector / District Development officer. A separate budget shall be earmarked for the purpose of socio-economic upliftment activities and details thereof shall be furnished to this department as well as the MoEF&CC, GOI from time to time. The	APSEZ performs a large scale socio-economic upliftment program and shares with FOKIA (Federation of Kutch Industries Association) chaired by District Collector quarterly. APSEZL have provided necessary facilities including health care, education, sanitation, livelihood, drinking water & other infrastructural support to Local community in the region. For further information related to the CRS activities being carried out by Adani Foundation in mundra region, please refer to specific condition no. 7 of the EC and CRZ clearance above.		



From: Oct'19 To: Mar'20

Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020					
	details with respect to the expenditure from this budget head shall also be furnished on annual basis.						
20	A separate environment management cell with qualified personnel shall be created for environmental monitoring and management during construction and operational phases of the project.	Complied. APSEZL has a well structured Environment Management Cell, staffed with qualified manpower for implementation of the Environment Management Plan at site. Site team report to General Manager (Environment) at Corporate, who heads the Environment Management Cell who directly reports to the top management. Environment Management Cell organogram is enclosed as Annexure – 7.					
21	Environmental Post Project Monitoring report indicating the changes, if any, with respect to the baseline environmental quality in the coastal and marine environment shall be submitted every year by the GAPL to this department as well as to the MoEF&CC, GOI.	Complied. The quality of treated effluent, emission and noise level is being monitored regularly by a MoEF&CC/NABL accredited agency namely M/s. Pollucon Laboratories Pvt. Ltd. Monitoring results are confirming to the applicable norms. Marine monitoring is being carried out once in a month. Summary of the same for duration from Oct'19 to Mar'20 is mentioned below.					
		Total Samplin	g Locat	ions: 09	Nos.		
		Parameter	Unit		face		tom
				Max	Min	Max	Min
		pH		8.34	8.02	8.28	7.88
		TSS BOD (3 Days	mg/L	364	124	381	127
		@27°C)	mg/L	5.3	2.2	3.0	ND*
		DO	mg/L	8.8	5.5	6.2	5.2
		Salinity	ppt	37.5	34.1	38.2	34.2
		TDS	mg/L	38496	35602	38796	35112
		*ND = Not Detectable The results depict that there is no damage to the marine ecology. Please refer Annexure – 4 for detailed analysis reports and accreditation certificate. Approx. INR 21.74 Lakh is spent for all environmental monitoring activities during					



From: Oct'19 To: Mar'20

0		Compliance Statue as an				
Sr. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status as on 31-03-2020				
		the FY 2019-20.				
22	The GAPL shall have to contribute financially to support the National Green Corps Scheme being implemented in Gujarat by the GEER foundation, Gandhinagar in consultation with Forests and Environment Department.	Complied. Necessary support will be provided on hearing from GEER foundation to support NGC scheme.				
23	A six monthly report of compliance of the conditions mentioned in this letter shall have to be furnished by the GAPL on a regular basis to this department without fail.	being submitted regularly to the concerned authorities. Compliance report of EC conditions is uploaded regularly. Last compliance report including results of monitoring data for the period of Apr'19 to Sep'19 was submitted to Regional Office of MoEF&CC @ Bhopal, Zonal Office of CPCB @ Baroda, GPCB @ Gandhinagar & Gandhidham and Dept. of Forests & Env., Gandhinagar vide our letter dated 26.11.2019. Copy of the same is also available on our web site https://www.adaniports.com/ports-downloads . A soft copy of the same was also submitted through e-mail on 26.11.2019 to all the concern authorities. Please refer below for the details regarding past six compliance submissions. Sr. no. Compliance period Date of submission				
		1 Oct'16 to Mar'17 30.05.2017 2 Apr'17 to Sep'17 01.12.2017 3 Oct'17 to Mar'18 29.05.2018				
		4 Apr'18 to Sep'18 30.11.2018 5 Oct'18 to Mar'19 31.05.2019 6 Apr'19 to Sep'19 28.11.2019				
24	Any other condition that may be stipulated by this department from time to time for environment protection / management purpose shall also have to be complied with by the GAPL.	Complied. Any other condition stipulated for environment protection / management purpose will be complied by APSEZ.				



From : Oct'19 To : Mar'20

Annexure – 1

GUJARAT POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

PARYAVARAN BHAVAN

Sector-10-A, Gandhinagar 382 010

Phone: (079) 23222425

(079) 23232152

Fax: (079) 23232156

Website: wwwgggchggv.in

CCA-Amendment (#): 1057.081)

#PCB/CCA-KUTCH-39(6) /GPCB ID 17739/_...'-

To

Adami Porte & Special Economic Zone Ltd.

At-Navinal Island, Mundre, Kutch, Mundre - 370421, Dist.: Kutch

Subject

Amendment to Consolidated Consent and Authorisation (CC&A).

Reference

1) CCA order No AWH-83561, vide letter no. PC/ CCA- KUTCH-39(4)/ ID 17739, date 09/01/2017.

2) Your GCA Amendment Application imward ID No. 183528, dated

26/08/2019.

Sir.

In exercise of the power conferred under section-25 of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act-1974, under section-21 of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution)-1981 and Authorization under Rule 6(2) of the Hazardows and Other Waste (Management and Transboundary) Rules, 2018 & framed under Environment (Protection) Act-1988, The Board has granted CCA vide order No. AWH-83561issued vide this office latter no. CCA-Kutch-39(4)/ ID-17739on 09/01/2017, which is validupto to 20/11/2021.

The Board has right to review and amend the conditions of the said CCA order. The said CCA order. The said CCA order is further amended as below:

- 1. This order shall be read as CCA-Amendment Order No. H-105708, Date of Issue: valid up to 20/11/2021
- Condition No. 2 of the said CCA order is amended as below.
 - 2. The Consent shall be valid up to 20/11/2021 for the use of outlet for the dischargeoffreated effluent and emission due to operation of industrial plant for storage of following items/products.

Sr. No	Product name	Capacity as per CCA dated 09/01/2017	Proposed capacity	Total Capacity after CCA (Amendment)
1	General Cargo	4.0 Lac MT/Month	NIL	
. 2.	Dry Cargo Handling	9 MMT/Month	NIL NIL	112 <u>.8 MMTPA</u>
3.	Liquid Carge ((Chemical/POC Products)	2.65 Lac M17Month (3.16 MMTPA)	1.82 MMTPA	5.00 MMTPA
4.	Import, Storage Arxi Distribution of Edible Oil	1 25 tac MT/Month (2.2 MMTPA)	N⊩	2.20 MMTTPA
A E	Storage And Distribution of Bitumen	6.400 MT/Month (0.3 MMTPA)	NIL T	0,30 MMTPA

ISO-9001-2008 & ISO-14001 - 2004 Certified Organisation

Page 1 of 3

Ģ	Container Terminal Handling operation	5.7 Million TEUs/Annum	NIL	5.7 Million TEUs/Annum
	Waste destruction system, for decomposition/destruction of municipal solid waste	3.5 Gubic Met er (MSW Destruction มียวลอ(พ. இ. 500 Kg/day)	NIL	3.5 Cubic Meter (MSW Destruction Capacity @ 500 Kg/day)
8	Oil water separate (Flame Teroof) to remove Oil portion from slope oil received from Vessels/Ships	25 M [°] VHr ;	N IL	25 M³/Hr

SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:

- 1. There shall be no change in existing infrastructure facility due to CCA Amendment.
- 2. Industry shall not carry out any activities which attracts provision of EIA Notification & CRZ notification.
- 3. There shall be no further construction/developmentdue to CCA Amendment.
- There shall be no change in water consumption, wastewater generation, fuel consumption and flue gas emission due to the proposed amendment.
- 5. Industry shall comply with all wies and regulations of Hazardous chemicals.

5. Condition No- 5.2of the said CCA order is amended as below.

5.2 Adami Ports & Special Economic Zone Ltdis hereby granted an authorization to operate facility for following hazardous wastes after expansion on the premises.

Sr. No	Waste	Quantity as per CCA dated 09/01/201	Total Quantity after CCA Amendme	Schedule I/Categor Y	Facility
1	Used/Spent Oil	: 300 MT	300 MT	1-5.1	Gollection. Storage, Transportation & disposal by rause within premises and/or selling out to registered recycler/re-processors
2.	ETP Sludge	1.095 MT	1.095 MT	1-35.3	Collection, Storage, Transportation & disposal by co-processing at cement industries and/or CHVVIF site.
3.	Sludge & filters contaminated with oil	5 M .T	5 MT .	1/9.3	Collection, Storage, Transportation & disposal by co-processing at cement industries and/or CHWIF site.
4 .9	Waste residue containing oll/ Oily rage	131 MT	150 MT	1 - 33.2	Collection, Storage at designated place, Transportation, Disposal at TSDF
5 j	Pig waste	24 MT	24 MTT	I-3 <u>.</u> 1	Collection, Storage,

DI

GUJARAT POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

PARYAVARAN BHAVAN

Sector-10-A, Gandhinagar 382 010

Phone: (079) 23222425

(079) 23232152

Fax: (079) 232**3215**6

Website www.cocka.gov.in at cement co-processing industries and/or CHWIF site. Collection, Storage. Whatever **Vilhatever** Tenk bottom Transportation & disposal by quantity quantity sludge co-processing at cement generalad generated 1-3.2 industries and/or CHVVIF site/ to register or recycling recycler Collection, Storage, 25 MT 16 MT 7. Discarded Transportation & disposal by containers/ba reuse within premises and/or 1-33-3 rreis. register sellino out recycler/reprocessor Storage. Collection, Asbestcees Whatever Whatever Transportation & disposal at 1-15.1quantity. **Weste** quantity ÇHWIF site. generated generated Storage, II -9 Collection. Wool **Whatever** Whatever 9. Glass Transportation & disposal by **guantity** quantity Waste et cement co-processing generated (Thermal generated industries and/or Indineration Insulation at CHWIF site and/ or Material) recycling through registered recycler Storage. 1-20.2Collection, Whelever 10. Downgrede Whatever Transportation & disposal by Chemicals quantity quantity selling to authorized Solvent generated generated Recover Storage, Collection, 0.18 MT 1-5.2 0.18 MT 11. · Waste Oil Transportation & disposal by registered şelling out to recycler/reprocessor 1-21.1 Collection. Storage, Expired Paint 10 MT <u> 12.</u> Transportation & disposal by **Material** cemant co-processing art industries and/ or incineration

8. Rest of conditions of all the CCA order no. CCA order No AWH- 83561, vide letter no. PC/-CGA- KUTCH-39(4)/ ID 17739, date 09/01/2017 shall remain unchanged & industry shall comply with the same judiciously.

For and on behalf of **Gujerat Pollution Control Board**

at CHWIF site.

(Smt U.K. Upedhyay) Environment Engineer

Clean Gujarat Green Gujarat

ISO-9001-2008 & ISO-14001 - 2004 Certified Organisation

Page 3 of 3

Annexure – 2

Details of Greenbelt Development at APSEZ, Mundra

	Total Green Zone Detail Till Up to March - 20 20									
LOCATION	Area (In Ha.)	Trees (Nos.)	Palm (Nos.)	Shrubs (SQM)	Lawn (SQM)					
SV COLONY	66.40	29592	7072	67187.00	92019.00					
PORT & NON SEZ	81.38	146692	19220	75061.78	61982.38					
SEZ	116.60	227120	20489	220583.60	28 16 2.0 3					
MITAP	2.48	8 168	33	3340.00	4036.00					
WEST PORT	94.35	206772	63331	24112.00	22854.15					
AGRI PARK	8.94	17244	1332	5400.00	2121.44					
SOUTH PORT	14.45	27530	3470	3882.00	3327.26					
Samudra Township	56.03	53922	11834	20908.89	47520.07					
Productive Farming (Vadala Farm)	23.79	27976								
TOTAL (APSEZL)	464.40	745016 126781.00		420475.27	262022.33					
	Total Saplings	871797								

Details of Mangrove Afforstation done by APSEZ

SI. no.	Location	Area (ha)	Duration	Species	Implementation agency		
1	Mundra Port	24.0	-	Avicennia marina	Dr. Maity, Mangrove consultant of India		
2	Mundra Port	25.0	-	Avicennia marina	Dr. Maity, Mangrove consultant of India		
3	Luni/Hamirmora (Mundra, Kutch)	160.8	2007 - 2015	Avicennia marina, Rhizophora mucronata, Ceriops tagal	GUIDE, Bhuj		
4	Kukadsar (Mundra, Kutch)	66.5	20 12 - 20 14	Avicennia marina	GUIDE, Bhuj		
5	Forest Area (Mundra)	298.0	2011 - 2013	Avicennia marina	-		
6	Jangi Village (Bhachau, Kutch)	50.0	20 12 - 20 14	Avicennia marina	GUIDE, Bhuj		
7	Jakhau Village (Abdasa, Kutch)	310.6	2007-08 & 2011-13	Avicennia marina, Rhizophora mucronata, Ceriops tagal	GUIDE, Bhuj		
8	Sat Saida Bet (Kutch)	255.0	20 14 - 15 & 20 16 - 17	Avicennia marina & Bio diversity	GUIDE, Bhuj		
9	Dandi Village (Navsari)	0.008	2006 - 2011	Avicennia marina, Rhizophora mucronata, Ceriops tagal	SAVE, Ahmedabad		
10	Talaza Village (Bhavnagar)	50.0	20 11-12	Avicennia marina	SAVE, Ahmedabad		
11	Narmada Village (Bhavnagar)	250.0	20 14 - 20 15	Avicennia marina	SAVE, Ahmedabad		
12	Malpur Village (Bharuch)	200.0	20 12-14	Avicennia marina	SAVE, Ahmedabad		
13	Kantiyajal Village (Bharuch)	50.0	20 14 - 15	Avicennia marina	SAVE, Ahmedabad		
14	Devla Village (Bharuch)	150.0	210-16	Avicennia marina	SAVE, Ahmedabad		
15	Village Tala Talav (Khambhat, Anand)	10 0 .0	20 15 - 20 16	Avicennia marina	SAVE, Ahmedabad		
16	Village Tala Talav (Khambhat, Anand)	38.0	20 15 - 20 16	Avicennia marina	GEC, Gandhinagar		
17	Aliya Bet, Village Katpor (Hansot, Bharuch)	llage 62.0 2017-18 Avicennia marina &			GEC, Gandhinagar		
Total	Mangrove Plantation:	2889.90 Ha					

Annexure – 3



Sustainable Growth

With Goodness

Adani Foundation

Adani House, Port Road, Mundra – Kutch 370 421 [info@adanifoundation.com] [www.adanifoundation.com]



Our Journey

The year 2019-20 has passed off with <u>motivation</u> through recognition by Ministry of Corporate Affairs and <u>courage</u> to work for the commitment given to the community. It is necessary that sustained growth is achieved at rural level along with the industrial development. This can be made possible by involving more and more people in the rural development programme. Since beginning, The Adani Foundation Mundra is committed to the cause of the deprived and underprivileged. It has been working relentlessly across 6 Talukas, covering 92 villages, to uplift the lives of more than 60,000 families with a multi-faceted approach.

This year conceded with more streamline projects of Education i.e. Utthan – to enhance primary education of 17 schools of Mundra and 8 Schools of Nakhatrana, milestone achievement in Fisherman Livelihood project, Launched Gram Utthan in seven villages of Mundra, considerable impact created by Mangroves Biodiversity projects and new era defined in agriculture projects i.e. Home biogas and Dragon Fruit Cultivation

Adani Hospital Mundra is come out as a true blessings for the community due to reframed rate structure with more than 90% discount. Current year G K General Hospital recognized by Government for best implementation of Ayushman Yojana and for the best health service provider as well. Two Health Weeks were Celebrated to increase outreach of GKGH.

Namda Artisan Karim mansoori was awarded with "Best State Artisan Award" by CM, Gujrat. Live exhibition of different mangroves spices in District Level Krishi Mela by Adani Foundation. "Speaker of Kutchh" organized to motivate and identify youth speaker at District Level.

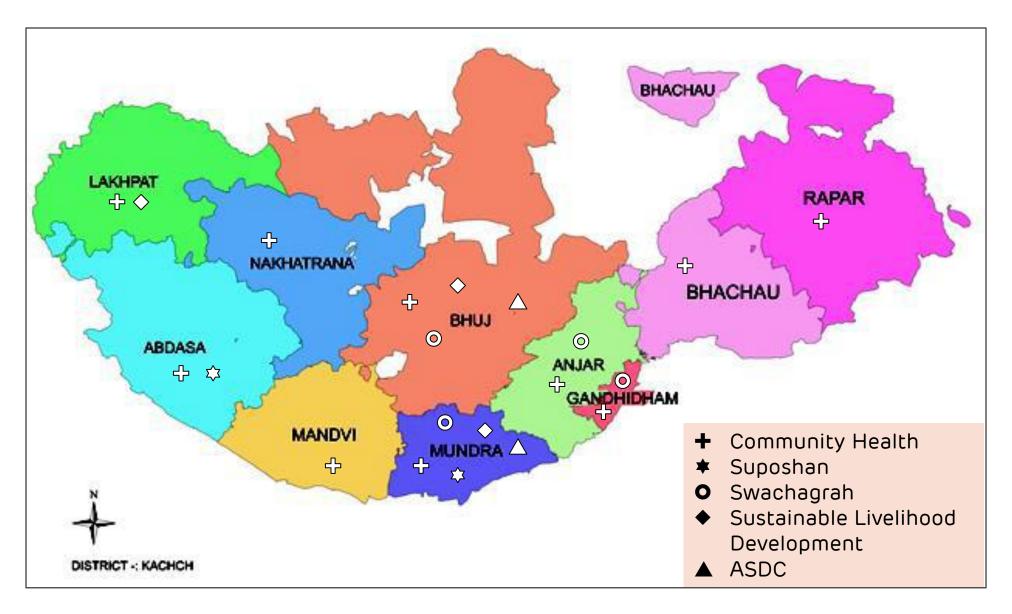
The people of Kutch have generously supported the activities carried out by the Adani Group or else this wouldn't have been possible. Their determination, understanding and commitment have strengthened the development even more.

Thanks to Mr. Rakshit Shah – Executive Director APSEZ and Mr. Avinash Rai – CEO APSEZ for being mentor of the team Always!

Our Achievement would not be possible without the ultimate support by Mr. P N Roy Chaudhry, Executive Director - AF and generous faith and passionate support by Dr. (Mrs.) Priti G Adani, Chairperson – Adani Foundation

Page 35 of 368

Our Presence in Kutch



INDEX

- 5 Education
- 14 Adani Vidya Mandir Bhadreshwar
- 17 Udaan
- 19 Community Health Mundra
- 26 Community Health Bhuj
- 33 SLD Fisherman Amenities work
- 40 Environment Sustainability
- 50 SLD Agriculture Initiatives
- 54 Women Empowerment Projects
- 60 Community Infrastructure Development
- 63 Adani Skill Development Centre Bhuj
- 70 Adani Skill Development Centre Mundra
- 73 Swachhagraha

- 75 Suposhan
- 80 Project Swavlamban
- 83 Adani Kandla Bulk Terminal Pvt. Ltd. Tuna
- 85 Adani Green Energy Limited Nakhtrana
- 89 Adani Cementation Private Limited Lakhpat
- 93 Adani Solar Energy Private Limited Bitta
- 95 Employee Volunteering Program
- 98 Our Change Makers
- 113 Events
- 122 Awards and Accolades
- 131 Beneficiary Count
- 132 Financial Overview



Education



3417 Students

: 25 Schools Utthan

502 Students

: Khel Mahakumbh

4 3100 Enrollment Kit

: 118 Schools

997 Students

: Dignity of Workforce

4 3110 Mothers

: Mother's meet touch

33030 Students

: Udaan Project

443 Students

: Adani Vidya Mandir

552 Teachers

: Guruvandana- I,II





The future of India depends upon the quality of education imparted to our children in primary schools. Primary education is the basic foundation on which a nation builds its future.

In this context with an aim to enhance the quality of primary education in Kutch district, Adani foundation adopted 25 government school located at Mundra and Nakhtrana Taluka under the project 'UTTHAN' a drive of quality education.



Academic — — — — — Co -curricular — — — — - Extra curricular



Academic

- One teacher One school + Sports teacher + IT teacher
- 'IT on Wheel' Van with 35 laptops and computer instructor make students more tech savvy and spreading the digital and technology knowledge amongst the younger generation
- To achieve academic excellence of Priya Vidyarthi, Utthan Shikshak implies various alternative method to make their classroom more friendly and interesting.
- English is to be taught to the students from the early classes so that they will be equipped with ample resources during their further studies.
- Training cum Induction Program on various topic like teaching methodology of progressive learner, assessment pattern of slow learnr, multiple intelligence etc.





Library activities

Use of Reading Corner by students of Std. 3 to 8 of Utthan School Every Saturday Library activity with the Book issue were planned and executed in a meaningful manner

7113 Book issued in academic year 2019-20



Book mark exchange program

Through book mark exchange program Received

32 Partner schools from

11 different countries



Other Activities





Sports

Sports are a crucial part of a student's growth and development. Through participation in sports and games, a student gains various skills, experience and confidence. With the intervene of our Sports teacher in all Utthan Schools successfully enrolled 500+ students in Khel Mahakumbh

All 17 Utthan school has received FIT INDIA certificate from Government of Gujrat.

36 Students (24 girls, 12 boys) reached on District level in Khelmakakumbh 500+ students enrolled in Khel Mahakumbh



Achievements

Utthan Sahayaks with the help of customize

table meet huge success to achieve the main objective of the program

The No's of priya vidhyarthi in 2019 was 271 which is reduced to 148 in 2020

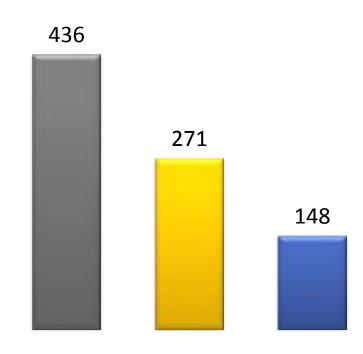
Third party assessment by KSKV University Department of Master of Social Work

Smart Classroom:



One of the major element of project Utthan is to convert traditional teaching method into technological based learning After the installation of Software classroom become more Interactive and Interesting – Stated in the Impact Assessment report done by KSKV University

Gradually Reduction in no's of Priya Vidhyarthi



- No. of Priya Vidyarthi as per the result of Gunotsav 2017
- No. of Priya Vidyarthi as per the report of Impact Assessment 2019
- No.of Priya Vidyarthi as per the Internal assessment 2020

Page 44 of 368



Extra - Curricular

- Utthan Sahayak + 1222 students from High school & Higher secondary of 6 villages celebrate
 Fifth International Yoga Day
- On International Plastic Bag Free
 Day, Awareness were spread
 through Effective speech, Soft
 board decoration, Video and
 Newspaper clipping in all Utthan
 school.
- Celebration of Gurupurnima in all
 Utthan Schools during morning special.
- 363 students from 17 schools got an opportunity to visit Adani West port. Main port, Willmar, power & power through project Udaan.
- Tree plantation in all the Utthan School. Adani Foundation align with the circular passed by the Government of Gujarat "Ek baal Ek Jhhad" distributed 100 trees in each school. Students not only planted the trees in fact they adopt each tree with giving their own names.

Adani foundation has make out four major criteria for peripheral Development work amongst them "EDUCATION PROGRAMME" is the one of the major area where we work on following objectives.



To fill the gap- understanding the importance and urgency of

requirement though material or infrastructure support.

Sr. No.	Activities	Benefici aries
1	Mothers Meeting	3110
2	Chintan Shibir	1155
3	Praveshotsav	3100
4	Celebrations	3295
5	Other Activities	734
	Total	11394

Adani foundation is supporting for improving quality of education To motivate children for schooling as well as inspire peers with create conducive Environment by various activities like Mothers Meeting, Chintan Shibir etc.



Adani Vidya Mandir Bhadreshwar

In Bhadreshwar, Mundra, the Adani Vidyamandir has completely revolutionized the education scenario. Only the children of families with an income of less than 1.5 lakh are admitted to this school. Along with quality education, the school also focuses on providing nutritious food, uniforms and other services to the children for free.

In year 2019-20 Total strength of students are <u>443 in Adani</u> Vidya Mandir



Adani Vidya Mandir Bhadreshwar



Annual Day Celebration









Annual Day was celebrated in Adani Vidya Mandir on 13th December 2019 on theme "Mera Bharat Mahan". Chief Guest of the Event was Wing Commander BSF and Mr. Rakshit Shah Executive Director, APSEZ was the chief guest of the Event.

All the students participated with great Enthusiasm and Zeal.





AVMB STD - 10 SECOND BATCH RESULT

Year 2019-2020

	. 33. 23.7 232	
SR NO	GRADE	STUDENTS
1	Above 80 %	1
2	Above 70 %	3
3	Above 60 %	5
4	Above 50 %	9
5	Above 40 %	7
6	Fail	2
	TOTAL	27

AVMB Std.-10 Second Batch Result 2018-19

Adani Vidya Mandir Bhadreshwar achievement in Gujrat Board Standard 10th Examination Result 92% (25 students have passed the examination out of 27). Adani Foundation will take all responsibility of further study of students with respect to their interest.





With a vision to familiarize, educate and inspire the future generations, Adani Foundation organizes Education Exposure visits to Mundra for High schools and educational institutes in Various parts of Gujrat.

568 institutes and 33,030 beneficiaries have made inspirational visit up to March 2020

Objective of the program:

The main objective of the project is to encourage and motivate young school students to develop their entrepreneurial skills. The main idea behind this project goes back a long way when Mr. Gautam Adani himself had a life changing experience. Young Mr. Adani had the chance to go and visit Kandla port, Gujarat. Looking at the expanse, the large scale activities being carried out at the port he got extremely inspired and encouraged. From that day onwards he nurtured his entrepreneurial skills only to later become the proud owner of one of the most successful ports in the world. Mr. Adani

believes that if that one visit could have such an impact on his life, it could similarly do wonders for hundreds of other young minds if given a chance

to dream big.





There is a structured feedback mechanism for the project where the visiting students along with their teachers send back a feedback form to the organization sharing their experience and inputs to

better the overall program. Entering in its 10th year, there are

concentrated efforts in the organization to conduct a full-fledged impact study of the program to measure its short term and long terms effects.

Page 51 of 368

Community Health Mundra



Project	Total OPD & IPD
Senior citizen	9860
Medical Supports	2129
Dialysis Supports	6
Medical Mobile van	20399
Rural Clinic	25142
Ayushman Bharat yojna	364
General Health camp	3137
Utthan Health camp	837
Brest & Cervical Cancer Camp	370
Forthnight health celebration	712

Total

62956

"ॐ सर्वे भवन्तु सुखिनः सर्वे पन्तु निरामयाः" is the Arogya Mantra of India – Adani Foundation Mundra is always following this mantra in case of health and well being of the community. Health is the basic need for development of community. Adani Foundation understands this fact and its committed to improve health care facilities in every corner of region.



Rural Clinic & Mobile healthcare unit

To solve the health issue in interior villages and to cover the marginalized as well as poor people Mobile Van and rural clinic service is being executed by adani foundation is to reduce travel time, hardships and expenses. The mobile health care unit cover 25 villages and 07 fishermen settlements. Around 90 types of general life saving medicines are available in these units. It has turned out to be a boon for women and children as the service is availed at their door - step. The Adani Foundation operates Rural Dispensaries in 7 villages of Mundra block, 03 villages of Anjar block and 1 clinics in Mandvi Block. Mobile dispensary and rural clinics provide health services with token charge of 10/- rupees per patient daily by a doctor and a volunteer.



11 Rural Clinic

8 from mundra 3 from Anjar block treated; **25142** patients.

31 villages covered through Mobile healthcare unit 20399 patients benefited during the year



Health Cards to Senior Citizens

In the Fourth part of life is there is need special care for health and warmth hence Adani foundation has started senior citizen project in Mundra Block since 9 years.

The project is being implemented in three phase vise with key point of Blue and green card according to beneficiaries criteria.

The amount strategy per phase vise – Three year is as below

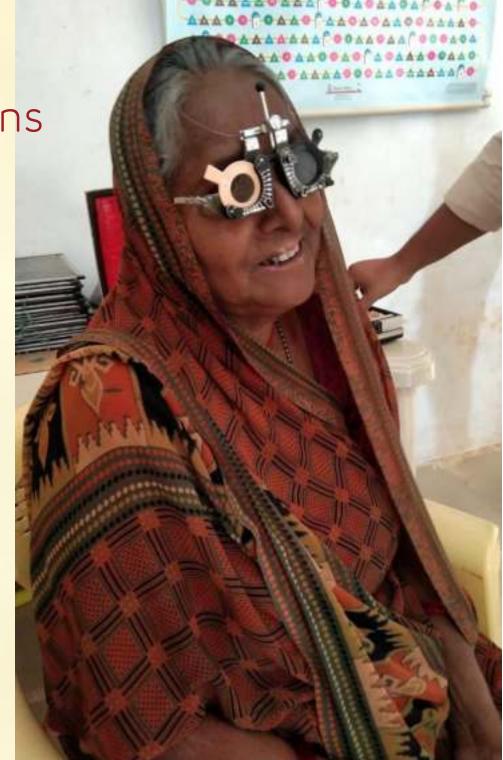
☐ First phase 75000 INR

☐ Second phase 50000 INR

☐ Third Phase 30000 INR

During the year 2019-20, total 9860 transactions were done by 8672 card holders of 68 villages of Mundra Taluka. They received cash less medical services under this project.

The third phase of this scheme was started in last year. The limit for the beneficiary was set to 30000/- within a period of 3 years. the senior citizens get emergency medical care at Adani Hospital, Mundra and refer to GKGH, Hospital, Bhuj in Emergency.



Sr.Citizen Project - Total village wise Card transection for April-19 to March-20

	Sr.Citizen status Year-2011 to 2020										
Number of Villages	Total Cards	Total Survey	Pending Renew Cards	EXP	Green cards	Blue Cards	BPL Cards	APL Cards	No Resnig Cards	RSBY Cards	MA Cards
68	8672	7056	901	715	6289	767	2493	4516	47	77	222

Month	OPD	1200												
19-Apr	827													
19-May	771	1000							919	953	926			
19-Jun	739	000	827		771	77.0	806	787				828	824	820
19-Jul	806	800				739								
19-Aug	787	600						_						
19-Sep	919													
19-Oct	953	400												
19-Nov	926							_						
19-Dec	828	200												
Jan.20	824													
Feb.20	820	0												
Mar 20	660		19-Ap	r 19	-May	19-Jur	19-Jul	19-Aug	19-Sep	19-Oct	19-Nov	19-Dec	Jan.20	Feb.20
Total	9860													



General health camps, Pediatric Camp, breast and cervical cancer screening camp and surgical health camps was organized at frequently to meet the specific requirements of the community and in disease outbreak season.

In the year of 2020-2021 Total 3137 people had been benefitted by various kind of camp and needy and screened patients are treated in **Adani Hospital**.

As well as linkages and facilitated them with government health Yojna like Ayushman Bharat, RSBY, Maa Amrutam and Maa Vatsalya yojna ,Bal sakha yojna.

Health camp								
Sr. no.	Place	Villages Name	Total Patients					
1	Ganesh Mandir Mela_ Health Camp	Luni	40					
2	Hajipir Mela provide Medicine	Hajipir mela	100					
3	Salimbhai Labour colony Health camp	Dhrub	71					
4	Shri Ram Katha Nandi Sarovar Ahinsadham	Pragpar	491					
5	Aslambhai Labour colony health camp	Dhrub	175					
6	Tatwamsi Keraliyan Samaj	Mundra	64					
7	Labour Colony Health camp - AWL	Dhrub	154					
8	Labour Colony Health camp - AWL	Dhrub	117					
9	Khoja Jamat khana Mundra	Mundra	125					
10	Multi Speciality Camp Ramvadi Gundala	Gundala	105					
11	Health camp at Uras Darga Sarif Luni	Luni	824					
12	Labour Colony Health camp - AWL	Dhrub	161					
13	Pra.School Sukhpar Vaas _mundra	Mundra	108					
14	Samaj vadi Sukhpar vaas - Mundra	Mundra	160					
15	Luni Samuha Sadi	Luni	290					
16	Labour Colony Health camp - AWL	Dhrub	152					
	3137							

Medical support



While Health emergency create its takes limitless rupees to recover it and it is not possible to economically poor though Adani Foundation provides primary health care and financial assistance for ailments such as kidney related problems, paralysis, cancerous and tumor surgeries, neurological and heart problems, blood pressure, diabetes etc.

Medical Support had been given to 2129 benefitted from Mundra, Mandavi and Anjar Block at adani hospital, Mundra where as In the Critical cases after stable them we refer them to GKGH, BHUJ for further treatment.

Dialysis support



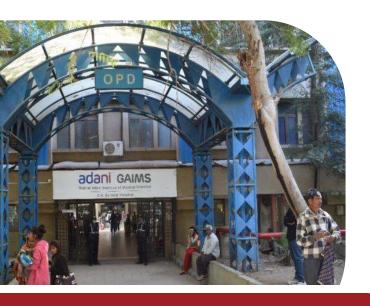
As the kutchh is arid region and higher saline Drinking water in Mundra, there is urinary stone and kidney failure case is more prominent in Block. A dialysis support project to providing dialysis treatment to help the extremely needy patients to live a healthy life.

Total 6 Patients are being supported for regular dialysis (twice in a week) during this year.

Community Health Bhuj



- 5398 Patients taken Care and Coordination
- 52 Health Camps 4779 beneficiaries
- 609 Dead body referred by carry van
- 3557 Ayushman Gold Card facilitation through Enrollment camp and Mahiti Setu
- 549 support for Implants and Needy Patients
- 9896 People helped through Mahiti Setu for various government schemes
- 816 people benefitted in 6 health awareness camps



Gujarat Adani Institute of Medical Science (GAIMS) - Bhuj

Gujarat Adani Institute of Medical Science is the first Medical College of Kutch region. It started in partnership with Adani Group and Government of Gujrat in the year 2009. This college was affiliated by the Medical council of India in the year 2014 for the MBBS with 150 seats per year. Gujarat Adani Institute of Medical Science is affiliate with the first digital university "Krantiguru Shyamji Krishna Verma Kutch University". In GAIMS, currently 750 students are studying, The GAIMS Medical College is situated in heart of Bhuj city on a large plot of 27 acres.

A teaching hospital (G K General Hospital) with 750 beds is established with GAIMS in which patients of Kutch are getting subsidized medical facilities. The Hostel facility is also available for the students in the campus only. The accommodation facility is given to the staff of GAIMS.



Adani Foundation - Bhuj

- Adani Foundation Team has initiated coordination with GKGH hospital since 2014 and established a reception area for the smooth patient coordination and preparation for the social networking program.
- Adani Foundation organized 52 General Health Camps and Speciality Camps in various interior villages of Kutch in coordination with GKGH which created magical impact and benefitted 4779 patients. Adani Foundation Bhuj Health team has also organized more than six awareness camps.
- Dead body medical van Dignity to death is one of the noble initiatives taken up by the Adani Foundation. If any death occurs in GKGH, dead bodies are shifted to the native village of the concerned in the Kutch District free of cost. Total 609 dead bodies privileged till now to different locations in Kutch.



Patent Care and coordination



Sr. No.	Month	Total Patient Special Care in OPD and IPD level
1	April to June	1350
2	July to September	1474
3	October to December	1419
4	January to March	1155

In the financial year 2019-20 G K General Hospital Adani Foundation team has coordinated with 5398 patients for proper IPD care from admission stage to up to discharge level.

Mahiti Setu

Mahiti Setu has created trust and easy access to various government schemes – outreach will increase with time and awareness.

9686 people helped through Mahiti setu for various govt scheme

Sr. No.	Month	Total Beneficiaries
1	April to June	2249
2	July to September	1993
3	October to December	1951
4	January to March	3493



Page 62 of 368



Arogya Saptah

Adani foundation, Adani Hospital and GAIMS have Jointly Celebrated "Arogya Saptah" 8th to 14th August & 20th to 26th January in Respect of Independence and Republic of our country. Celebration included multi specialty camps, Workshops, truckers health check up, surgical camp on foundation day and adolescent fair at different part of district. Collector,

7th to 14th August 2019

Day	Date	Event Name	Details about the event	Beneficiaries
1	07/08/2019	Health check up at Orphan age, Bhuj	Orphan children's of Yatimkhana ahlesunat primary schools 101 students health checked and referred 24 students for further treatment	101
2	08/08/2019	Blood Donation Camp, Nakhatrana	Blood donation of 16,500 Ml was taken from blood donation camp at Nakhtrana.	55
3	09/08/2019	Pregnant Women health check up, Madhapar	ANC mothers HB and health checked by gynaecologist and advised for care and diet during the pregnancy	50
4	10/08/2019	Surgical Mega Camp, Khavda	Mega Surgical Health camp held in Khavda region 223 patient had been treated and more than 35 patients referred for further treatment	223
5	11/08/2019	General Health Camp, Palara Jail	Due to constant complaints about the health of the examiners of the Palara Jail, the camp was organized in the Palara jail and there were an 35 patients referred to gkgh of skin patient.	139
6	12/08/2019	Ayushman Health Card Enrolment, Gorevali	Aushyman bharat golden card enrolment camp was held at Gorevali PHC there was 39 family covered under the the skim and 52 card was given to beneficiary.	52
7	13/08/2019	Awareness on women health, mukt jivan college, Bhuj	Woman awareness for hostel girl of Muktjivan Swamibapa mahila collage was held 250 Student got aware about Menstrual, HIV, Breast and cervical cancer.	250
8	14/08/2019	Blood Donor Appreciation	More than 50 and 100 times blood donor was appreciated with certificate by Adani foundation and GAIMS.	36

Arogya Saptah

Objective of the program was to avail health benefits at GKGH and also at Adani Hospital Mundra and Approximately 1539 people were direct beneficiaries of the program.

20th - 26th January 2020

Day	Date	Event Name		Beneficiaries
1	20/01/2020	Eye diagnosis camp- Khavda	Due to the dry climate eye diseases such as Cataract etc. are more prevalent in Kachchh area. Thus we held speciality camp of eye and 9 operative patient referred to GKGH	42
2	21/01/2020	Woman Health and awareness and HB camp	Adolescent girl, woman HB awareness and check up camp was held at Mota reha village, 3 girls of higher haemoglobin was awarded as Miss Haemoglobin	86
3	22/01/2020	Health check-up camp ugedi	3 rd event of Health week 4 was held as Health check-up at Ugedi village of Nakhtrana Taluka. 115 Patient was taken benefits of the camp.	115
4	23/01/2020	Subhaschandra boss Jaynti celebration	Speech and Drawing Competition Held at 'PATVADI NAKA' Primary School on the occasion of the birth anniversary of Freedom Fighter Subhash Chandra Bose	150
5	24/01/2020	Ayushyman Bharat camp-Bhadreshwar	Golden card of central Government's PM-JAY scheme enrolled at Bhadreshvar PHC 32 family and 45 beneficiary taken benefits of this camp.	45
6	25/01/2020	World leprosy day celebration	Organized an awareness program to celebrate World Leprosy Day 160 PCA and Nursing staff got advice about leprosy	160
7	26/01/2020	Appreciation to housekeeping staff	PCA and Security staff who has done excellent work for Public Health was appreciated by adani foundation as part of $4^{\rm th}$ Health week on the occasion of Republic Day celebrations	35





Fisherman Amenities work

939 Students : Education Support

137 Students : Adani Vidya Mandir *

28 Fisherman : Alternate livelihood

11 Fisherwomen : Linkages for schemes

1295 Fisherman : Community Engagement

4340 Members : Potable water provision

4 6261 Mandays : Mangroves Plantation *

12 Members : Sea Weed Culture

4 6970 Direct Beneficiaries

28 Fisherman are engaged in various contract related jobs and 37 Fisherman are doing job after taken training from Adani Skill Development Center.

Vidya Deep Yojana



To strengthen the standard of pri-primary education, Adani Foundation has constructed 4 BALWADI at different fishermen helmet

Which focuses on the development of basic age-appropriate learning concepts, discipline, regularity, awareness of health & hygiene, cleanliness and also provides nutritious food. 140 children are benefiting from this scheme

Balwadi				
Sr.	Village & Bandar	children		
1	Juna Bandar	45		
2	Luni Bandar	25		
3	Bavdi Bandar	40		
4	Zarapra	30		
	Total	140		

Learning with Joy

Adani foundation came to know that fishermen children are being suffered to continue their study due to migration of their family at different Vasahat so foundation has started vehicle support for transportation from different Bandar to village total 120 students were benefitted.





Scholarship Support

The Adani Foundation provided scholarship support to motivation and encouragement of fishermen boys and girls for higher education under this program we provide 100% fees support to girls and 80% fees support to boys as a scholarship, this year total 78 students are being facilitated by Adani foundation.



Book support:

49 Fisherman Students from Higher Secondary Standard (9 to 12) has been benefitted from various of Juna Bandar, Zarpara, Navinal, Bhadreshwar.



Cycle support:

Fishermen who are at fishermen hamlets are migrated with whole family for 8 month fishing season. During that time to continue higher education of their children at Mundra, Adani foundation provide cycle support every year to 9th standard students

This year cycle support has been given to 7 students

Awareness Program



To create awareness about health, personal hygiene, child education and nutritional diet in fishermen community, various awareness programs have been organized.

Facilitation of Government's fishermen welfare scheme "Sarkar Apane Dwar" program organize. More than 150 Beneficiaries participated in this events.



Machhimar Ajivika Uparjan Yojana

Providing fishing materials support like fishing nets, ropes, buoys, anchor, etc. according to fishermen need.

Before these Fishermen had to buy this borrowed materials from traders which were very expensive for them

28 fishermen has been facilitated by fishing materials

Potable Water to Fisher Folk at vasahat-2019-20

Sr.	Vasahat	family	Requirement Per day	Remarks
1	Luni Bandar	116	15000	9 Month
2	Bavdi Bandar	88	15000	9 Month
3	Kutdi Bandar	140	15000	Provide by Adani Solar
4	Virabandar	58	10000	Provide by Tuna port
5	Randh Bandar	350	25000	9 Month
6	Ghavarvaro Banadar	58	7500	Provide by Tuna port
7	Junabandar	134	30000	Connection with Mundra Gram Panchayat
8	Zarapra Vasahat	72		12 Months
9	Chhachh vadi Zarapra	69		12 Months
	Total	1085	117500	



Machhimar Shudhh Jal Yojana

Pure water play important role for good health hence reduce water scarcity and ultimately reduce load over women, potable water was provided to the fishermen communities at different vasahat through water tanker A total of 1,17,500 litres of water per day was supplied to 1085 households from different settlements on a daily basis..



Adani Foundation, Mundra organized Cricket Tournament, <u>"Adani Premiere League"</u> among fishermen community to promote healthy sportsmanship and harmonically transparent community relationship among fisher folk of Mundra, Anjar and Mandvi Taluka.

Total 65 Teams were participated from 13 villages i.e 750 Fisherman youth from various Villages Zarpara, Navinal, Shekhadia, Modhava, Salaya, Mundra, Tragadi, Luni, Gundiyali, Bhadreshwar ,Vandi (Tuna),layja and kathada with great enthusiasm.

Ramotsav Programme

To Development of physical and mental Development of youth Ramotsav week Program has been organized at various Vasahat. (i.e. Junabandar, Luni, Zarapara, Bavdi Bandar and Navinal & Vira Bandar)

This year Total 545 children of 1st to 10th standerds



Environment Sustainability

The Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification, 2006, issued under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, as amended from time to time, prescribes the process for granting prior environment clearance (EC) in respect of cevoain development projects/activities listed out in the Schedule to the Notification.

Sustainable development has many important facets/components like social, economic, environmental, etc. these components are closely interrelated and mutually reenforcing. Under Corporate Environmental responsibility 10 km radious villages from SEZ Boundaries.

To make connections between human actions and the level of biological diversity found within a habitat and/or ecosystem, this year we launch project "Sanrakshan" in coordination with GUIDE. MOU has been signed with Dr. Thivakaran – GUIDE for conservation of five spices of mangroves.





Bio diversity Project

Bio diversity Project has been Continue with three spices Rhizophora Mucronata ,Ceripos Tagal, Ceriops Decandra with good growth at Luni Bandar.

The mangrove biodiversity enrichment project in and around Adani ports special economic zone limited (APSEZL) aims to introduce select true mangrove species on a pilot scale in suitable coastal belts and assess their survival. Because this project is the first of its kind, the expected survival rate is between 20-30%.



The project is currently in its initial stages of establishing nurseries and sowing seeds of several different species brought in from multiple locations in and outside of Gujarat state. These nurseries have been developed in tidal flats near the village of Luni, Kutchh, Gujarat.

The mangrove seeds/propagules) for the establishment of the nursery were brought in from various locations in India, namely, Machilipatnam (Andhra Pradesh), Pondicherry (Tamil Nadu), Parangipettai (Pichavaram Mangroves, Tamil Nadu), Kandla (Gujarat) and Jamnagar (Gujarat).

In most of these locations, there is adequate fresh water supply available due to high/substantial rainfall and/or presence of major rivers (also important river confluences and deltas that give rise to a thriving estuarine environment). Consequently, the mangrove species that successfully grow in those regions are adapted to a low-salinity environment (where salinity is approximately 20 ppt) against that of 37-44 ppt prevailing in Kutchh coastal waters. Furthermore, the species selected to establish the biodiversity enrichment project also belong to this group of mangrove species. This subsequently creates a challenge for the team heading this project because the Kachchh region does not provide adequate salinity ranges for survival of most of these species. In fact, it provides an extremely harsh saline environment (salinity can range up to as high as 44 ppt during summer).

Considering the above-mentioned scenario, the site selection criteria, need for species of high salinity tolerance and studying their natural occurrence in Kutchh becomes critical in ensuring a substantial survival rate of the mangrove species selected to potentially successfully establish a diverse and resilient mangrove community in the Kutchh region.

Furthermore, a highly diverse set of mangrove species will ensure resilience in the face of changing climate and could probably provide as a thriving gene pool and seed bank in the future for the Kutchh region.

Book Launch : Multi- species Mangroves

Biodiversity Park by Chairperson, Adani Foundation





SUJLAM SUFLAM JAL ABHIYAN



Global Problem-Local Solution

<u>Water Conservation Work</u> At the turn of millennium, the state watched with growing alarm the steady depletion of its ground water and launched massive drive to achieve water security in Mundra region.

- A large number of water harvesting structure (18 Nos. of check dams in coordination with salinity department) and
- Ground recharge activities (pond deepening work for more than 52 ponds) individually and 26 ponds under Sujlam Suflam Jal Abhiyan were built leading to a significant increase in water table and higher returns to the farmers.
- Roof Top Rain Water Harvesting 54 Nos. and Recharge Bore well 75 Nos.
- Drip Irrigation 823 Farmers benefitted in coordination with Gujrat Green Revolution Company
- Participatory Ground Water Management in ten villages with holistic approach for Kankavati Sandstone Aquifer Programme

Water Harvesting Structures





Dhrub- pond deepening work – work completed

For Water conservation drive we are having vision for next five years that

- <u>Drinking Water Sustainable Villages by Roof Top Rain Water Harvesting at least 5 villages</u>
- Agriculture water conservation by 100% Drip, Bore well Recharge
- Farm Bunding and Crop pattern
- Recycling Sewage water from STP
- Awareness for water conservation to community Page 77 of 368

Machhimar Ajivika Uparjan Yojana

The 'Ajivika Uparjan Yojana' was implemented to promote and support alternative livelihoods among the Fisher folk communities during the non-fishing months. The Foundation introduced 'Mangrove Nursery Development and Plantation' in the area as an alternate income generating activity for the people of the region. Both men and women received training on Mangrove plantation, moss cleaning, etc. as per requirements. The Foundation provided them with employment equivalent to 6261 man-days. In addition to this, employment worth of 42048 man-days has been provided till date. The Foundation has also supported Pagadiya fishermen as painting laborers by providing them with employment and job in various field.



Sea Weed Project

The cultivation of seaweed have significant potential for the sequestration of carbon dioxide (CO2) and will very fulfill in mitigating the climate change. Seaweeds are macrophysics algae, a primitive type of plants lacking true roots, stems and leaves. They provides valuable source of raw material for industries like health food, medicines, pharmaceuticals, textiles, fertilizers, animal feed etc.

As per study of government of Gujarat, Seaweed culture can be best developed along the coast lines of Amreli and Kutchh districts in Gujarat. Juna bandar has good potential for seaweed farming as it has Calm and less wind action. We started this project as Pilot base at Junabadar with 50Kg Quantity, though there was good growth but due to cyclone it was damaged at present it 600Kg.









WPROJECT "DRIP IRRIGATION"

· Basis of Requirements of Drip Irrigation

The main source of livelihood being agriculture, the cultivators tend to use more and more underground water for irrigation. Underground waters have gone very highly saline. The use of such water for irrigation has made the soil also saline and the crop yields have dwindled.

Process of Drip Support

Farmer have to applied in the prescribed form of Adani foundation with photograph.

Inspection and verification will be by AF representative.

Ration card, work order of G.G.R.C, 7/12 certificate and all bills must be attached.

Farmer will be informed by telephonic to have form query.

Primary information about farmer land will be received by telephone.

Farm visit within 10 days of after received of application and verified the installation of system as per map and material as per bill will be checked and get farmer feed back. Verification report submitted to account office.

Payment within 20 days if all document is complete through net banking.

Farmer economic study after our support. - Follow up

 We have covered 164 farmers and 755 acre drip irrigation area last year. Curret year We have covered 131 farmers and 667 acre drip irrigation which is remarkable for water conservation.

Home Biogas



Home biogas is the Israel based company was founded in 2012 manufactures dynamic biogas unit not only for farm waste but for kitchen waste too.

Under Gram Utthan Project, Adani Foundation is supporting home biogas to farmers to Uthhan Villages phase wise. Current year supported 95 home biogas in Dhrub, Zarpara and Navinal Villages.

- Reducing organic waste,
- Transitioning to renewable energy
- Motivation for reduction in use for fertilizer

And Improving the health and living conditions for the millions of families that are still cooking on charcoal and wood. Adani Foundation is not only supporting but creating awareness to save environment and health of the community who regularly cooking on Chula. It is proven that one hour cooking on Chula is as dangerous as smoking 40 cigrates.



Objective of the Project:

As a Main Process, Bacteria break down organic waste in a naturally occurring process, and Home Biogas stores and harnesses the energy created so that it can be used for gas.

Earlier we had proceeded for capacity 2 cum but after visit and series of meetings with farmer group – we need to take up plant capacity 6 cum

Participation by Community:

For acceptance of this new biogas - We did awareness programmes, given information about usages of home biogas to farmers. Demonstration and training for smooth operation and also maintenance. Community has given 10 percent participation means 3000 INR per Home biogas.

SLD Agriculture Initiatives

- The organization has carried out remarkable activities in the agricultural and animal husbandry sectors. We have initiated Programme for Awareness of Farmers in collaboration with KVK.
 The outreach is approximate 200 farmers of seven villages under Gram Uthhan.
- The purpose of this project is to initiate village wise integrated agricultural & allied development for sustaining agriculture and socio economic situation of farming community of Mundra block.



Fodder Cultivation

After periodic discussions with Village Development Committee, Gram Panchayat and Gau Seva Samiti of Siracha – Adani Foundation had coordinated for Village Gauchar Development. Total 85 Acre Gauchar Land was approved by GP for Development by decision taken in Gram sabha. Among them 22 Acre land Has been Sowed with Sorghum and Remaining land would be Grow with Wild Grass

Siracha

22 Acre – 88000Kg Sorghum

63 Acre- 63000Kg Wild Grass

Total 85 Acre= 151000KG

Bhadreshwar @ 7 Acre= 28000Kg

Kukadsar @ 15 Acre= 60000Kg

Implementation Process includes

- Meeting with Village Development
 Committee
- Meeting with SDM for Gauchar Land Details





Brief Description

Make availability of 4000 tissue cultured plants of Barahi varieties to the farmers of project area. For this, we have selected best offshoots of Barahi plants from Well known Laboratory in coordination with farmers groups, Vice Chancellor (Anand Krishi University), Dr Murlidharan (Scientist, Date Research Center) and Krishi Vigyan Kendra Mundra.

The selected tissues from laboratory will take 3 years period for development and fruit. Hence, whole program is coordinating farmers participation basis having four party i.e. Tissue culture laboratory, Adani Foundation, KVK and farmers committee of project area. Major functions of all parties are as under;

TC Lab: Develop TC plantlets of Yellow varieties

Adani foundation: Financial support KVK: Technical support to the program

Farmers committee: Provide their support for selection of Tissue plants & contribution in distribution & provide 50% cost of plants.

Objective:

To provide tissue culture plants of local elite varieties of Datepalm to the farmers of project area at affordable price.

Expected Outcome

We have registered Farmer's Producer Company first (Kutchh Kalptaru Farme's Producer Company) in which 140 farmers are registered members of project area. Adani Foundation will support for 25 plants/farmers phase wise. In first phase during Financial Year 2019-20 we will provide support to 70 Farmers.

Financial Outcome

If we will assume 100 kg production of fresh fruits of Datepalm of best varieties per plant. Then total production is 4 lakh Kg. and price Rs. 80 / Kg. Then total gross income will be generated Rs. 3.20 crore. Consultant Fees will be Rs. 60,000 including FPO Registration Charges

Strategy: For 4000 Date tissue plant in 2 phase (per plant cost 3300 INR) Farmers: 70 Farmers will be supported 25 Plants (1750 Plants in current year)

(50 percent contribution from Farmers (they will get 35% from Government in a form of subsidy after plantation.)



Women Empowerment Projects



- In Kutch, the situation of women is miserable. Women are totally dependent on male members of family for their needs. Consumption of liquor is one of the main culprits in Kutch. Due to this evil prevalent among men many women are suffering.
- Considering this situation, We have started our training program with two major women's group of Villages near Adani Power and Adani Ports. Both the groups of women (123 women in total) successfully completed their training for preparing washing powder, phenyl, liquid for cleaning utensils and hand wash etc.
- We have selected 10 women groups having 123
 members total, as per their ability for different work
 i.e. accounting, banking, leadership, marketing,
 administration etc.
- As a further step to bring sustainability, we thought to start a shop "Saheli Mahila Gruh Udyog" at Shantivan Colony.

Women Empowerment Projects Step towards socio economic development

No	Name	Members	Work	Avg Income
1	Sonal Saheli Group	11	Washing Powder and Phynayle making	3000
2	Tejasvi Saheli Group	10	Stitching Unit / Bag Making	5000
3	Pragpar Saheli Group	29	Handicraft Suf, Pakko and Jat	7500
4	Shradhha Saheli Group	11	Dry and Fresh Nasta Making Unit	3200
5	Meghdhanush Saheli Group	10	Mud Mirror Work	6000
6	Umang Saheli Group	11	Soft Toys and Dori work	1400
7	Asha Saheli Group	10	Sanitary Pad Making Unit	2500
8	Anjali Saheli Group	10	Paper Bag and Paper Cup Making Unit	-
9	Vishwas Saheli Group	10	Dry Nasta – Chiki, Potato Waffer, Papad	2200
10	Radhe Saheli Group	11	Non Women Bags	1150
		123		

Women Empowerment Projects Step towards socio economic development

Apart from Self help Group, Adani Foundation is motivating and supporting Rural women for apprearing SSC/HSC board exams, completing graduations and joining course under Skill Development Center or RSETI.

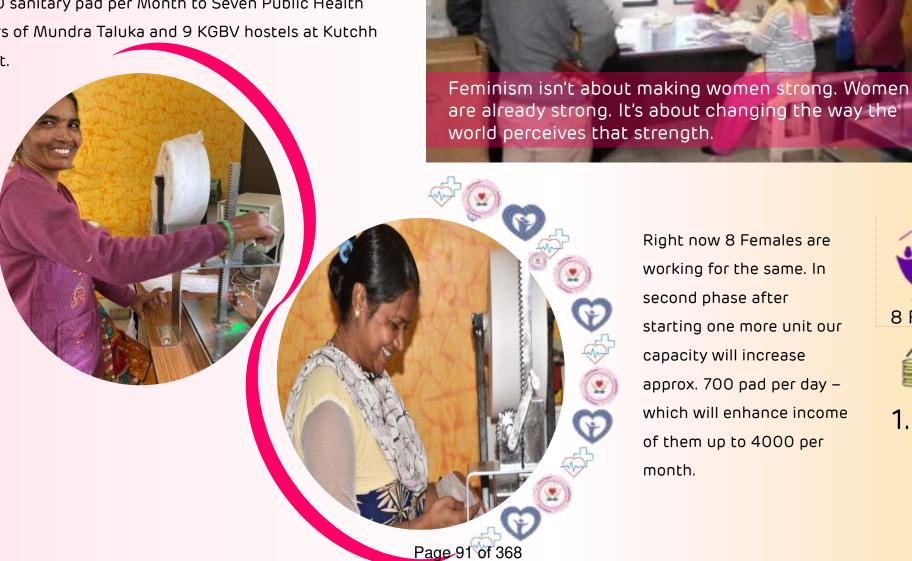
Also coordinating for Bank Sakhi, Vima Sakhi, Gram Rakshak Dal and Private Companies for full time job. For the same we coordinate with district administration, DRDA and HR Department of Private Company. This Coorination became very fruitful in case of Britannia Company. We have coordinated with approximately 300 women for apprearing for interview and filling forms for Britania. As on date 271 women are doing job in Britannia and getting Rs. 9700 plus PF per Month.

No	Name	Members	Work	Avg Income
1	Bank Sakhi Yojana	9	By State Government – agent work	3000
2	Gram Rakshak Dal	7	Secured job by Government	6000
3	Laundry work at Samudra Township	2	Commercial Complex Samudra	2500
4	Britannia Company	270	By Capacity Building and confidence building	9800
5	Bima Sakhi Yojana	6	By State Government	3000
6	Aggarbatti making Unit	2	Widow Women	1700
		296		



Women Empowerment

Adani Foundation Mundra has received Order of supplying 10,000 sanitary pad per Month to Seven Public Health Centers of Mundra Taluka and 9 KGBV hostels at Kutchh District.



Right now 8 Females are working for the same. In second phase after starting one more unit our capacity will increase approx. 700 pad per day which will enhance income of them up to 4000 per month.



Women Empowerment

An initiative under the Sustainable Livelihoods Development Program to encourage women, take control of their own lives and increase their confidence whether they are single, married or widowed.



Total Sale more than Rs.4.50 Lacs and women are getting approximately Rs.8500 per month.

14 Women of Pragpar village are traditionally doing Suf Embroidery. We are on the verge of completion to development of Sahkari Mandali. After getting formal structure we could be able to sale products online with GST.



Community Infrastructure Development



Community infrastructure primarily refers to small scale basic structures, technical facilities and systems built at the community level that are critical for sustenance of lives and livelihoods of the population living in a community. Adani foundation has designed, planned and built a infrastructure community health, agriculture and living standards, all initiatives were fulfilled according to the needs of people of community.

Adani Foundation supports for infrastructure development on request basis. Adani foundation carries out the construction of prayer shade name "PRATHNA SHADHNA" at AVMB.



Construction of Prayer Shed at AVMB



Painting & Branding Old Strcture at Old Bandar and Luni Bandar



Upgradation of Balwadi at Zarpara



Waiting place for Pgadiya at Navinal



Garden Development work



Road Side Beautification at Mundra.



S & F Benches In Various Location in Various Village



Construction of Shed at BRC Bhavan



Renovation Balwadi at Bavdi Banadar



Adani Skill Development Centre (ASDC) is playing a pivotal role in implementing sustainable development in the state.

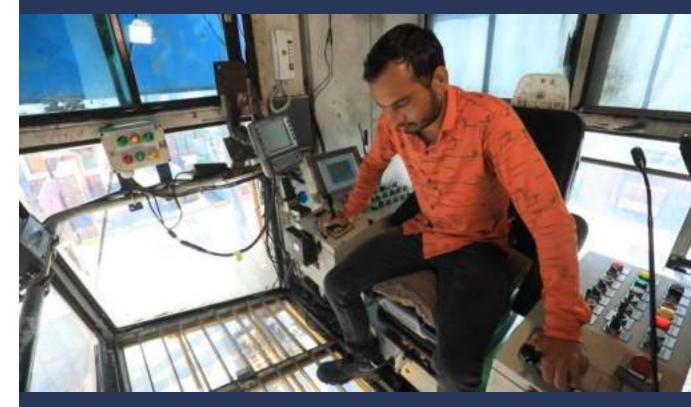
Several miscellaneous industries exist in Kutch district. Adani Skill Development Centre has started a center in Mundra block so that the needs of these industries are fulfilled, the local youth is enrolled in various training / skill courses and the distance between the both is minimized.

The objective of this Centre is to impart different kinds of training to the students of 10th, 12th, college or ITI from surrounding areas. Thus, various employment-oriented trainings are organized to optimize the skills, art and knowledge through proper guidance and direction.

During this year Total 2664 people trained in various trainings to enhance socio economic development.

Out of which more than 60% people are getting employment or Self Employment and average income up to Rs. 5200 per month. Digital literacy training is very helpful in coordinating with today's Digital world....

Adani Skill Development Centre





Adani Skill Development Centre Kutchh



Digital Literacy 1119



Unarmed Security Guard 60



General Duty Assistant 188



Beauty Therapist 465



Self Employee Tailor 262



JOC 60





RTG 24





Hand Embroidery 197



Spoken English 229

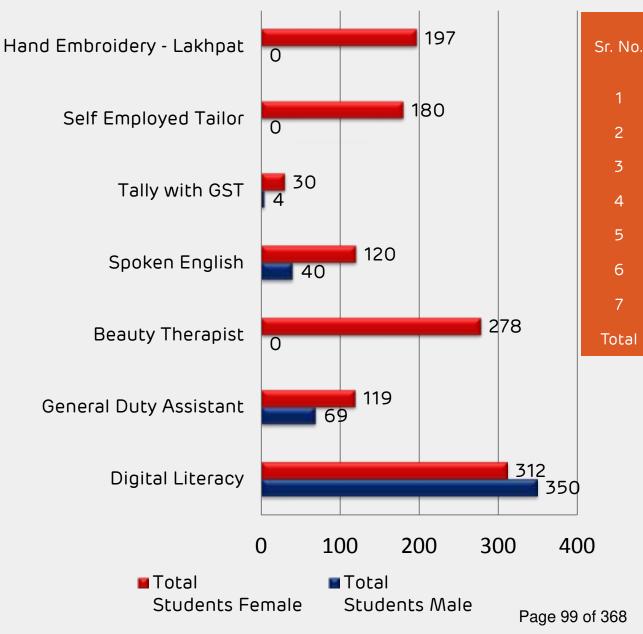
Achievement: 2664

Page 97 of 368

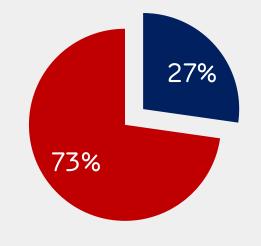
Total Batches: 126



In the year 2019-20, ASDC-Bhuj trained 1699 candidates.



Sr. No.	Name of Trade	Total St	Total Students		
31. 110.	Name of Trade	Male	Female		
1	Digital Literacy	350	312		
2	General Duty Assistant	69	119		
3	Beauty Therapist	0	278		
4	Spoken English	40	120		
5	Tally with GST	4	30		
6	Self Employed Tailor	0	180		
7	Hand Embroidery - Lakhpat	0	197		
Total	(1699)	463	1236		

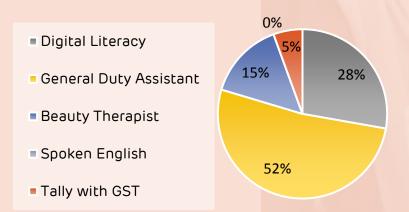


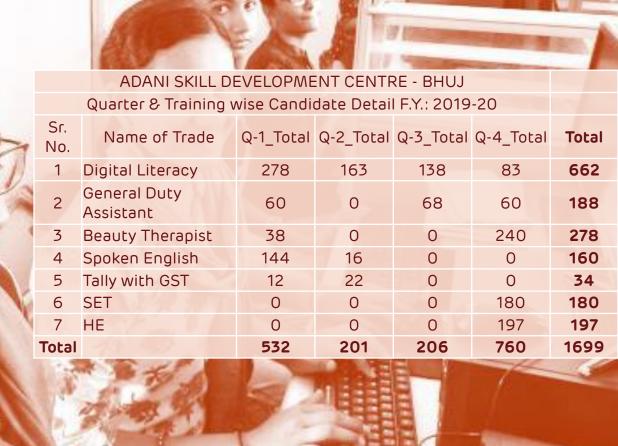
Adani Skill Development Centre - Bhuj

organized by the Centre.

- Certificate Oriented Training Program: On Successful completion of the course and completion of Assessment
- The training methodology ensures a balance between theoretical concept delivery and emphasis on application of concepts through latest training pedagogical processes.

Placement F.Y. 2019-'20





- 52% students got the job in PMKVY GDA training.
- 28% students got job in Digital Literacy Course.
- 8 women self employed in Beauty Therapist Course.

Page 100 of 368

Special Training for Widows

MOU signed between Govt. of Gujarat and Adani Skill Development Centre with an aim to provide quality skill training to widow women to become self-reliant and generate their livelihood.

Total 25 widow women has enrolled for GDA course training.







Special Training for Divyang

Digital Literacy, Beauty And Wellness And Spoken English Training for Physically Challenged Students under Social Welfare Justice Department at Navchetan Andhjan Mandal, Bhuj.

The trainings conducted by Adani Skill Development Centre, Bhuj for Differently Abled Students - Madhapar. Navchetan Andhjan Mandal has dedicated Computer Lab which consists of 15 computers with NVDA software to facilitate disabled students to learn efficiently.

124 students trained for Digital Literacy, Beauty And Wellness And Spoken English Training.

(Digital Literacy = 62, Spoken English= 40, Beauty & wellness= 22) 5 of them placed during the year.



Adani Skill Development Centre – Bhuj

One more feather added in cap of ASDC Bhuj Centre is PMKVY GDA Training Project Saksham – Adani Skill Development Centre completed Four PMKVY GDA Batches in Bhuj received with Four Star Rating in PMKVY certification.

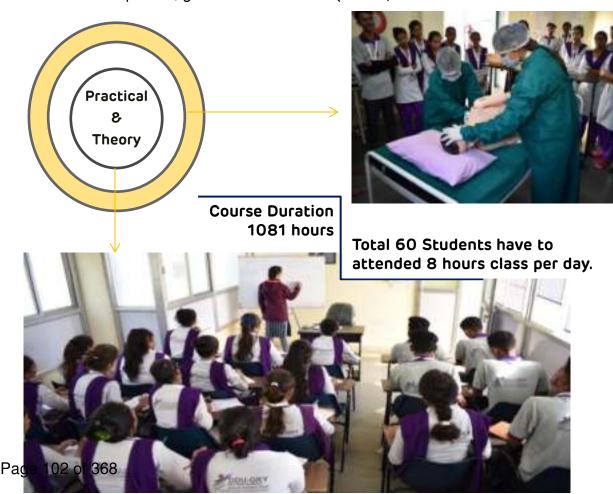
Total 120 Candidates trained till the date (F.Y. 2018-20).

In a year 2019-'20, 28 out of 60 (52%) candidates got the job in various medical departments. 55 candidates passed out of 60 people of PMKVY General Duty Assistant training.

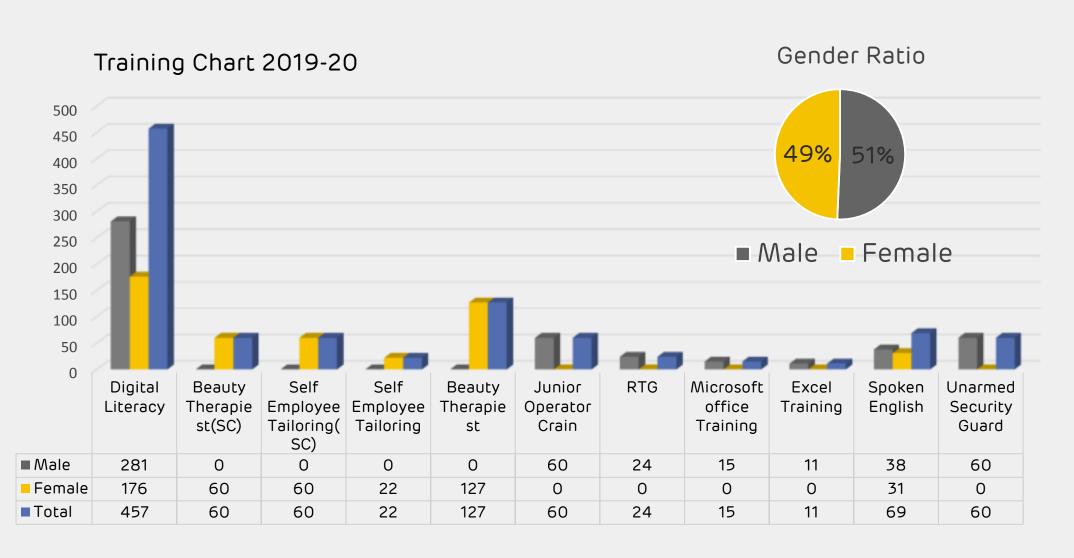
ASDC Bhuj first ever Centre to implement successfully DDU GKY Project for GDA Training.

Total Hours	Domain	Non-Domain	Non-Domain	Non-Domain
	(GDA)	(Soft-skill)	(IT)	(English)
1081	780	38	150	113

DDU-GKY is placement linked skill development initiative by ministry of rural development, government if India (MoRD).



In the year 2019-20, ASDC-Mundra trained 965 candidates.



Adani Skill Development Centre – Mundra



RPL recognizes the value of learning acquired a formal setting and provides a government certificate for an individuals skill.

Candidates received an accidental insurance coverage for three years at free of cost.

Certified 27 assessor, 19 Trainer and 08 Assessor.

Started first loader-Unloader job role in Port.

Total Candidates registration 2500



42 candidates cleared PMKVY Junior
 Operator Crane exam out of 43.

adani Zvlani Spanicy Tenhing Side ()

- 21 candidates working in various company with 8000-15000 PM.
- 26 students got job in various company
- More then 30 women working as self employed.
- Mobilization activities for SC batches in various village and collage

Page 104 of 368

Adani Skill Development Centre - Mundra

SC Project

Skill Development trainings to various weaker sections of Community

To deliver and promote employability

In collaboration with Department of social justice & empowerment, Gujarat





Swachhagraha





Adani Foundation has launched project "Swachhagraha" Swachhata ka Satyagraha in the year 2015, to support the 'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan'. Falling in line with our Honorable Prime Minister's call for a Clean India, we launched this mass movement towards making our Nation litter free.

On 9th October 2019 the Project handed over to all institute with a gentle promise to keep swachhagraha flame lighting. In this ceremony with the blessings of Shilin Adani mam Best Swachhagraha Schools awarded by District Education Officer, Kutchh

Swachhagraha at Kutchh

4 City / town

266 Schools

266 Prerak trained

5000+ Dal members



Swachhagraha Outreach



Swachhagraha Wall



Safai Ke Sitare



Toilet
Etiquettes



Personal Hygiene



Large Scale community events



Suposhan

The objective of the Project is to reduce occurrence of malnutrition and anemia.

create awareness about malnutrition and anemia and related factors amongst all stakeholders and role they may play in curbing the issue.

To successful implementation of the project, "Sangini – Village Health Volunteer" plays major role in the Project.





Suposhan





Basis of Requirement

As per Global Nutrition Report released recently, Children below five years- 23 % Stunted and 8 % are wasted. 69.5 % children 6-59 months old, 55.8% adolescent girls aged 15-18 years, 55.3% women aged 15-49 years have Anaemia. Moreover anaemia prevalence in pregnant women is as high as 58.7 %) Curbing Malnutrition was part of Millennium Development Goals and again focussed through second and third Sustainable Development Goals on Zero hunger and Good Health & Wellbeing respectively.

- ❖ This year under SuPoshan project AF has conducted anthropometry study of more than 6268 children. More than 98 children became free of malnutrition due to efforts of AF team.AF is also committed to spread awareness in this regard. More than 2023 FGD were conducted during this year.
- ❖ Total HB screenings of RPA woman- 6598no and adolescent girls -10645no was this year. this activity helps in controlling anaemia in women and indirectly malnutrition.

Malnourished mother has low birth weight baby

Child remains malnourished due to inadequate food & other deterrents.

	Community Engagement and other Activities 19-20	
Sr No	Activity	Progress
1	Total Sangini	25
2	Total Village	45
3	Total Anganwadi Cover	72
4	Total Families	9178
5	Total Children	5736
6	Total Adolescent Girl	5067
7	Total Women (RPA)	9762
8	Focus Group Discussion	2023
9	Family Counselling	431
10	Village level Events	117
11	No of SAM children referred to CMTC	75
12	No of SAM children provided with Energy Dense Food (Only New children)	112
13	No of total HB & BMI screening - Women in reproductive age	6598
14	No of total HB & BMI screening - Adolescent girls	10645
15	Stunting Category (Changing)	18
16	Wasting Category (Changing)	25
17	Underweight Category (Changing)	55
18	Adolescent Girls with Anaemia (10-19 yr.) (Changing)	249
19	Women with Anaemia in reproductive age (14-50 yr.) (Changing)	272
22	Women in RPA provided with IFA Tablets	201
23	Adolescent girls provided with IFA Tablets	102
20	Sangini Meeting	17
21	Sangini Training	5
22	Total Anthropometric screening	6268



Page 111 of 368

Implementation Strategy

Base line data was provided for Mundra Taluka in initial phase of Project.

- •Total Number Aanganwadis in the selected area
- •Information on Sub- canters / Primary Health Centres/ Community Health centres/ Referral Hospitals
- •Availability of Healthy worker- male & female both, ANMs, LHVs, Doctors, specialists such as Gynaecologist, Paediatricians, Pharmacist, Dietician Lab. Technician, Nursing Staff etc. at above centres (Number & names with contact details)
- •Selected areas' Birth rate, Death rate, Infant Mortality Rate, Mother Mortality Rate, Sex ratio, Child Sex ratio against district, state and national average
- •Total number of beneficiaries and against that enrolled beneficiaries at Anganwadi/ICDS: 0-6 year children, Adolescent girls, pregnant women and lactating mothers
- •Identified malnourished and anaemic children/ adolescent girls and women (numbers, DOB & name as well as current level of malnutrition & anaemia with dates- Base Line data)
- •Current Inputs provided through the Government machineries
- •Other services available through CBOs, NGOs etc.- Details of inputs and contact details of those organizations
- •Understanding & Listing of area specific cultural and behavioural barriers



Expected Outputs

Community Health vertical at each location would focus on project on "Curbing Malnutrition amongst Children, Adolescent girls and Women "with combined approach of community management of Malnutrition and Anaemia and necessary medical treatment components.

- Each child and especially malnourished will be mapped with growth chart
- Regular inputs of RUTF treatment when necessary.
- FDGs with mothers and adolescent girls.
- Village meeting one in a month at every village
- Health camp every month
- Awareness campaigns.

Expected Outcomes

To reduce the occurrence of malnutrition amongst Children by 95 % in three years

- •To reduce malnutrition and anaemia amongst adolescent girls and pregnant & lactating women by 70% in three years
- •To create awareness about the issue of malnutrition and anaemia and related factors amongst all stakeholders and role they may play in curbing the issue
- •To create a pool of resources to be utilised for combating the issue of Malnutrition and Anaemia
- •To support efforts in reducing IMR and MMR

Project Swavlamban

Project Swavlamban Launched with blessings of differently abled people of MUNDRA TALUKA.

Our objective is

- To increase awareness about Government schemes for Divyang people, widows and senior citizens and coordinate them with Social Welfare Department, GoG
- After getting income generation equipment support Proper training provision to make them self-reliant in true sense!!
- Adani Foundation is playing the role of facilitator in case of tie up with Government Scheme for Widows, Senior Citizens and Handicapped people. The identity cards are issued for the handicapped in coordination with Bhuj Samaj Suraksha Khata which is beneficial for them to get specific kit for their disability type. Uoto date 1094 beneficiaries linked up with pension scheme.
- The financial benefit of the senior citizen Yojana is Rs. 500 per month and the widow scheme is of Rs. 1250 per month. Jilla Samaj Suraksha Officer and team remain present every time.

No	Туре	Beneficiaries	Financial benefit
1	Palak Mata Pita	6 x 3000	18,000
2	Widow	74 x 1250	92,500
3	Senior Citizen	79 x 750	59,250
	Total	533	1,69,750



Project Swavlamban

Government and Adani Foundation both have supported Total 1094 Beneficiaries of Amount Rs. 15,44,100.00

Govt. shemes Mundra	Taluka	Rate	Total Amount
Artificially foots	14	15000	210000
Artificially Hand	1	5000	5000
Blind satick	7	200	1400
Bycycle	9	4500	40500
Crutches	4	200	800
Hand cart	4	5000	20000
Hearing Aid	13	3000	39000
M.R kit	20	500	10000
music	1	500	500
Pension	4		0
RTE Admission	1		0
Sewing Machine	30	5000	150000
Tricycle	33	6500	214500
Walker	3	1000	3000
walking satick	12	200	2400
Wheelchair	26	4000	104000
Bus pass	392		0
Medical certi	401		0
Total	975		801100

AF Support Mundr	a Taluka	Rate	Total Amount
wheelchair	30	4000	120000
Cabin	5	15000	75000
Fridge	1	18000	18000
Fruit Shop	2	8000	16000
Grocery Shop Item	4	5000	20000
Hand Cart	2	9000	18000
Harmonium	1	10000	10000
Rikshaw	1	80000	80000
Sewing Machine	16	5500	88000
Tricycle	25	6800	170000
Wheelchair	32	4000	128000
Total	119		743000



CSR Tuna

Adani Kandla Bulk Terminal Pvt. Ltd. is joint venture of Adani Ports and SEZ Limited as well as Kandla Port. We are going to implement drainage pipeline for Tuna and Wandi with participation of Kandla Port in current year. Survey is done and work will be started soon..

Adani Kandla Bulk Terminal Pvt. Ltd.

CSR Tuna

अहला लेका महत्व करण हंगेंगा सारी हो.

- In Rampar and Tuna Village We are providing Fodder in summer season. Also guiding farmers for modern farming techniques for Organic Farming and sustainable Agriculture
- Praveshotsav Kit is distributed in 8 schools covering 180
 Students in Tuna and Surrounding seven villages.. Our efforts were appreciated by community.
- Adani Foundation is bridging the gap between Government Schemes and Beneficiaries. This year we could able to support 5 widows and 4 differently abled to avail benefits of Government. Tree Plantation and 4 health camp was organized in Tuna and Rampar Village.

त्याता लंग यह वर हीचे हो.



CSR Nakhtrana

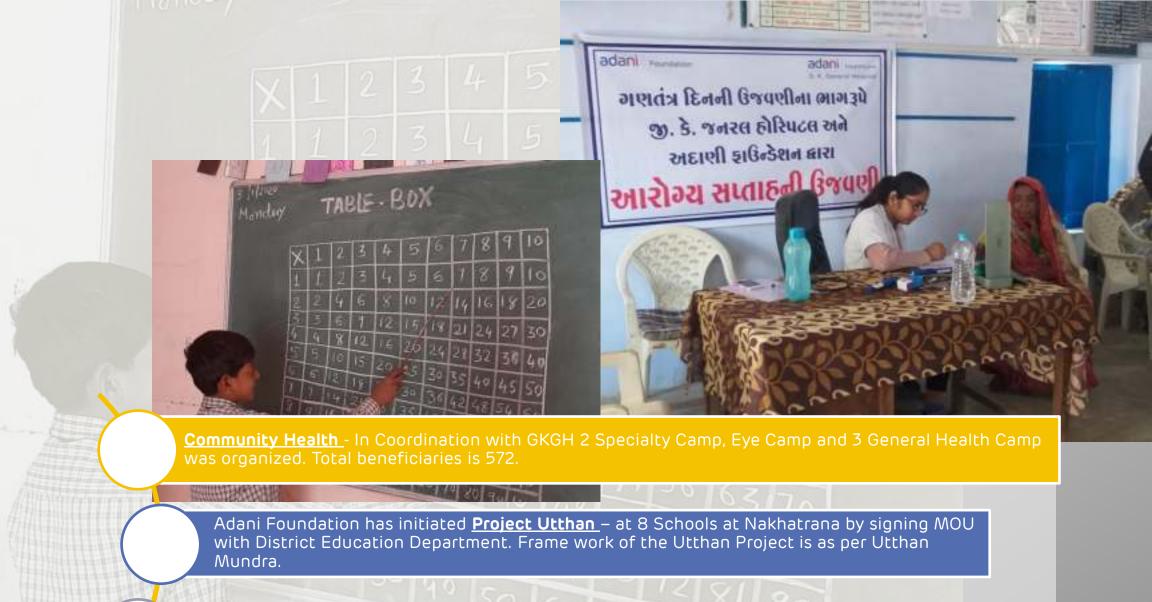


Adani Green Energy Limited (Nakhtrana)



CSR Nakhtrana

Adani Green Energy(MP) Limited (AGEMPL) proposes to setup an integrated wind energy project as Green Energy Works which includes Limestone 750 Mw, Through approx. 1250 windmill at Dayapar Nakhtrana in District Kutch (Gujarat). Foundation, in cooperation with respective Block Agriculture Departments during PRAs, the regularly conducts various training programmes for the farmers. They have been introduced to various innovative and cost-saving practices in farm cultivation.



<u>Project Svavlamban – Started Swavlamban Center at Nakhatrana Town to make widow and Divyang Women Sustainable though Stitching work. We have supported 5 stitching machine and material for fund rotation.</u>

In Community Infrastructure Development work we have taken up work of Road Levelling and Culvert Construction at Gadani Village. Main reason to initiate the project is - During Monsoon Period difficult to use road for farmers and School Going Children of Vadi Vistar and Due to water logging excess water enters into farms which affect development of crop. Approximately 80 farmers and 70 School going children will be beneficiaries of the Project.

The work will be resulted into Construction of Pipe Culvert and Road Levelling work at Vadi Vistar at Gadani Village with Outcome to Easy Approach for Farmers and Students of Vadi Vistar School during monsoon Period.



CSR Lakhpat

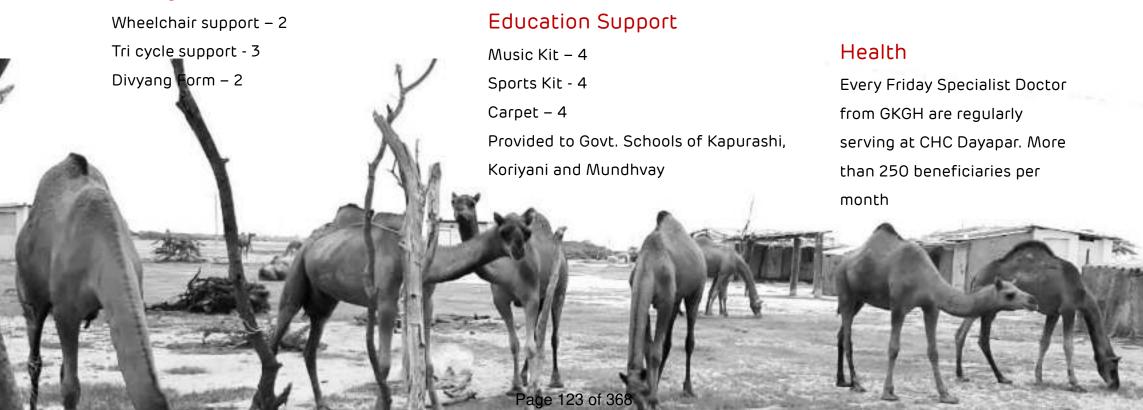
Adani Cementation Private Limited (Lakhpat)



Adani Cementation Limited (ACL) proposes to setup an integrated cement project as Lakhpat Cement Works which includes Limestone Mine in 251.9 ha area, Cement Plant of rated production capacity of 10MMTPA Clinker and 3MMTPA of OPC/PPC/PSC/COMPOSITE CEMENT in three phases, and a berthing jetty of 15MMTPA traffic capacity in phase wise manner in Taluka Lakhpat of District Kutch (Gujarat).

Project Public hearing held in month of May 2019. For Smooth Execution of the Project we have done Participatory Rural Appraisal and Village Development Committee formation at three nearest villages (Koriyani, Kapurashi and Mundhvay) of our upcoming cement plant.





Fodder Cultivation

Most of the population of Lakhpat Depends upon Livestock for their livelihood. Fodder is the prime requirement of them. Adani Foundation had distributed Jovar seeds after considerable rain to 260 Farmers to motivate them for sustainable Livestock development.

The Problem

- Scanty rainfall
- Deficit of fodder availability
- Fodder only available on high rates.





World Disable Day celebration

Celebrated World Disability Day - Swavlamban center opened at Dayapar for disable and widow women.

Support 10 tricycles and 2 wheelchairs and 9 artificial limps to disables.



Adani Solar Energy Private Limited (Bitta)

CSR Bitta

Under Adani Solar Limited – 40 MW Solar Panel Power Unit is Situated at Bitta Village in Abdasa Taluka. We are providing Fodder Support and Health Camp Facilities at Bitta. Our Suposhan Project is running successfully at Bitta...

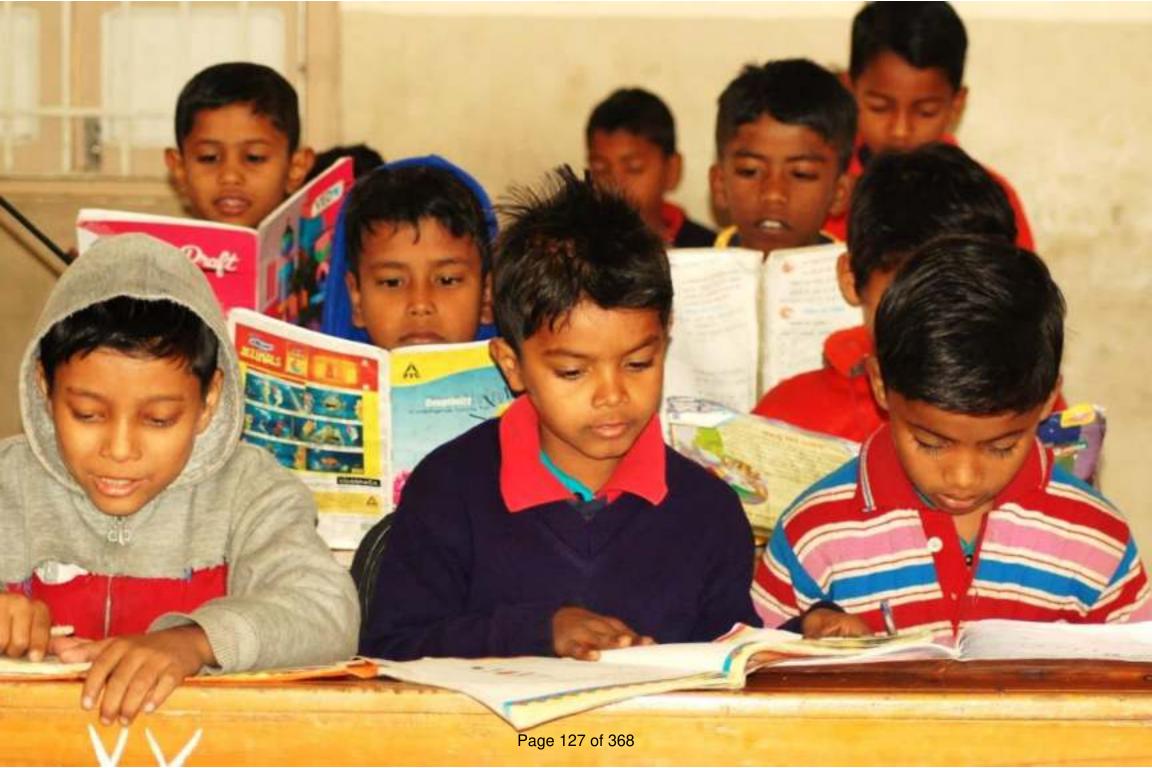
Adani Foundation has taken Eco Friendly initiative for whole village. Village street lights, School and GP is provided Solar Panel to save electricity. The unit was conceptualized and implemented by Solar Team.

As Abdasa is water scared region and very less rain in past years, as per humble request of villagers Adani Foundation has provided 1,13,750 Kg Fodder to Bitta, Dhrufi and Moti Dhrufi village.

Under "Sujlam Suflam Jal Abhiyan" Two Pond Deepening was carried out and got appreciation letter from District Magistrate.

Praveshotsav Kit is distributed in 8 schools covering 47 Students in Bitta and Surrounding seven villages.. Our efforts were appreciated by community.





Employee Volunteering

Program



704 children in the school are from families of migrant labourers working in various industries in and around Mundra. Children from migrant labourer families in addition to resource constraints at home also bear the disadvantage of unfamiliarity with local language and culture inhibiting participation in school.

Current year 997 students have been adopted – which is matter of proud. To make employees connected with children Vallabh Vidyalaya regularly send progress report twice in a year. Process of cheque handing over ceremony is delayed due to corona virus issues.

Employee Volunteering Program



International Yoga Day Celebrated at Shantivan Colony ground where 2100 students have participated from different Government School.

More than 500 Employees participated and HR Department has coordinated whole event. Chief Guest of the Event was Mr. Sunil Singhi Chairman, Labour welfare board, GOG We distributed 250 hooks to employees residing at Shantivan colony. Hook is the thin rod of steel. In this hook all will collect plastic bags. After three months we will collect all bags and give to Suzlon for recycle will made PVC Horse Pipe. I.e "Waste to Best". Employee's family members became determined for not using Plastic bags.

For motivation purpose facilitation of employee was done by Mrs.

Vinita Rai (President, Ladies Group

-Shantivan Colony)





Employee Volunteering Program



Periodic Support to Old age home at Gundala where total 105 Senior citizens are living.

Till Date 36 Adani Employee have celebrated Birthdays or any memorable day with senior citizen by sponsoring and servicing for lunch/dinner facility

Dignity of workforce day was organized jointly of APSEZ (Adani ports n SEZ Limited), AWL(Adani Wilmar Limited), MSPVL (Mundra Solar Pvt Limited) Adani Hospital and Adani foundation at labour colony with medical camp and handing over of sanitation. more than 32 employees have volunteered in this event.

- 1. Total OPD by Medical camp at Labour colony- 760 (5 Camps)
- 2. Joy of Giving Week Cloth Distribution to 800 workers

In this event Mr. Sharad Sharna Head-AWL with staff, Bhaktbandhu DGM HR and Admin staff (APSEZ), Mr. Ganesh Sharma Head HR, President - Kutch Labour Union and Adani foundation team remained.







"I have a Disability yes that's true, but all that really means is I may have to take a slightly different path than you."

We always complain to God, for life, for appearance, and for so many others. But today I am talking about Rubina, a young girl from Deshalpar village. Rubina has a unique personality, who, despite being unable to speak or listen, always she faces these physical shortcomings with a smile.

somehow Rubina found about Adani skill development beauty therapist course and she decided to join this course. when she joined the there was question in everyone's mind, is she enabled to do this course, how she will manage, how will learn, ask questions, listen etc. but she proved wrong to everyone. like miracle happens, she completed her training very smoothly. not just completed but she was very active and enthusiastic during training.

today she has started her mahendi studio, the amount of earning is not so much high, but the satisfaction is up to sky.

At the end she smiled and said

"Don't compare your struggles to anyone else's. Don't get discouraged by the success of others. Make your own path and never give up"



Suf Handicraft : Conserving "VIRASAT" of Decades

Parvati Ben's earliest memory of stitching delicate handicrafts is from when she was as little as 5-years-old. Since then, she has followed this art with an immense dedication that shows through her intricate and precise handiwork.

Parvati is a resident of Pragpar-2 village. She lives in a house with 5 other people and is the sole breadwinner. Even so, Parvati is a humble, loving and welcoming individual.

Parvati Ben had been practising her intricate Suf handicraft all along, making scarves, table cloths, garments and more for her fellow villagers and the occasional visitors. Her artwork had consistently been worth more than what she sold it for-her only desire being that her art finds an expression, a space in the world, however small it may be.

One day, Adani Foundation discovered this diligent, rigorous woman. Parvati Ben now works on projects brought to her by Adani Foundation and is hence able to sustain her entire family on her own. She has risen to be an aspirational figure, looked upon as a role model by her fellow village women. Parvati Ben is playing a major role in now setting up a federation for the village women across Mundra district to practise their handicraft work and earn a livelihood.

But more than all the titles and positions, what Parvati Ben deems sacred is the sheer recognition of her art. All she ever wanted was to be known as an artist and now she is the voice of this very own art, inspiring dozens of women like her to become independent.





When Miracle happened!!

One mentally disabled boy named Gyan was residing in one small village Bihar. During makarsankranti festival Ganga Snan he was going with his family. By mistake he entered in different train n reached to Bhuj.

As for any Train coming in western India Bhuj is last station and that's why many mentally disabled people found out in Bhuj.

27 years old Gyan was alone in Bhuj - he used to beg and eat, too tough life!!

After passing two months anyhow, One day due to small accident he was brought to Adani GKGH.

During treatment, one smart para medical staff found out mobile number in tattoo drawn on his hand.

Staff members of GKGH called on this number and ask his family to come Bhuj.

Finally Gyan meet his family n back to his home.



Healthy Children Become Happy Children

Under the initiative of Balwadi at Vasahat (doorstep Early age Education for less Fisher folk), special awareness camps are organized for kids in school in order to imbibe health seeking behavior in the next generation. Various awareness activities based on healthy living are taught to them such as hand-washing steps and healthy eating habits so that they actively participate in adopting methods for personal hygiene in their daily routine.

Yamina is one of the student of Balwadi. She is five years old. Earlier she used to come to Balwadi without taking bath or hair combing. But after regular awareness camps for mother and students now she is coming well dressed and clean – due to maintaining personnel hygiene she remains healthy too..



Every Dark Cloud has Silver Lining

Ms. Ramila Maheswari belongs to village Dhrub. Her father's occupation is farming. She has completed graduation and was searching job but lacking in computer operation skill.

Ramila says one of my friends suggested me to join digital literacy training at Adani Skill Development Centre, Mundra. I visited the center with my friend and joined class. I sincerely attended all classes of the course and learnt basics of computer operation viz; Typing, Paint, MS Office (word, Excel, power point), shortcut Keys and using internet for web browsing like; Gmail, Paytm, amazon, net banking etc.

She is saying with smiling on face that

"Today, I am working with firm "YASH ENTERPRISE" in Nana Kapaya, Mundra as a customer care executive and earning Rs. 7000 per month. I am really thankful to Adani Skill development Center to make 'SAKSHAM'.



Pathways towards bright future!!

Kripalsinh Jadeja comes from Hatadi, Mundra with a family of 5 people, four elder brothers and parents. His father is a farmer and mother help him in farming. The brother is working as truck driver. The economic condition of the family was very poor.

Kripalsinh has completed 12th and was searching job. The team of ASDC Mundra had mobilized in the area where he stays and through which he got to know that Adani Skill Development Centre (ASDC) is providing training for checker-cum- RTG crane operator and this was his dream job.

He performed well during the training and understood how this training would help him to grow in future in the field he desires. He was regular to the classes and always eager to know the process well and he performed well during all the activities.

Kripalsinh says he gained back his confidence after starting the training and was motivated by the trainer to participate in all activities and grab any opportunity where he can showcase his skills.

He says that he got more support by getting additional training of soft skills, public speaking, professional manners and facing interviews with confidence.

While undergoing the ASDC training Kripalsinh never imagined that this additional knowledge and skill up gradation would bring him a bright future.



My Emotional Support

Adani Foundations' Senior Citizen Health Card is like a cure to our emotional, physical and psychological problem; in the times when we are completely lonely and handicap at age."....Says both of them while weeping.

Every human being has specific periods of the life wherein the childhood is for fun and the adulthood is spent for the family; remains old age to take care of health Adani Foundation is holded hands of the senior citizens of Mundra Rajendrasinh and his wife stay alone. Their son and daughters stay separately. They earn their living by grazing cattle, he is having severe arthritis and respiratory disorder. The source of income is very meager and that to dependent on rain. He had to borrow money from family friends or at times take on interest for taking basic treatment. His wife Shantaba also has blood sugar and hence she also requires medical assistance at times. The couple took Adani Foundations' Senior Citizen Health Card in 2015 by which they are able to save good amount, which was their medical expense every month.



Can any other relationship be as beautiful?"

When you grow old, loneliness is sometimes more painful than physical sickness. During routine visits of Dr Deven Goswami – Medical Officer of Rural clinic in Siracha the community as a health volunteer, he met Parma Ba (grandmother in Gujrati) who initially appeared as an introvert. She lives in Siracha Village. According to her neighbors, she confined herself within the four walls after her husband's demise. Despite living with her children, she is often seen sitting alone in the corridor of her house, as the family members are apparently busy with their own lives. Financially strained, she refrained from visiting a doctor due to fear of their exorbitant fee.

Dr. Deven was determined to not only get her to Rural Clinic, but also cultivate a health seeking behavior in her. He would keep on standing outside her house till the time she didn't agree to listen to his request. Do you know something? Ba is his best friend today. They not only share our secrets with each other, but also counsel each other as a mother and a son. Can any other relationship be as beautiful?"



Good Human Beings are Gods Incarnate

While many people talk about water crisis and drought in Kutchh, Rambhai Gadhavi of Zarpara has practically found and tried a solution to it and that is water conservation. Born into a poor farmer's family, he faced water problems in childhood and used to wake up at wee hours to fetch water, which inspired him to find ways of water conservation. Under Guidance and Support of Adani Foundation He practiced non-irrigation agricultural methods as solutions to water crisis which causes drought, thereby leading to Indian farmer suicides every year.

He did Bore well recharge and Farm Bunding to increase capacity of ground water though rain and to prevent run off. Not only that, he gave guidance to other farmers to accept water conservation practices.

Rambhai and his wife Veerbai's enthusiasm is remarkable in micro irrigation, fodder cultivation and Recharge activities. They are real change makers of "Sustainable Agriculture Projects" of Adani Foundation



Every drop that matters!

Kutchh district is a dry temperate zone and rainfall is negligible. Water requirement is met through the reservoirs in which the water decreases during summer months when crop is standing in the field. Whatever irrigation was provided resulted in soil erosion leading to loss of huge quantity of soil every year thereby increasing the farmer's problem in producing good quality crop. Therefore, usage of water and land is to be done sensibly by the farmer. Muljibhai The farmer of Navinal Village attended awareness programme of micro irrigation and organic farming organized by the Adani Foundation and showed interest in adopting the same. He was given every suitable help in subsidy and was persuaded into adopting drip irrigation for field crops.

Not only this, with support of DRDA and Adani Foundation he had adopted Bio gas which is utilized for cooking and organic fertilizer as well.

With the help of drip system, the Muljibhai was able to diversify towards different Horticulture crops like Pomegranate, Jamfal, chikoo etc. in addition to traditionally grown crops like Cotton and Caster. As a result, he is able to get 40-45% higher yield as compared to flood irrigated crops. Diversification has helped in improving returns from the same area.



Reenaben is making patients smile with compassionate care

Reena Amal has literally put his wise words into practice. An ambitious and determined girl, she was pursuing B.A. when tragedy struck. Her husband died of a heart attack leaving her widowed at the age of 24 with two young boys to raise. Unable to get support from her in-laws, she had to move back into her parents' home. In spite of being unsure about the future, her love for her children gives her new hope every single day. Her desire to provide them with a good education and a stable life fuels her to aspire for more. So, she joined ASDC's General Duty Assistant course and hasn't looked back since then.

Reena proved to be a dedicated student throughout the course. She impressed her trainers with her zeal to learn. She soon completed the course and became a successful patient care assistant. Currently, she is working at the G.K. General Hospital and earning salary of Rs. 9900/- pm in the OPD under the guidance of a dietician. She is learning how to prepare diet charts according to the needs of various patients. She is most grateful to ASDC in Bhuj for giving her this opportunity to become self-reliant and care for her children. Reena has truly risen above tragedies and obstacles in life by immersing herself in a life of serving and caring for others!



Dilipbhai says "Digital Literacy training has given a boost in my life."

"Change occurs at every turn of the page of life."

I am providing outsourcing services of Administration in G.K General Hospital, Bhuj. I am 40 plus and I have observed the IT wave and Artificial Intelligence has proved as boon in healthcare industry. Young colleagues at work are using their IT skills to make ease at work but growing Digitalization also brought many challenges for middle aged people like me. I enquired about Digital literacy course to many places but couldn't found the quality training centre. In Adani Skill Development Centre, I have not only improved my Ms office and typing skills but also found effective and time saving techsavy solutions for day to day time consuming activities. Dilip Joshi



Adani helped me to live with dignity!

Bhadreshwar is a well known village due to Suradas family, the generous donor Jagdusha and Jain temple Vasai Tirth! Here we want to introduce a couple of this village who are blind! Yes, Khetshi Chande and his wife Manglaben who live in this village with their daughter Trupti. His only source of income was the government pension. Once when Khetshibhai was with Karshanbhai from Adani at Mundra bus station, he sung few lines describing his own life. "Nach nachavya che ghana ne, aaj hu khud nachi rahyo chu, didha nathi pan devdavya che daan ghana ne, aaj khud yaachi rahyo chu; prabhu tari aa lilaa, jem tu ramade em rami rahyo chu!" which means once he was helping others and today he is asking others for help.

When Karshanbhai visited his home, he came to know that once upon a time Khetshibhai was having a small shop but due to less sell he stopped it. At this moment instantly Karshanbhai proposed Khetshibhai that he should start once again his shop and for that Adani would support him. This proposal made Khetshibhai very happy but than he asked if he could get any help from someone who could support him to buy grocery worth 10 thousand. Karshanbhai told him that he would put it in "Self reliance program" by Adani foundation for sure. After few days on the birthday of honorable Mr. Gautambhai Adani, there was a celebration at the school in Bhadreshwar on 24th May, 2018. In this celebration Khetshibhai was handed over a grocery kit which he was in need by Panktiben from Adani foundation in presence of Sarpanch and citizens.

Today Khetshibhai is running his shop at Maheshwarivas of Bhadreshwar village with all dignity! He is happily earning around 2000 per month and is able to send his daughter to Adani vidhya mandir where she is studying in 7th! This happy family is always blessing Adani foundation for helping needy people!



to Anitaben and promised her to help her.

Our Change Makers

Pathways towards self Dependency!!

Tunda is a small village of Mundra block. Gorighar Goswami is pujari of Lord Shiva temple and he lives with his wife Anitaaben, three children and his mother. Gorighar was doing need based works in various companies for earning purpose and with that income he was fulfilling his family needs! Ones when Gorighar was returning from other village an accident occurred with him and he died on the spot. When this news came to his family, it was unbelievable to them. Adani foundation respects all the invitation from the village but whenever there is any incident of sad demise, Adani foundation is there for sure to consulate. A staff member of Adani foundation went to their home and gave consolation

In the next visit Devalben recognize the economical condition of the family as after him no one earning member was there in the family

We always believe that if something is there in your luck, no one can take it away from you. Llife teaches us that you will get whatever is there in your luck but not without your own efforts! Anitaben is a person who was ready for every efforts to help her family! This keen interest of this woman was noted by Adani foundation! Anitaben was allotted a stitching machine in presence of CSR head of Adani Panktiben and Sarpanch of village Abdremanbhai Kumbhar.

As she was having knowledge of stitching, this stitching machine gave her a lift and she started her work with more force! Today Anitaben is well known for her traditional cloths stitching and she is getting more and more orders from her village! When she came to know that TATA power company is in need of lots of cloth bags, she grabbed the opportunity which helped her to earn good amount! Today she is earning around 8 to 9 thousand which is enough to run her family very well! She said, "Due to Adani foundation! have started not only earning very well but it has changed my life thoroughly! On behalf of all women like me! would like to thank Adani Foundation!



World Environment Day



555+ Tree plantation in Bhuj, Mundra & Nakhtrana Taluka on world Environment day

9000+ cum Augmentation and deepening work of check dam in Mandvi & Lakhpat Taluka

World Environment Day was celebrated in Five Talukas by different activities related to conservation of Environment. These Events were organized in coordination with DDO, TDO, SDM and Village Leaders of all Five Talukas. The activities Tree Plantation, Check dam Augmentation work, Inauguration work of Godhatal Dam Deepening work.

11000+ Tree plantation during year in Bhuj, Mundra, Nakhtrana, Anjar, Lakhpat, and Mandvi Taluka





Mundra Adani foundation MUNDRA has celebrated swachhagraha related International Coastal Clean up Day celebrated with Coast Guard" with theme swachhagraha.. School students, Coast Guard staff and Adani foundation Staff had cleaned Mandvi beach and give a message of swachhagraha.. At the end information given about swachhagraha project

Teachers day celebration in coordination with District Education Office and District Development Office with Adani Foundation - District Level Best teacher Award on this auspicious day.

13 teachers is selected after screening by DEO Office and tofay award will be given in presence of DEO, DPEO and Vasan bhai Ahir Minister Gujarat.





Rethinking about future of plastics

National conference on current status n Rethinking about future of plastics was organized at GUIDE – Adani Foundation was partner of the Event.

We have presented our efforts for changing mindset for No plastic awareness campaign..

Plus We also shared mangroves biodiversity project with GUIDE and given book to all present dignitaries



International Volunteer Day (IVD)

International Volunteer Day (IVD) on 5 December was designated by the United Nations in 1985 as an international observance day to celebrate the power and potential of volunteerism.

It is an opportunity for volunteers, and volunteer organisations, to raise awareness of, and gain understanding for, the contribution they make to their communities. On 3rd July – Occasion of "International No plastic Day" - AF Team has distributed 250 hooks to employees residing at Shantivan colony.

Hook is the thin rod of steel. In this hook all have collected plastic bag wrapper i.e. Waffer, Buiscuit, milk etc @ 8.5 Kg. This Plastic will be given for recycle for making Hose Pipe. I.e "Waste to Best". Employee's family members became determined for not using Plastic bags.

Today On 5th December – We have felicitated the five volunteers who collected highest quantity of plastic bags. Chief Guest of the Event was Ms. Vinita Rai (Head, SVC Ladies Club) and Mr. Avinash Rai (CEO, APSEZ).

Respected Ganesh Sharma Sir (VP – HR, APSEZ) and Respected Patiyal Sir (Head –Admin, APSEZ) had nicely coordinated for the Event.

This will be regular and sustainable event for AF.





Divine Feelings Towards Mata no Madh

People used to go by foot to Mata no madh in Navaratri. Total 8 camps at different locations is inaugurated today in way towards Mata no Madh by Adani Foundation Bhuj and GKGH Hospital.

Total 34537 Patients were benefitted in this Camp

Mata no Madh is a village in Lakhpat Taluka of Kutch district, Gujarat, India. The village lies surrounded by hills on both banks of a small stream and has a temple dedicated to Ashapura Mata. She is considered patron deity of Kutch. The village is located about 105 km from Bhuj, the headquarters of Kutch district.



"Ayushman Bharat – Celebrating First Birthday!!"

On the first birth anniversary of "AYUSHMAN ENROLMENT CARD" Adani Foundation Bhuj and Mundra had successfully completed 11 Ayushman card enrollment camps in a single Day.







Skill Development Training Program for Schedule Cast Beneficiaries

We could able to fulfil target of training 1440 SC beneficiaries from Eight Talukas from Kutchh for different courses.

Mr Vinod Chavda (MP, Kutchh and Morabi) Mrs Lata Solanki (Pramukh, Nagar Palika,Bhuj) Mr Rohit (District Social Justice and Empowerment), Mr Jatin Trivedi (Head, ASDC) and Mr solanki (Chairman, social justice commitee Kutchh) we're present.

courses

- 1. Hand embroidery
- 2. Self employed stitching
- 3. Mobile Repairing
- 4. Beauty parlor
- 5. Crane operator





completed 10 years of udaan

Education Minister Mr. Bhupendrasinh Chudasama visited Udaan Project and Utthan Project of Adani Foundation. He Appreciated Udaan Project which is truly inspirational and impactful Project. He got information though power pint presentation about Utthan Project – Enhancing Primary Education of Government School. He motivated and appreciated joint effort of AF Team and District Primary Education office



Events



Adani Foundation have arranged a program "Celebrating The Health Of Women" at Mundra. The motive was awareness in women about their health and issues.

Around 250 women were participated in this event.

Doctors were gave information about women health, periods cycle, breast cancer etc. Doctor discussed about breast cancer, its symptoms, precautions, does and don'ts etc., and advised women to go for regular check up after forties. At the end of program health kit distributed to women.



Republic Day Celebration at ASDC Centre

Bhuj Adani Skill Development Centre witnessed the celebration of the Republic Day on the 25th January, 2020.

Students, Staff and Faculty members filled with a feeling of patriotism and dedication gathered in front of the Guest & Director-Adani Foundation, Vasant Gadhavi. In his speech, the director highlighted the importance of the Constitution and its unique features in the preamble of the constitution. He also gave an insight on the various accomplishments achieved by Centre and motivated the crowd for bringing more laurels for the Centre through their accomplishments.



Events

International disability day



Celebration of international disability day - Adani foundations Lakhpat celebrated three different programmes in coordination with District social welfare department and Lokseva trust.

- 1. Seva setu programme in which information and form fill up for various Govt schemes for Divyang I.e. bus pass, sadhan sahay and pension
- 2. Sadhan sahay If beneficiary can not fulfill Govt criteria then of disability percentage or age bar Adani foundation has supported beneficiaries.
- 3. Opening of swavlamban center in coordination of merchant association widow women will stitch non woven bags and merchant association will purchase regularly and mamlatdar saheb will monitor the system.

age 15\$ of 368



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With a great pleasure to share that APSEZ - CSR received such a big recognition as a honourable mention in western recognition under category Challenging circumstances under first National corporate social responsibility 2019.

Chief guest of the ceremony was our President Honble. Ramnath kovind. Ceremony was presided over by smt Nirmala sitaraman - Minister Finance and Guest of honour was Mr Anurag sinh Thakur Minsitry of state for finance and corporate affairs ..

Award received by Respected Dr Malay Mahadeviya and accompanied by Mr Rakshit shah and Mr Avinash Rai.

Page 155 of 368





Page 156 of 368









Quality education is all about providing students with the resources & opportunities that open a new window to the outside world. At our Adani Vidya Mandir schools, we're dedicatedly working to facilitate our children and make them future-ready. It's an immensely proud moment for us as Adani Vidya Mandir schools Bhadreshwar was recognised at the Samagra Shiksha Empowering India 2020 Awards, by Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India, for empowering children with education, ensuring a Brighter Tomorrow for India's future generations. The awards were presented by Dr.Ramesh Pokhriyal Nishank.



Ms. Pankti Shah was invited as a guest of honour for Mission Eco Next "Eco Eureka Training" by ministry of science and technology - Government of India at KSKV Bhuj.

Initiatives of Adani Foundation for Biodiversity and water conservation was shared on this platform.

Mr. Mavajibhai Baraiya was invited as a guest of honor for "Creating Sustainable Farming Villages" by Krushi Research and Development Association by Vagad Visa Oswal Samaj. Initiatives of Adani Foundation for Fodder Sustainability and water conservation was shared by him.



Recognizing excellence in Con-

मुख्य अतिथि श्री राम नाथ कोविन्द

मानानीय सम्हणाते, भारत मानाज्य

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29 अस्तर्धर 2019, विज्ञान भवन, नर्स दिल्ली

Chief Guest

Shri Ram Nath Kovind

Hon'ble President of India

Stunished over by Smt Nirmala Sitharaman

Attraction Microson of Foreign and Continuate Affairs.

Goods of Horseus

Shri Anurag Singh Thakur Distriction of State, but Becames and Comparate Atlanta

29 October 2019, Vigyan Bhawan, New Delhi







No	Core Area	Beneficiaries	Remarks
1	Education	7514	Uthhan, Praveshotsav, Labour School Support
2	Adani Vidya Mandir	443	School Students
3	UDAAN	33030	568 Institutes Visited
4	Adani Skill Dev. Center	2664	Mundra and Bhuj
5	Community health Mundra	62956	MHCU, Medical Camps, Senior Citizen
6	Community health Bhuj	25604	Health Camps, Mahiti Setu, patient care
7	SLD Fisherman	6970	Water, Education, Mangroves etc.
8	SLD Agriculture	2907	Drip Irrigation, Bio gas, tissue
9	SLD Women Empowerment	419	Saheli mahila gruh udyog – 12 SHG
10	Community Infra. Development	94206	Pond deepening, AKBTPL, Labours work
11	Suposhan Mundra	20565	Adolescent, Children and RPA
12	Nakhatrana	610	Community Health, Biodiversity and CID
13	Tuna	445	Cattle Owner, Praveshotsav, Svavlamban
14	Lakhpat	765	Cattle owner for fodder, Divyang and School Support
	Total Beneficiaries	259098	

Financial Overview

	Adani Foundation Executive Summary-Budget		2019-20							
F.Y. 2019-20 (Rs. In Lacs)										
Sr. No.	Budget Line Item	Budget 2019-20	Budget Utilization	% of utilization						
A.	Admin Expense	71.50	64.47	90.17%						
В.	Education	57.75	55.46	96.04%						
C.	Community Health	220,66	244.89	110.98%						
D.	Sustainable Livelihood Development	487.80	451.41	92.54%						
E,	Rural Infrastructure Development	321.53	249.36	77.56%						
	Total AF CSR Budget :	1159.24	1065.60	91,92%						
F.	Utthan - Education	108.93	81.21	74.55%						
G.	Model Village	197.26	173.65	88.03%						
	Total Project Utthan Budget	306.19	254.86	83.24%						
H,	Adani Vidya Mandir - Bhadreshwar	204.35	184.93	90.50%						
	Total AVMB Budget	204.35	184.93	90.50%						
I.	Project Udaan_Mundra	373.14	307.69	82.46%						
- 1	Total Project Udaan Budget	373.14	307.69	82.46%						
	Grand Total :	2042.92	1813.08	88.75%						



Annexure – 4

Recognised by MoEF New Delhi Under Sec. 12 of Environmental (Protection) Act-1986

"HALF YEARLYENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING REPORT"

FOR



ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LIMITED TAL: MUNDRA, KUTCH, MUNDRA – 370 421

MONITORING PERIOD: OCTOBER 2019 TO MARCH 2020

PREPARED BY:



POLLUCON LABORATORIES PVT.LTD.

PLOT NO.5/6 "POLLUCON HOUSE", OPP. BALAJI INDUSTRIAL SOCIETY, OLD SHANTINATH SILK MILL LANE, NEAR GAYTRI FARSAN MART, NAVJIVAN CIRCLE, UDHANA MAGDALLA ROAD, SURAT-395007. PHONE/FAX – (+91 261) 2455 751, 2601 106, 2601 224. E-mail: pollucon@gmail.comweb: www.polluconlab.com

TC - 5945 ISO 9001:2015 ISO 14001:2015 OHSAS 18001:2007



Recognised by MoEF. New Delhi Under Sec. 12 of Environmental (Protection) Act-1986

MARINE WATER MONITORING SUMMARY REPORT

RESULTS OF MARINE WATER [M1 LEFT SIDE OF BOCHA CREEK - N 22°45'183" E 069°43'241"]

SR.	TEST	UNIT	OCTOBER 2019		NOVEMBER 2019		DECEMBER 2019		JANUARY 2020		FEBRUARY 2020		MARCH 2020		
NO.	PARAMETERS		SURFACE	воттом	TEST METHOD										
1	pH		8.29	8.17	8.21	8.16	8.14	8.05	8.17	8.06	8.15	8.09	8.2	8.04	IS3025(P11)83Re.02
2	Temperature	οС	30.4	30.0	30.2	29.8	29.9	29.6	29.8	29.6	30	29.8	30.3	30.2	IS3025(P9)84Re.02
3	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	276	296	196	127	136	164	149	164	129	146	216	250	IS3025(P17)84Re.02
4	BOD (3 Days @ 27 °C)	mg/L	4.8	Not Detected	5.3	Not Detected	4.2	Not Detected	3.6	Not Detected	3.8	Not Detected	4.0	2.0	IS 3025 (P44)1993Re.03Editi on2.1
5	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5.9	6.0	5.9	6.1	5.5	5.9	5.7	5.9	5.6	5.4	8.8	6	IS3025(P38)89Re.99
6	Salinity	ppt	34.9	35.3	35.1	35.3	34.8	35.5	36.5	37.4	37.1	37.6	34.6	34.4	APHA (22 nd Edi) 2550 B
7	Oil & Grease	mg/L	Not Detected	APHA(22 nd Edi)5520 D											
8	Nitrate as NO₃	µmol/L	3.98	4.15	5.26	5.68	4.9	4.57	6.78	7.29	4.18	4.20	10.8	8.2	IS3025(P34)88
9	Nitrite as NO ₂	µmol/L	0.2	0.16	1.38	0.99	0.72	0.52	0.75	0.97	0.63	0.57	1.1	0.9	IS3025(P34)88 NEDA
10	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH₃	µmol/L	1.90	2.10	3.29	3.47	3.12	2.93	2.69	2.52	1.79	1.86	6.24	5.54	IS3025(P34)88Cla.2.
11	Phosphates as PO ₄	µmol/L	1.1	1.3	2.15	2.56	1.87	1.63	1.52	1.6	1.34	1.41	1.6	1.3	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
12	Total Nitrogen	µmol/L	7.08	7.14	9.93	10.14	8.78	8.02	10.22	10.78	6.60	6.63	8.5	8.2	IS3025(P34)88
13	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	10	Not Detected	13.6	Not Detected	12	Not Detected	17.6	10.2	18	4	PLPL-TPH
14	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	36258	36890.0	36710	36989	35874	36526	37468	38270	37998	38456	36218	36080	IS3025(P16)84Re.02
15	COD	mg/L	18	7.5	19	Not Detected	25	Not Detected	28	20.0	25	17.6	10	8.0	APHA(22 nd Edi) 5520-D Open Reflux
Α	Flora and Fauna														
16	Primary productivity	mgC/L /day	8.77	7.6	10	9.3	13.5	10.8	18.9	15.3	19.8	16.2	2.13	0.76	APHA (22nd Edi) 10200-J
В	Phytoplankton														
17.1	Chlorophyll	mg/m³	3.57	2.45	2.93	2.72	3.25	2.83	2.93	2.67	3.15	2.83	1.11	0.929	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



Dr. ArunBajpai

Lab Manager (Q)

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Environmental Auditors, Consultants & Analysts, Cleaner Production / Waste Minimization Facilitator

	Recognised by MoEF. New Delhi Under Sec. 12 of Environmental (Protection) Act-1986														
17.2	Phaeophytin	mg/m ³	0.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	2	2.26	1.63	1.73	3.2	2.90	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.3	Cell Count	No. x 10 ³ /L	180	72	196	88	204	102	182	104	166	94	228	76	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.4	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Pinnularia sp. Oscilatori a sp. Biddulphi a sp. Rhizosole nia sp.	Navicula sp. Thallasiosi ra sp. Thallasion ema sp. 	Biddulphi a sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Navicula sp.	Cheatocer ous sp. Navicula sp. Gyrosigm a sp. 	Amphipro ra sp. Gyrosigm a sp. Biddulphi a sp. Nitzschia sp.	Thallasios ira sp. Navicula sp. Rhizosole nia sp. 	Synedra sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Biddulphi a sp. Skeletone ma sp.	Navicula sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Thalassiot hrix sp. 	Melosira sp. Cheatocer ous sp. peridiniu m sp Rhizosole nia sp. Thallasion ema sp.	Fragillaria sp. Biddulphi a sp. Pleurosig ma sp.	Biddulphi a sp. Melosira sp. Navicula sp. Nitzschia sp. Skeletone ma sp.	Melosira sp. Navicula sp. Nitzschia sp. Fragillaria sp.	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
С	Zooplanktons														
18.1	Abundance (Population)	noX10 ³ / 100 m ³	5	56		53		59		39		44		0	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.2	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Gastro Cope	Mysids Gastropods Copepods Polychaetes		Bivalves Crustaceans Mysids		pods ceans lves naetes	Ostra Deca Ctenop Gastro	pods ohores	Deca Polych Mys	naetes	Copepods Decapods Foraminiferans Ostracodes		APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.3	Total Biomass	ml/100 m ³	3.	.9	3.8		4.1		2.1		3.45		4.58		APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
D	Microbiological Para	ameters													
19.1	Total Bacterial Count	CFU/ml	24	80	1720		2320		2450		2460		1770		IS 5402:2002
19.2	Total Coliform	/ml	Abs	sent	Absent		Absent		Absent		Absent		Absent		APHA(22 nd Edi)9221- D
19.3	Ecoli	/ml	Abs	sent	Absent		Abs	Absent		Absent		Absent		ent	IS:1622:1981Edi.2.4 (2003-05)
19.4	Enterococcus	/ml	Abs	sent	Absent		Abs	Absent		Absent		Absent		ent	IS: 15186:2002
19.5	Salmonella	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Absent		Absent		IS: 5887 (P-3)
19.6	Shigella	/ml	Abs	Absent		sent	Absent		Absent		Absent		Absent		IS: 1887 (P-7)
19.7	Vibrio	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 5887 (P-5)



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai

Lab Manager (Q)



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RESULTS OF SEDIMENT ANALYSIS [M1 LEFT SIDE OF BOCHA CREEK - N 22°45'183" E 069°43'241"] OCTOBER 2019 NOVEMBER 2019 DECEMBER 2019 JANUARY 2020 FEBRUARY 2020 MARCH

SR.	TECT DADAMETERS	HAITT	OCTOBER 2019	OCTOBER 2019 NOVEMBER 2019 DECEMBER 2019 JANUARY 2020		JANUARY 2020	FEBRUARY 2020	MARCH 2020	TECT METUOD
NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	TEST METHOD
1	Organic Matter	%	0.76	0.82	0.65	0.7	0.83	0.82	FCO:2007
2	Phosphorus as P	µg/g	504	576	612	743	712	170	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
3	Texture		Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	
4	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	PLPL-TPH
5	Heavy Metals								
5.1	Aluminum as Al	%	5.2	4.86	5.2	4.96	4.72	5.6	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.2	Total Chromium as Cr ⁺³	μg/g	118	214	170	136	191	218	AAS 3111B
5.3	Manganese as Mn	μg/g	1236	969	934	905	938	1680	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.4	Iron as Fe	%	5.25	5.1	4.98	5.01	4.82	5.2	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.5	Nickel as Ni	μg/g	21.4	37.4	43	37	27	80.6	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.6	Copper as Cu	μg/g	34.7	58.6	39	28	35	70.8	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.7	Zinc as Zn	μg/g	175	224	120	139	158	240	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.8	Lead as Pb	μg/g	2.13	3.76	2.49	2.12	1.73	8.2	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.9	Mercury as Hg	μg/g	0.07	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	0.12	AAS APHA- 3112 B
6	Benthic Organisms								
6.1	Macrobenthos		amphipods Polychaetes 	Polychaetes Copepods amphipods	Polychaetes Echinoderms Crustaceans	Crustaceans Polychaetes Bivalves	Crustaceans Polychaetes	Decapods Amphipods 	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500-C
6.2	MeioBenthos		Turbellarians	Foraminiferans		Foraminiferans	Nematodes	Copepods Hydrozoa	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500-C
6.3	Population	no/m2	618	559	706	765	676	370	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500-C



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



home.

Dr. ArunBajpai

Lab Manager (Q)



RESULTS OF MARINE WATER [M2 MOUTH OF BOCHA & NAVINAL CREEK - N 22°44'239" E 069°43'757"]

SR.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	ОСТОВ	ER 2019	NOVEME	BER 2019	DECEME	ER 2019	JANUAI	RY 2020	FEBRUA	RY 2020	MARCI	H 2020	TEST
NO.	IESI PAKAMETEKS	ONTI	SURFACE	воттом	METHOD										
1	pH		8.26	8.17	8.13	8.08	8.10	8.01	8.02	7.95	8.16	8.07	8.24	8.06	IS3025(P11)83 Re.02
2	Temperature	оС	30.5	30.1	30.1	29.7	29.9	29.4	29.9	29.7	30	29.9	30.3	30.1	IS3025(P9)84R e.02
3	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	290	312	231	267	134	152	124	149	154	168	260	280	IS3025(P17)84 Re.02
4	BOD (3 Days @ 27 °C)	mg/L	4.3	Not Detected	3.3	Not Detected	3.6	Not Detected	3.0	Not Detected	3.2	Not Detected	4.0	3.0	IS 3025 (P44)1993Re.03 Edition2.1
5	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	6.0	6.1	5.8	6.0	5.6	5.9	5.7	5.9	5.7	5.4	6.6	6	IS3025(P38)89 Re.99
6	Salinity	ppt	35.1	35.3	35.5	35.9	34.7	36.4	36.9	37.6	36.8	37.5	34.9	34.6	APHA (22 nd Edi) 2550 B
7	Oil & Grease	mg/L	Not Detected	APHA(22 nd Edi)5 520D											
8	Nitrate as NO₃	µmol/L	4.18	4.85	5.3	5.41	4.8	4.3	7.12	7.6	6.14	6.30	14.2	10.2	IS3025(P34)88
9	Nitrite as NO ₂	µmol/L	1.3	1.14	1.37	0.92	0.68	0.5	0.376	0.79	0.43	0.59	1.5	1.1	IS3025(P34)88 NEDA
10	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH₃	µmol/L	1.50	2.10	3.26	3.51	3.14	2.91	2.74	2.68	1.90	1.82	5.9	5.5	IS3025(P34)88 Cla.2.3
11	Phosphates as PO ₄	µmol/L	1.9	1.5	2.4	2.58	1.98	1.73	1.63	1.42	1.38	1.53	1.5	1.3	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
12	Total Nitrogen	µmol/L	4.50	5.30	9.92	9.84	8.60	7.71	10.23	11.07	8.47	8.71	7.6	7.4	IS3025(P34)88
13	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	9.3	Not Detected	11.4	Not Detected	15	Not Detected	14.9	13.2	17	7.0	PLPL-TPH
14	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	36610	37394	36890	37014	36186	37894	37812	38450	37616	38370	37128	36726	IS3025(P16)84 Re.02
15	COD	mg/L	16.2	7.0	24.0	Not Detected	23.0	Not Detected	25.0	19.0	28	21	12.0	10.0	APHA(22 nd Edi) 5520-D Open Reflux
Α	Flora and Fauna														
16	Primary productivity	mgC/ L/day	8.73	7.29	9.72	9.36	14.4	11.7	20.7	17.1	21.6	18	1.35	0.67	APHA (22nd Edi) 10200-J
В	Phytoplankton														
17.1	Chlorophyll	mg/ m³	3.04	2.34	2.83	2.4	2.99	2.72	3.2	3.04	3.25	2.93	2.2	0.97	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.2	Phaeophytin	mg/ m³	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.6	1.2	0.9	1.4	0.99	1.34	1.17	3.5	4.4	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai

Lab Manager (Q)

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				Recognis	ed by MoE	F. New Dell	ni Under Se	c. 12 of En	vironmenta	l (Protectio	n1 Act-1986	Š.	-		
17.3	Cell Count	No. x 10³/L	136	61	141	64	160	89	184	90	172	84	285	140	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.4	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		ceratiums p Coscinodi scus sp. Pinnularia sp.	Nitzschia sp. Surirella sp. Biddulphi a sp.	Thallasion ema sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Biddulphi a sp. ceratium sp	Navicula sp. Rhizosole nia sp. 	Surirella sp. Biddulphi a sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Thallasion ema sp. Navicula sp.	Melosira sp. Nitzschia sp. Cyclotella sp. 	Nitzschia sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Rhizosole nia sp.	Navicula sp. Stauronei s sp. Synedra sp. 	Skeletone ma sp. Cyclotella sp. Biddulphi a sp. Melosira sp. Rhizosole nia sp.	Fragillaria sp. Nitzschia sp. Ceratium sp.	Biddulphi a sp. Cyclotella sp. Nitzschia sp. Peridiniu m Coscinodi scus sp.	Thallasio nema sp. Skeletone ma sp. Navicula sp. 	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
С	Zooplanktons														
18.1	Abundance (Population)	noX10 ³ / 100 m ³	4	4	4	7	4	2	5	2	4:	5	32	2	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.2	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		lamellib	Ostracods lamellibranchs Chaetognathes		iscan iceans Ives	Chaeto Polych Foramii	naetes	Deca Amph	opods pods nipods ognaths	Foramir Chaetog Polych	nathes	Gastrot Coper Polychaet Bival	oods e worms	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.3	Total Biomass	ml/10 0 m ³	2.2	25	2.	55	3	.1	2	.9	3.7	75	4.2	2	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
D	Microbiological Param	eters													
19.1	Total Bacterial Count	CFU/ml	22	00	18	40	23	50	22	10	228	30	164	10	IS 5402:2002
19.2	Total Coliform	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	APHA(22 nd Edi)9 221-D
19.3	Ecoli	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS:1622:1981Ed i.2.4(2003-05)
19.4	Enterococcus	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS: 15186 :2002
19.5	Salmonella	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS: 5887 (P-3)
19.6	Shigella	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS: 1887 (P-7)
19.7	Vibrio	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS: 5887 (P-5)



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



1.

Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF SEDIMENT ANALYSIS [M2 MOUTH OF BOCHA & NAVINAL CREEK - N 22°44'239" E 069°43'757"]

SR.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	OCTOBER 2019	NOVEMBER 2019	DECEMBER 2019	JANUARY 2020	FEBRUARY 2020	MARCH 2020	TEST METHOD
NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	ONII	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	IESI METHUD
1	Organic Matter	%	0.69	0.7	0.54	0.73	0.65	0.72	FCO:2007
2	Phosphorus as P	μg/g	470	554	590	714	632	206	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
3	Texture		Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	
4	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	PLPL-TPH
5	Heavy Metals								
5.1	Aluminum as Al	%	5.1	4.36	4.92	4.83	4.85	5.2	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.2	Total Chromium as Cr+3	μg/g	141	270	158	140	203	130	AAS 3111B
5.3	Manganese as Mn	μg/g	903	963	910	932	924	1940	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.4	Iron as Fe	%	5.22	4.9	4.86	4.98	4.98	5.1	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.5	Nickel as Ni	μg/g	37.8	53.2	40	48	32	94.6	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.6	Copper as Cu	μg/g	39.1	28.4	35	32	27	62.8	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.7	Zinc as Zn	μg/g	183	170	154	156	143	256	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.8	Lead as Pb	μg/g	2	3.16	2.68	2.36	1.69	10.7	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.9	Mercury as Hg	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA- 3112 B
6	Benthic Organisms								
6.1	Macrobenthos		Polychaetes Gastropods 	Polychaetes Crustaceans 	Polychaetes Gastropods Branchayrans	Polychaetes Gastropods Crustaceans	Polychaetes Crustaceans Bivalves	Polychaete worms Amphipods Gastropods	АРНА (22 nd Edi) 10500-С
6.2	MeioBenthos		Nematodes	Nematodes		Nematodes	-	Hydrozoa	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500-C
6.3	Population	no/m²	706	647	676	733	616	296	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500-C



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF MARINE WATER [M3 EAST OF BOCHAISLAND - N 22°46'530" E 069°41'690"]

SR. NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	OCTOBI SURFACE	ER 2019 BOTTOM	NOVEMB SURFACE	BER 2019 BOTTOM	DECEMB SURFACE	ER 2019 BOTTOM	JANUAF SURFACE	RY 2020 BOTTOM	FEBRUA SURFACE	RY 2020 BOTTOM	MARCH SURFACE	1 2020 ВОТТОМ	TEST METHOD
1	pН		8.23	8.15	8.20	8.12	8.15	8.03	8.24	8.16	8.19	8.10	8.3	8.15	IS3025(P11)83Re. 02
2	Temperature	оС	30.4	30.0	30.1	29.9	29.9	29.5	29.9	29.7	30	29.9	30.2	30.3	IS3025(P9)84Re.0 2
3	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	283	326	192	211	208	216	183	174	144	152	248	224	IS3025(P17)84Re. 02
4	BOD (3 Days @ 27°C)	mg/L	4.5	Not Detected	4.0	Not Detected	4.2	Not Detected	3.3	Not Detected	3.7	Not Detected	4.0	3.0	IS 3025 (P44)1993Re.03Ed ition2.1
5	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.4	6.2	5.8	IS3025(P38)89Re. 99
6	Salinity	ppt	34.6	34.9	35.6	35.8	35.9	36.6	37.1	37.6	37.5	37.8	35	34.6	APHA (22 nd Edi) 2550 B
7	Oil & Grease	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	APHA(22 nd Edi)552 0D
8	Nitrate as NO₃	µmol/L	3.91	4.28	5.1	5.29	5.36	5.57	6.28	6	5.18	5.0	13.8	8.0	IS3025(P34)88
9	Nitrite as NO ₂	µmol/L	0.16	0.11	1.36	1.14	1.1	1	0.65	0.75	0.61	0.48	1.2	0.6	IS3025(P34)88 NEDA
10	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH₃	µmol/L	3.27	3.90	3.57	3.81	3.40	3.62	2.42	2.16	1.92	1.73	2.7	2.2	IS3025(P34)88Cla .2.3
11	Phosphates as PO ₄	µmol/L	2.83	3.16	3.7	3.21	3.12	3.26	1.64	1.39	1.50	1.29	1.6	1.40	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
12	Total Nitrogen	µmol/L	7.34	8.3	10.03	10.2	9.86	10.2	9.35	8.91	7.71	7.21	3.8	2.7	IS3025(P34)88
13	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/L	12.0	Not Detected	11.3	Not Detected	15.0	Not Detected	12	Not Detected	19	Not Detected	18	12	PLPL-TPH
14	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	36024	36184	37010	37554	36410	37116	37810	38450	38370	38694	36210	35714	IS3025(P16)84Re. 02
15	COD	mg/L	15.6	8.2	24.0	Not Detected	27.0	Not Detected	25.0	19.0	23	17	10	8.0	APHA(22 nd Edi) 5520-D Open Reflux
Α	Flora and Fauna														
16	Primary productivity	mgC/L /day	8.5	6.97	9.18	8.28	15.12	12.24	18.9	15.3	21.42	18	1.71	0.47	APHA (22nd Edi) 10200-J
В	Phytoplankton														and conde
17.1	Chlorophyll	mg/m³	3.2	2.24	2.83	2.72	2.93	2.88	3.09	2.67	3.31	3.09	2.5	0.65	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-Ḥ
17.2	Phaeophytin	mg/m³	1.0	1.9	1.3	1.1	2.7	0.9	1.91	2.3	1.47	1.54	2.4	1.8	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai



				Recognis	sed by MoE	F. New Del	hi Under Se	ec. 12 of En	vironment	al (Protection	on) Act-198	6	_		
17.3	Cell Count	No. x 10 ³ /L	146	70	184	78	196	86	178	94	164	84	264	96	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.4	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Amphipro ra sp. Nitzschia sp. Thallasios ira sp. Ceratium sp.	Navicula sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Biddulphi a sp. 	Navicula sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Cheatocer ous sp. Rhizosole nia sp.	Nitzschia sp. Biddulphi a sp. Pleurosig ma sp. 	Navicula sp. Fragillaria sp. Thallasion ema sp. Coscinodi scus sp.	Nitzschia sp. Biddulphi a sp. Amphipro ra sp. 	Cheatocer ous sp. Navicula sp. Biddulphi a sp. Skeletone ma sp.	Thalassio nema sp. Nitzschia sp. Navicula sp. 	Cyclotella sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Ceratium sp.	Biddulphi a sp. Fragillaria sp. Cheatocer ous sp.	Nitzschia sp. Navicula sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Biddulphi a sp.	Fragillari a sp. Navicula sp. Melosira sp. 	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
С	Zooplanktons														
18.1	Abundance (Population)	noX10 ³ / 100 m ³	4	1	4	6	4	4	4	7	4	2	20)	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.2	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Foramir Polych Gastro	naetes opods	Gastro Crusta Polych	ceans	Cope Mys Deca Chaetog	sids pods	Lamellib Gastro Deca Polych	opods pods	Polych Ostra Gastr	cods	Cope Nemai Polychaet 	odes	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.3	Total Biomass	ml/100 m ³	2.	3	2.	6	2.9	95	2.	.9	3.	15	5.2	.8	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
D	Microbiological Parar	meters													
19.1	Total Bacterial Count	CFU/ml	23	10	17	80	21	50	22	40	22	10	169	90	IS 5402:2002
19.2	Total Coliform	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	APHA(22 nd Edi)922 1-D
19.3	Ecoli	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS:1622:1981Edi.2 .4(2003-05)
19.4	Enterococcus	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS: 15186:2002
19.5	Salmonella	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS: 5887 (P-3)
19.6	Shigella	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS: 1887 (P-7)
19.7	Vibrio	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs		Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS: 5887 (P-5)
						OORAT	0								



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF SEDIMENT ANALYSIS [M3 RIGHT SIDE OF BOCHA CREEK - N 22°46'530" E 069°41'690"]

SR.	TECT DADAMETERS	LIBITT	OCTOBER 2019	NOVEMBER 2019	DECEMBER 2019	JANUARY 2020	FEBRUARY 2020	MARCH 2020	TECT METHOD
NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	TEST METHOD
1	Organic Matter	%	0.7	0.74	0.73	0.65	0.55	0.63	FCO:2007
2	Phosphorus as P	μg/g	461	560	658	698	672	150	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
3	Texture		Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	
4	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	PLPL-TPH
5	Heavy Metals								
5.1	Aluminum as Al	%	5.07	4.46	5.12	4.76	4.89	5.43	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.2	Total Chromium as Cr ⁺³	μg/g	163	276	172	152	169	150	AAS 3111B
5.3	Manganese as Mn	μg/g	970	1010	953	917	960	1570	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.4	Iron as Fe	%	5.18	4.69	4.6	4.86	4.9	5.12	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.5	Nickel as Ni	μg/g	41.3	59.4	37	30	39	50.2	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.6	Copper as Cu	μg/g	35.7	47.3	43	28	32	40.6	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.7	Zinc as Zn	μg/g	201	251	165	198	183	218	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.8	Lead as Pb	μg/g	2.84	2.6	1.9	2	1.78	11.6	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.9	Mercury as Hg	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA- 3112 B
6	Benthic Organisms								
6.1	Macrobenthos		Polychaetes Gastropods 	Crustaceans Gastropods 	Branchayrans amphipods Gastropods	Polychaetes Ostracods amphipods	Polychaetes Crustaceans	Polychaete worms Isopods Decapods	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500-C
6.2	MeioBenthos		Nematodes	Foraminiferans		Nematodes	Nematodes	Nematodes	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500-C
6.3	Population	no/m²	676	588	704	735	618	340	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500-C



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF MARINE WATER [M4 JUNA BANDAR N 22°47'577" E 069°43'620"]

SR.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	ОСТОВІ	ER 2019	NOVEME	BER 2019	DECEMB	ER 2019	JANUAF	RY 2020	FEBRUA	RY 2020	MARCI	1 2020	TEST
NO.	IESI PAKAMETEKS	ONTI	SURFACE	воттом	METHOD										
1	pH		8.25	8.17	8.18	8.12	8.17	8.03	8.21	8.15	8.27	8.21	8.11	8.07	IS3025(P11)83R e.02
2	Temperature	оС	30.6	30.2	30.1	29.8	29.9	29.5	29.9	29.7	30	29.9	30.2	30	IS3025(P9)84Re .02
3	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	264	289	237	249	210	226	236	252	184	201	285	219	IS3025(P17)84R e.02
4	BOD (3 Days @ 27 °C)	mg/L	4.9	Not Detected	3.2	Not Detected	3.8	Not Detected	3.5	Not Detected	4.1	Not Detected	2.5	1.8	IS 3025 (P44)1993Re.03 Edition2.1
5	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	6.0	6.2	5.7	5.9	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.8	5.2	IS3025(P38)89R e.99
6	Salinity	ppt	35.2	35.7	37	37.3	35.8	36.5	37.0	37.7	37.3	37.9	35	34.2	APHA (22 nd Edi) 2550 B
7	Oil & Grease	mg/L	Not Detected	APHA(22 nd Edi)5 520D											
8	Nitrate as NO ₃	µmol/L	3.57	3.81	4.98	5.16	5.2	5.36	6.40	5.97	4.79	4.58	20.6	17.4	IS3025(P34)88
9	Nitrite as NO ₂	µmol/L	0.23	0.17	1.3	1.18	1.19	0.9	0.85	0.68	0.72	0.60	1.2	0.8	IS3025(P34)88 NEDA
10	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH₃	µmol/L	2.91	3.24	3.68	3.34	3.76	3.52	1.92	1.76	1.83	2.14	2.2	1.8	IS3025(P34)88C la.2.3
11	Phosphates as PO ₄	µmol/L	2.16	2.39	3.49	2.56	3.64	3.13	1.84	1.45	1.56	1.83	1.7	1.4	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
12	Total Nitrogen	µmol/L	6.71	7.22	9.96	9.68	10.15	9.78	9.17	8.41	7.34	7.32	7	6	IS3025(P34)88
13	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/L	15	Not Detected	17	Not Detected	13	Not Detected	15.2	Not Detected	19	Not Detected	14	8.0	PLPL-TPH
14	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	36818	37260	37162	37428	36280	37771	37910	38540	38185	38726	36840	36320	IS3025(P16)84R e.02
15	COD	mg/L	21.0	8.6	25	Not Detected	28	Not Detected	29	17	25	16.3	8.0	6.0	APHA(22 nd Edi) 5520-D Open Reflux
Α	Flora and Fauna														
16	Primary productivity	mgC/L/d ay	8.07	6.16	9.45	8.46	13.95	12.15	19.8	16.2	21.5	17.82	2.56	0.67	APHA (22nd Edi) 10200-J
В	Phytoplankton														
17.1	Chlorophyll	mg/m³	2.93	2.67	2.88	2.72	3.2	2.93	3.04	2.72	3.09	2.88	3.1	0.7	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.2	Phaeophytin	mg/m³	1.7	1.1	2.1	1.9	2.6	1.7	1.78	2.32	1.54	1.6	2.4	1.7	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H

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H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai

Lab Manager (Q)

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				Recognise	d by MoEF.	New Delhi	Under Sec	12 of Env	ironmental	(Protection	il Act-1986				
17.3	Cell Count	No. x 10³/L	156	76	178	90	204	98	180	107	164	90	310	80	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.4	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Oscillatori a Navicula sp. Gyrosigm a sp. 	Navicula sp. Fragillaria sp. Ditylium sp. 	Coscinodi scus sp. Cyclotella sp. Nitzschia sp. Thallasion ema sp.	Navicula sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Biddulphi a sp. 	Thallasion ema sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Biddulphi a sp. Ceratium sp.	Amphipro ra sp. Navicula sp. Cyclotella sp.	Nitzschia sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Cheatocer ous sp. Pleurosig ma sp.	Navicula sp. Biddulphi a sp. Synedra sp. 	Melosira sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Thallasios ira sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Nitzschia sp.	Ceratium sp. Cheatocer ous sp. Navicula sp. Nitzschia sp.	Fragillaria sp. Melosira sp. Pinnularia sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Skeletone ma sp.	Nitzschia sp. Amphora sp. Biddulphi a sp. 	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
С	Zooplanktons														
18.1	Abundance (Population)	noX10 ³ / 100 m ³	4	15	5	0	4	7	5	3	4	3	1	7	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.2	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Polych	aceans	Polych Gastro Nema	opods	Cope Ostra	naetes epods acods gnathes	Amph Deca Lamellib Polych	pods pranches	Polych Chaetog Ctenop	gnathes	Cope Ostrac Mollus Ostra	codes scans	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.3	Total Biomass	ml/100 m ³	2.	.6	3.	.2	;	3	3.7	25	3.3	35	10	.2	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
D	Microbiological Parar	neters													
19.1	Total Bacterial Count	CFU/ml	25	540	15	40	22	.30	21	80	23	20	15	40	IS 5402:2002
19.2	Total Coliform	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	APHA(22 nd Edi)9 221-D
19.3	Ecoli	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS:1622:1981Edi .2.4(2003-05)
19.4	Enterococcus	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 15186 :2002
19.5	Salmonella	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 5887 (P-3)
19.6	Shigella	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 1887 (P-7)
19.7	Vibrio	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 5887 (P-5)



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



1.

Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF SEDIMENT ANALYSIS [M4 JUNA BANDAR N 22°47'577" E 069°43'620"]

SR.	TECT DADAMETERS	LINITE	OCTOBER 2019	NOVEMBER 2019	DECEMBER 2019	JANUARY 2020	FEBRUARY 2020	MARCH 2020	TECT METUOD
NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	SEDIMENT	TEST METHOD
1	Organic Matter	%	0.71	0.78	0.65	0.69	0.69	0.96	FCO:2007
2	Phosphorus as P	μg/g	503	546	624	684	658	190	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
3	Texture		Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	
4	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	PLPL-TPH
5	Heavy Metals								
5.1	Aluminum as Al	%	4.85	4.28	5.23	4.8	4.79	5.5	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.2	Total Chromium as Cr ⁺³	μg/g	195	253	163	176	181	190	AAS 3111B
5.3	Manganese as Mn	μg/g	987	1034	926	902	956	1940	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.4	Iron as Fe	%	5.11	4.86	4.5	5.12	4.83	5.35	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.5	Nickel as Ni	μg/g	48.3	50.8	39	18	28	38.6	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.6	Copper as Cu	μg/g	54.8	33.2	54	26	32	72.2	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.7	Zinc as Zn	μg/g	211	180	116	175	192	222	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.8	Lead as Pb	μg/g	2.73	2.14	1.9	2.1	1.86	10.2	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.9	Mercury as Hg	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA- 3112 B
6	Benthic Organisms								
6.1	Macrobenthos		Crustaceans Gastropods 	Copepods Polychaetes 	Gastropods Polychaetes Crustaceans	Polychaetes Gastropods Mysids	Copepods Polychaetes Crustaceans	Polychaete worms Isopods Decapods	АРНА (22 nd Edi) 10500-С
6.2	MeioBenthos		Nematodes Foraminiferans	Nematodes	Foraminiferans	Nematodes	-	Bryozoans	АРНА (22 nd Edi) 10500-С
6.3	Population	no/m²	706	618	645	794	676	296	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500-C



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF MARINE WATER [M5 TOWARDS WESTERN SIDE OF EAST PORT – N 22°46'041" E 069°47'296"]

SR.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	ОСТОВІ	ER 2019	NOVEME	BER 2019	DECEME	ER 2019	JANUAI	RY 2020	FEBRUA	RY 2020	MARCI	H 2020	TEST
NO.	IESI PAKAMETEKS	ONTI	SURFACE	воттом	METHOD										
1	pН		8.25	8.21	8.21	8.17	8.15	8.06	8.21	8.10	8.26	8.20	8.16	8.12	IS3025(P11)83Re .02
2	Temperature	оС	30.4	30.1	30.0	29.8	29.9	29.6	29.9	29.7	30.1	29.9	30.6	30.2	IS3025(P9)84Re. 02
3	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	279	296	172	190	184	201	198	185	181	203	209	170	IS3025(P17)84Re .02
4	BOD (3 Days @ 27 °C)	mg/L	4.5	Not Detected	3.2	Not Detected	4.0	Not Detected	3.6	Not Detected	4.2	Not Detected	4.0	3.0	IS 3025 (P44)1993Re.03E dition2.1
5	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5.8	6.0	5.7	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.7	5.9	5.7	5.3	6.2	5.8	IS3025(P38)89Re .99
6	Salinity	ppt	34.1	38.2	36.3	37.2	35.8	36.6	37	37.8	375	37.7	34.8	34.5	APHA (22 nd Edi) 2550 B
7	Oil & Grease	mg/L	Not Detected	APHA(22 nd Edi)55 20D											
8	Nitrate as NO₃	µmol/L	3.7	3.9	4.72	5.16	4.95	5.12	6.79	7.30	4.96	4.70	14.2	12.4	IS3025(P34)88
9	Nitrite as NO ₂	µmol/L	0.26	0.3	1.13	1.38	1	0.9	0.92	1.26	0.84	0.67	1.3	1.1	IS3025(P34)88 NEDA
10	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH₃	µmol/L	3.57	4.00	3.16	3.47	3.54	3.18	2.74	2.58	1.96	1.72	1.9	1.5	IS3025(P34)88Cl a.2.3
11	Phosphates as PO ₄	µmol/L	2.17	2.35	2.48	3.12	2.69	2.8	1.90	1.73	1.70	1.56	1.7	1.4	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
12	Total Nitrogen	µmol/L	7.53	8.20	9.01	10.01	9.49	9.20	10.45	11.14	7.76	7.09	2.8	2.4	IS3025(P34)88
13	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/L	14.0	Not Detected	12.0	Not Detected	15.3	Not Detected	12.6	Not Detected	15.8	Not Detected	18	7	PLPL-TPH
14	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	36898	36920	37242	37671	36310	37612	37912	38634	38496	38630	35720	35230	IS3025(P16)84Re .02
15	COD	mg/L	17.4	7.2	21.0	Not Detected	20.0	Not Detected	23	16	24.8	17.4	12.0	10.0	APHA(22 nd Edi) 5520-D Open Reflux
Α	Flora and Fauna														
16	Primary productivity	mgC/L /day	7.96	6.41	9	8.46	13.68	11.97	19.35	16.2	19.62	16.56	1.84	0.83	APHA (22nd Edi) 10200-J
В	Phytoplankton														
17.1	Chlorophyll	mg/m³	2.93	2.34	2.88	2.5	3.25	3.04	3.20	2.72	3.31	2.93	1.16	0.97	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.2	Phaeophytin	mg/m³	1.3	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	0.98	1.69	2.0	1.96	2.2	1.6	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai

Lab Manager (Q)

: pollucon@gmail.com 80 Of 368



				Recognis	ed by MoE	F. New Del	hi Under Se	ec. 12 of En	vironment	al (Protection	onl Act-198	6			
17.3	Cell Count	No. x 10 ³ /L	138	50	168	82	190	102	204	102	172	94	340	90	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.4	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Cheatocer ous sp. Cyclotella sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Skeletone ma sp.	Rhizosole nia sp. Melosira sp. Gyrosigm a sp. 	Rhizosole nia sp. Cyclotella sp. Cheatocer ous sp. Skeletone ma sp.	Biddulphi a sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Pleurosig ma sp. 	Navicula sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Thallasion ema sp. Biddulphi a sp.	Nitzschia sp. Melosira sp. Rhizosole nia sp. 	Synedra sp. Biddulphi a sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Navicula sp.	Nitzschia sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Rhizosole nia sp. 	Navicula sp. Melosira sp. Thallasios ira sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Ceratium sp.	Ceratium sp. Nitzschia sp. Biddulphi a sp. Skeletone ma sp.	Amphora sp. Fragillaria sp. Melosira sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Coscinodi scus sp.	Fragillaria sp. Melosira sp. Nitzschia sp. 	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
С	Zooplanktons														
18.1	Abundance (Population)	noX10 ³ / 100 m ³	5	3	6	0	5	5	4	6	5	0	1	5	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.2	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Polych Gastro Crusta	opods	Crusta Cope -	pods	Cope Polych Gastro	naetes	Polych Ostra Ctenop Amph	acods phores	Chaetog Polych Deca	aetes	Polychaet Amph Gastro Cope	ipods criches	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.3	Total Biomass	ml/100 m ³	2.	.8	4.4	1 5	3.	.7	2.4	45	3.	4	5.6	59	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
D	Microbiological Parar														
19.1	Total Bacterial Count	CFU/m I	23	80	21	20	21	80	22	50	22	40	18	20	IS 5402:2002
19.2	Total Coliform	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	APHA(22 nd Edi)92 21-D
19.3	Ecoli	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS:1622:1981Edi. 2.4(2003-05)
19.4	Enterococcus	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 15186:2002
19.5	Salmonella	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 5887 (P-3)
19.6	Shigella	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 1887 (P-7)
19.7	Vibrio	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 5887 (P-5)



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager





Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF SEDIMENT ANALYSIS [M5 TOWARDS WESTERN SIDE OF EAST PORT - N 22°46'041" E 069°47'296"]

SR. NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	OCTOBER 2019 SEDIMENT	NOVEMBER 2019 SEDIMENT	DECEMBER 2019 SEDIMENT	JANUARY 2020 SEDIMENT	FEBRUARY 2020 SEDIMENT	MARCH 2020 SEDIMENT	TEST METHOD
1	Organic Matter	%	0.75	0.71	0.53	0.7	0.75	0.8	FCO:2007
2	Phosphorus as P	μg/g	469	518	590	638	672	270	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
3	Texture		Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	
4	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	PLPL-TPH
5	Heavy Metals								
5.1	Aluminum as Al	%	4.63	4.23	4.98	4.7	4.82	5.33	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.2	Total Chromium as Cr ⁺³	μg/g	189	263	156	168	153	170	AAS 3111B
5.3	Manganese as Mn	μg/g	1137	974	928	940	968	1380	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.4	Iron as Fe	%	3.83	4.65	5.1	4.82	4.9	5.4	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.5	Nickel as Ni	μg/g	39.5	23.9	31	42	32	21.8	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.6	Copper as Cu	μg/g	47.3	41.4	35	30	28	60.6	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.7	Zinc as Zn	μg/g	187	237	174	158	162	172	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.8	Lead as Pb	μg/g	2.64	2.19	1.96	2.14	1.76	17.2	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.9	Mercury as Hg	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	0.18	AAS APHA- 3112 B
6	Benthic Organisms								
6.1	Macrobenthos		Polychaetes amphipods 	Copepods Isopods Crustaceans	Polychaetes Crustaceans amphipods	Hydrozoans Polychaetes Isopods Crustaceans	Polychaetes Gastropods	Polychaete worms Isopods Mysids	АРНА (22 nd Edi) 10500- С
6.2	MeioBenthos		Turbellarians Nematodes				Foraminiferans	Hydrozoa	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500- C
6.3	Population	no/m2	765	676	735	762	645	364	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500- C



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF MARINE WATER [M7 EAST PORT N 22°47'120" E 069°47'110"]

SR.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	ОСТОВІ	ER 2019	NOVEME	ER 2019	DECEMB	ER 2019	JANUAI	RY 2020	FEBRUA	RY 2020	MARCI	H 2020	TEST METHOD
NO.	IESI PAKAMETEKS	ONTI	SURFACE	воттом											
1	pН		8.21	8.13	8.19	8.10	8.17	8.09	8.21	8.14	8.24	8.19	8.05	8.09	IS3025(P11)83Re. 02
2	Temperature	оС	30.3	30.1	30.0	29.8	29.9	29.7	29.9	29.6	30	29.5	30.1	29.6	IS3025(P9)84Re.0 2
3	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	298	312	239	261	206	218	170	182	168	187	186	156	IS3025(P17)84Re. 02
4	BOD (3 Days @ 27°C)	mg/L	4.5	Not Detected	3.6	Not Detected	4.1	Not Detected	4.2	Not Detected	4.0	Not Detected	2.2	1.6	IS 3025 (P44)1993Re.03Ed ition2.1
5	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5.9	6.1	5.8	6.0	5.6	5.9	5.7	5.9	5.6	5.3	6.2	5.8	IS3025(P38)89Re. 99
6	Salinity	ppt	35.2	35.7	36.4	37.3	35.9	36.6	36.7	37.5	37.1	37.8	34.8	34.5	APHA (22 nd Edi) 2550 B
7	Oil & Grease	mg/L	Not Detected	APHA(22 nd Edi)552 0D											
8	Nitrate as NO₃	µmol/L	3.64	3.83	4.7	4.97	4.98	5.12	6.24	6.47	4.76	4.56	7.8	5.2	IS3025(P34)88
9	Nitrite as NO ₂	µmol/L	0.31	0.24	1.23	1.42	1.14	1.28	0.93	1.40	0.57	0.69	1.1	0.8	IS3025(P34)88 NEDA
10	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH₃	µmol/L	3.69	3.81	3.83	4.10	3.26	3.17	2.50	2.37	1.92	1.72	3.1	1.9	IS3025(P34)88Cla .2.3
11	Phosphates as PO ₄	µmol/L	2.41	2.62	1.76	2	1.89	2.3	1.62	1.48	1.36	1.58	1.43	2.24	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
12	Total Nitrogen	µmol/L	7.64	7.88	9.76	10.49	9.38	9.57	9.67	10.24	7.25	6.97	4.3	2.8	IS3025(P34)88
13	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/L	15.0	Not Detected	13.0	Not Detected	15.0	Not Detected	17	Not Detected	19.8	Not Detected	15	10.0	PLPL-TPH
14	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	36624	37260	36928	37742	36371	37123	37638	38634	37994	38696	35602	35112	IS3025(P16)84Re. 02
15	COD	mg/L	16.3	7.9	25	Not Detected	21	Not Detected	27	18	25.2	19	7	6.0	APHA(22ndEdi) 5520-D Open Reflux
Α	Flora and Fauna														
16	Primary productivity	mgC/L /day	7.31	6.25	9.18	8.46	12.96	10	19.62	15.48	20.25	16.47	1.6	1.3	APHA (22nd Edi) 10200-J
В	Phytoplankton														,
17.1	Chlorophyll	mg/m³	2.67	2.45	2.83	2.5	3.04	2.77	3.20	2.9	3.36	2.7	1.15	0.97	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-Ḥ
17.2	Phaeophytin	mg/m³	1.1	1.9	1.5	1.3	1.8	1.8	1.21	1.12	1.16	2.11	2.4	1.9	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai



				Recognis	ed by MoE	F. New Deli	hi Under Se	ec. 12 of En	vironment	al (Protection	onl Act-198	6			
17.3	Cell Count	No. x 10 ³ /L	156	62	172	64	192	84	204	106	164	90	270	65	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.4	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Coscinodi scus sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Biddulphi a sp. Thallasios ira sp.	Ceratium sp. Nitzschia sp. Fragillaria sp.	Navicula sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Biddulphi a sp. ceratium sp.	Navicula sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Fragillaria sp. 	Navicula sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Fragillaria sp. Thallasion ema sp.	Nitzschia sp. Melosira sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Biddulphi a sp.	Biddulphi a sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Cheatocer ous sp.	Nitzschia sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Biddulphi a sp. 	Melosira sp. cymbella sp Thallasios ira sp. Coscinodi scus sp.	Nitzschia sp, Rhizosole nia sp. Biddulphi a sp. cymbella sp	Amphora sp. Cyclotella sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Navicula sp. Thallasion ema sp. Coscinodi scus sp.	Biddulphi a sp. Melosira sp. Rhizosole nia sp. 	АРНА (22 nd Edi) 10200-Н
С	Zooplanktons												•		
18.1	Abundance (Population)	noX10 ³ / 100 m ³	5	5	5	9	5	3	4	3	4	7	18	3	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.2	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Polych Cope Mys Deca	pods sids	Gastro Cope Crusta	pods	Foramir Cope Polych	pods naetes	•	nipods pods	Polych Deca Chaetog	pods	Polychaet Amphi Gastrot Ostra	pods riches	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.3	Total Biomass	ml/100 m ³	2.	8	3.	4	3	3	3.	.1	3.	75	8.3	2	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
D	Microbiological Parar	neters													
19.1	Total Bacterial Count	CFU/ml	24	20	17	40	22	80	21	40	22	50	194	10	IS 5402:2002
19.2	Total Coliform	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	APHA(22 nd Edi)922 1-D
19.3	Ecoli	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS:1622:1981Edi.2 .4(2003-05)
19.4	Enterococcus	/ml	Abs		Abs		Abs		Abs		Abs		Abse		IS: 15186:2002
19.5	Salmonella	/ml	Abs		Abs		Abs		Abs		Abs		Abse		IS: 5887 (P-3)
19.6	Shigella	/ml	Abs		Abs		Abs		Abs		Abs		Abse		IS: 1887 (P-7)
19.7	Vibrio	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abse	ent	IS: 5887 (P-5)



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager





Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF MARINE WATER [M8 RIGHT SIDE OF BOCHA CREEK N 22°45'987" E 069°43'119"]

SR.	TEST	LINITT	ОСТОВ	ER 2019	NOVEME	ER 2019	DECEMB	ER 2019	JANUAF	RY 2020	FEBRUA	RY 2020	MARCI	1 2020	TEST
NO.	PARAMETERS	UNIT	SURFACE	воттом	METHOD										
1	pН		8.28	8.20	8.23	8.16	8.17	8.09	8.20	8.15	8.26	8.10	8.34	8.28	IS3025(P11)83Re .02
2	Temperature	оС	30.3	30.9	30.0	29.8	29.8	29.3	29.9	29.6	30	29.7	29.8	29.4	IS3025(P9)84Re. 02
3	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	272	312	182	203	190	212	246	271	201	219	206	178	IS3025(P17)84Re .02
4	BOD (3 Days @ 27 °C)	mg/L	4	Not Detected	3.6	Not Detected	4.2	Not Detected	4.5	Not Detected	4.2	Not Detected	3.4	2.8	IS 3025 (P44)1993Re.03E dition2.1
5	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5.8	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.7	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.4	6	5.6	IS3025(P38)89Re .99
6	Salinity	ppt	35.3	35.7	36.4	37.3	35.3	36.5	36.8	37.6	37.2	37.9	35.1	34.8	APHA (22 nd Edi) 2550 B
7	Oil & Grease	mg/L	Not Detected	APHA(22 nd Edi)552 0D											
8	Nitrate as NO₃	µmol/L	3.24	3.6	4.73	4.9	4.58	4.24	6.57	6.72	4.83	4.70	9.6	7.4	IS3025(P34)88
9	Nitrite as NO ₂	µmol/L	0.19	0.11	1.64	1.37	1.32	1.1	1.28	0.96	1.56	1.31	1.5	0.7	IS3025(P34)88 NEDA
10	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH ₃	µmol/L	3.74	3.98	3.90	4.18	3.85	4.00	2.50	2.74	1.94	1.72	3.8	3.2	IS3025(P34)88Cla .2.3
11	Phosphates as PO ₄	µmol/L	2.89	3.1	2.2	3.87	2.9	3.12	2.0	1.93	1.80	1.56	2.1	0.612	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
12	Total Nitrogen	µmol/L	7.17	7.69	10.27	10.45	9.75	9.34	10.35	10.42	8.33	7.73	4.9	3.7	IS3025(P34)88
13	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	10.0	Not Detected	9.6	Not Detected	14	Not Detected	17	Not Detected	16	11.0	PLPL-TPH
14	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	36170	36902	37920	38756	36316	37908	37720	38450	38170	38724	35710	35470	IS3025(P16)84Re .02
15	COD	mg/L	18.0	7.6	24.0	Not Detected	21.0	Not Detected	25	17	27.2	18	14	10	APHA(22 nd Edi) 5520-D Open Reflux
Α	Flora and Fauna														
16	Primary productivity	mgC/L /day	8.43	6.4	9.72	8.5	13.68	12.0	18.90	15.75	19.89	16.38	2.43	0.74	APHA (22nd Edi) 10200-J
В	Phytoplankton														APHA (22 nd Edi)
17.1	Chlorophyll	mg/m ³	2.83	2.61	2.67	2.5	3	2.67	3.25	2.88	3.20	2.93	1.2	0.93	10200-H
17.2	Phaeophytin	mg/m³	1.7	1.2	1.6	1.3	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.49	1.09	1.40	1.5	0.4	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai



				Recogn	ised by Mol	EF. New De	lhi Under S	ec. 12 of E	nvironment	al (Protecti	on) Act-198	6			
17.3	Cell Count	No. x 10 ³ /L	174	68	190	78	204	84	198	102	172	86	290	90	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.4	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Melosira sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Biddulphi a sp. Thallasios ira sp.	Nitzschia sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Cyclotella sp. 	Navicula sp. Biddulphi a sp. Cyclotella sp. Fragillaria sp.	Nitzschia sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Thallasion ema sp. 	Nitzschia sp. Thallasion ema sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Melosira sp.	Navicula sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Rhizosole nia sp. 	Rhizosole nia sp. Cheatocer ous sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Nitzschia sp.	Nitzschia sp. Navicula sp. Thallasios ira sp. 	Melosira sp. Thallasios ira sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Ceratium sp.	Nitzschia sp. Biddulphi a sp. Coscinodi scus sp.	Synedra sp. Skeletone ma sp. Biddulphi a sp. Navicula sp. Nitzschia sp.	Fragillaria sp. Nitzschia sp. Thallasiosi ra sp. 	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
С	Zooplanktons	2.													
18.1	Abundance (Population)	noX10 ³ / 100 m ³	6	1	59	9	5	3	4	2	47	7	2	1	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.2	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Chaetog Gastro Polych	opods	Gastro Crusta Cope	ceans	Polych Mys Gastro		Gastro Polych Amph Foramir	naetes nipods	Polych Mys Gastro	ids	Gastro Polychaet Biva Cope	es worms lves	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.3	Total Biomass	ml/100 m ³	3.	.7	3.3	35	3.	.1	3.	.0	3.	9	7.	5	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
D	Microbiological Para	ameters													
19.1	Total Bacterial Count	CFU/ml	25	00	193	20	24	80	23	20	23	50	16	50	IS 5402:2002
19.2	Total Coliform	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	APHA(22 nd Edi)922 1-D
19.3	Ecoli	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS:1622:1981Edi. 2.4(2003-05)
19.4	Enterococcus	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 15186:2002
19.5	Salmonella	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 5887 (P-3)
19.6	Shigella	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 1887 (P-7)
19.7	Vibrio	/ml	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 5887 (P-5)



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



1.

Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF SEDIMENT ANALYSIS [M8 RIGHT SIDE OF BOCHA CREEK - N 22°45'987" E 069°43'119"]

SR. NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	OCTOBER 2019 SEDIMENT	NOVEMBER 2019 SEDIMENT	DECEMBER 2019 SEDIMENT	JANUARY 2020 SEDIMENT	FEBRUARY 2020 SEDIMENT	MARCH 2020 SEDIMENT	TEST METHOD
1	Organic Matter	%	0.73	0.76	0.69	0.71	0.57	0.7	FCO:2007
2	Phosphorus as P	μg/g	497	534	648	620	672	408	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
3	Texture		Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	Sandy	
4	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	PLPL-TPH
5	Heavy Metals								
5.1	Aluminum as Al	%	4.81	4.92	4.98	4.72	4.87	5.4	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.2	Total Chromium as Cr ⁺³	μg/g	167	253	163	158	172	240	AAS 3111B
5.3	Manganese as Mn	μg/g	953	1026	916	930	963	1890	AAS APHA 3111 B
5.4	Iron as Fe	%	5.2	5.08	5.14	4.9	5.02	5.3	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.5	Nickel as Ni	µg/g	43.6	19.9	28	38	31	56.1	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.6	Copper as Cu	μg/g	57.5	46.2	30	47	28	78.8	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.7	Zinc as Zn	μg/g	191	224	152	195	164	282	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.8	Lead as Pb	µg/g	3.27	2.9	1.83	1.98	1.7	14.8	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
5.9	Mercury as Hg	μg/g	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA- 3112 B
6	Benthic Organisms								
6.1	Macrobenthos		Polychaetes Sipunculids	Crustaceans Gastropods	Polychaetes Gastropods	Polychaetes Ostracods Branchyurans	Polychaetes Gastropods Crustaceans	Bivalves Mysids	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500- C
6.2	MeioBenthos		Nematodes Foraminiferans	Nematodes	Ostracods	Nematodes	_	Nematodes Copepods	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500- C
6.3	Population	no/m²	762	733	645	794	676	294	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10500- C



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RESULTS OF MARINE WATER [M11 MPT T1 JETTY N 22°42'278" E 069°43'450"]

SR.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	ОСТОВІ	ER 2019	NOVEME	BER 2019	DECEMB	ER 2019	JANUAF	RY 2020	FEBRUA	RY 2020	MARCI	H 2020	TEST
NO.	IESI PAKAMETEKS	ONTI	SURFACE	воттом	METHOD										
1	pН		8.22	8.16	8.17	8.10	8.14	8.02	8.26	8.16	8.25	8.21	8.15	8.1	IS3025(P11)83Re .02
2	Temperature	оС	30.3	30.7	30.1	29.9	29.8	29.2	29.9	29.5	30.1	29.8	30.3	29.8	IS3025(P9)84Re. 02
3	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	364	381	210	248	224	239	182	170	194	216	310	238	IS3025(P17)84Re .02
4	BOD (3 Days @ 27 °C)	mg/L	4.7	Not Detected	3.6	Not Detected	4.8	Not Detected	4.2	Not Detected	4.6	Not Detected	3.4	3.0	IS 3025 (P44)1993Re.03E dition2.1
5	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5.9	6.1	5.7	5.9	5.7	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.3	6.2	5.8	IS3025(P38)89Re .99
6	Salinity	ppt	35.4	35.8	36.8	37.3	35.4	36.1	36.9	37.8	37.3	37.9	35.7	35.2	APHA (22 nd Edi) 2550 B
7	Oil & Grease	mg/L	Not Detected	APHA(22 nd Edi)552 0D											
8	Nitrate as NO₃	µmol/L	3.57	3.85	4.29	4.56	4.64	4.3	6.27	6.48	5.16	4.87	15.7	10.2	IS3025(P34)88
9	Nitrite as NO ₂	µmol/L	0.23	0.31	1.12	1.9	1.29	1.1	0.84	0.72	0.69	0.60	2.2	1.6	IS3025(P34)88 NEDA
10	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH ₃	µmol/L	3.70	3.91	3.84	3.97	3.90	3.85	2.57	2.40	1.98	1.74	1.7	1.4	IS3025(P34)88Cla .2.3
11	Phosphates as PO ₄	µmol/L	2.23	2.64	2.72	3.81	2.83	3.12	1.83	1.71	1.67	1.48	1.2	0.9	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
12	Total Nitrogen	µmol/L	7.50	8.07	9.25	10.43	9.83	9.25	9.68	9.60	7.83	7.21	2.38	2.25	IS3025(P34)88
13	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/L	15.0	Not Detected	11.0	Not Detected	15.0	Not Detected	13.2	Not Detected	15.2	Not Detected	20	8.0	PLPL-TPH
14	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	36916	37390	38280	38742	36151	36744	37820	38630	38184	38796	36792	36168	IS3025(P16)84Re .02
15	COD	mg/L	19.0	Not Detected	27	Not Detected	23	Not Detected	25	17	24	18	11	8.0	APHA(22 nd Edi) 5520-D Open Reflux
Α	Flora and Fauna														
16	Primary productivity	mgC/L /day	8.64	6.36	9.18	8.28	14.58	12.42	19.62	14.85	19.98	15.48	1.93	1.01	APHA (22nd Edi) 10200-J
В	Phytoplankton														
17.1	Chlorophyll	mg/m³	3	2.72	2.67	2.45	3.26	3.04	3.15	2.88	3.20	2.99	2.1	0.50	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.2	Phaeophytin	mg/m³	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.4	3.0	1.1	2.49	2.16	2.10	1.83	2.5	2.1	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



1

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				Recognis	ed by MoE	F. New Del	hi Under Se	ec. 12 of Er	vironment	al (Protecti	onl Act-198	6			
17.3	Cell Count	No. x 10 ³ /L	157	64	182	97	198	101	210	104	178	86	290	86	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.4	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Navicula sp. Nitzschia sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Coscinodi scus sp.	Nitzschia sp. Thallasios ira sp. Skeletone ma sp. 	Nitzschia sp. Rhizosole nia sp. ceratium sp. Cheatocer ous sp. Gyrosigm a sp.	Fragillaria sp. Navicula sp. Synedra sp. Cyclotella sp.	Skeletone ma sp. Thallasion ema sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Biddulphi a sp. Navicula sp.	Navicula sp. Melosira sp. Amphipro ra sp. 	Skeletone ma sp. Nitzschia sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Cheatocer ous sp.	Biddulphi a sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Nitzschia sp. 	Nitzschia sp. Skeletone ma sp. cymbella sp Biddulphi a sp. Fragillaria sp.	Nitzschia sp. Thallasios ira sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Cheatocer ous sp.	Navicula sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Thallasios ira sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Skeletone ma sp.	Navicula sp. Thallasios ira sp. Biddulphi a sp. 	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
С	Zooplanktons				•		,				,		,		
18.1	Abundance (Population)	noX10 ³ / 100 m ³	6	2	58	3	5	4	50	0	4	7	2	2	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.2	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Gastro Polych Ostra	naetes	Crusta Gastro Polych	pods	Polych	opods naetes phores	Polych Foramir Amph Gastro	niferans nipods	Ostra Gastro Polych		Cope Foramir Ostra Gastro	niferans cods	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.3	Total Biomass	ml/100 m ³	3.	.1	3.4	15	3.	10	2.8	85	3.	6	8.	8	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
D	Microbiological Parar														
19.1	Total Bacterial Count	CFU/ml	26	40	214	40	24	80	23	20	23	70	17	60	IS 5402:2002
19.2	Total Coliform	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	APHA(22 nd Edi)922 1-D
19.3	Ecoli	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS:1622:1981Edi. 2.4(2003-05)
19.4	Enterococcus	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 15186:2002
19.5	Salmonella	/ml	Abs		Abs		Abs		Abs		Abs		Abs		IS: 5887 (P-3)
19.6	Shigella	/ml	Abs		Abs			ent	Abs		Abs		Abs		IS: 1887 (P-7)
19.7	Vibrio	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 5887 (P-5)



H. T. Shah

Lab Manager





Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF MARINE WATER [M12 SPM N 22°40'938" E 069°39'191"]

SR.	TEST	UNIT	ОСТОВ	ER 2019	NOVEME	BER 2019	DECEMB	ER 2019	JANUAI	RY 2020	FEBRUA	RY 2020	MARCI	H 2020	TEST
NO.	PARAMETERS		SURFACE	воттом	METHOD										
1	pН		8.25	8.18	8.19	8.12	8.20	8.13	8.25	8.12	8.24	8.2	8.02	7.88	IS3025(P11)83Re .02
2	Temperature	оС	30.3	30.7	30.2	29.9	29.9	29.5	29.9	29.7	30	29.7	29.4	29.1	IS3025(P9)84Re. 02
3	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	348	365	268	287	216	240	172	197	183	209	290	256	IS3025(P17)84Re .02
4	BOD (3 Days @ 27°C)	mg/L	4	Not Detected	3.5	Not Detected	4.0	Not Detected	4.3	Not Detected	4.0	Not Detected	4.0	3.0	IS 3025 (P44)1993Re.03E dition2.1
5	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5.9	6.1	5.7	5.9	5.7	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.8	5.4	IS3025(P38)89Re .99
6	Salinity	ppt	35.5	35.6	36.7	37.2	36.5	36.9	36.9	37.8	37.2	37.9	36.1	35.7	APHA (22 nd Edi) 2550 B
7	Oil & Grease	mg/L	Not Detected	APHA(22 nd Edi)552 0D											
8	Nitrate as NO₃	µmol/L	3.81	4.12	4.1	4.32	3.68	3.42	6.12	6.35	5.26	5.13	21.8	14.6	IS3025(P34)88
9	Nitrite as NO ₂	µmol/L	0.2	0.28	1.59	1.93	1.3	1.16	0.89	0.82	0.65	0.52	1.7	1.2	IS3025(P34)88 NEDA
10	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH₃	µmol/L	3.59	3.72	3.42	3.67	3.32	3.70	2.41	2.68	2.14	2.36	3.4	2.8	IS3025(P34)88Cla .2.3
11	Phosphates as PO ₄	µmol/L	2.17	2.36	2.39	2.73	2.16	2.4	1.87	1.70	1.63	1.52	1.5	1.4	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 C
12	Total Nitrogen	µmol/L	7.60	8.12	9.11	9.92	8.30	8.28	9.42	9.85	8.05	8.01	5.1	3.8	IS3025(P34)88
13	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/L	16.0	Not Detected	12.0	Not Detected	13.0	Not Detected	16	Not Detected	19	Not Detected	12	7	PLPL-TPH
14	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	36718	37098	38184	38654	37119	38132	37824	38647	37980	38728	36772	35986	IS3025(P16)84Re .02
15	COD	mg/L	18.0	Not Detected	23	Not Detected	26	Not Detected	25	19	27	18.3	12	10	APHA(22 nd Edi) 5520-D Open Reflux
Α	Flora and Fauna														
16	Primary productivity	mgC/L /day	8	6.79	9.72	8.28	14.85	13.59	18.72	16.02	19.35	15.30	2.47	0.74	APHA (22nd Edi) 10200-J
В	Phytoplankton														
17.1	Chlorophyll	mg/m³	2.99	2.50	2.61	2.56	3.09	2.93	3.20	2.99	3.25	3.09	2.2	1.02	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.2	Phaeophytin	mg/m³	2.2	2.0	1.1	2.0	1.5	1.1	1.84	1.91	1.27	1.72	1.6	1.2	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H



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				Recogni	ised by Mol	EF. New De	lhi Under S	ec. 12 of Et	ovironment	al (Protecti	onl Act-198	6			
17.3	Cell Count	No. x 10 ³ /L	196	78	190	82	206	94	210	116	172	98	224	75	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-H
17.4	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Navicula sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Amphipro ra sp. Rhizosole nia sp.	Cyclotella sp. Cheatocer ous sp. Nitzschia sp. 	Rhizosole nia sp. ceratium sp. Coscinodi scus sp. Pleurosig ma sp.	Navicula sp. Biddulphi a sp. Synedra sp. Bacteriast um sp.	Navicula sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Thallasion ema sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Ceratium sp.	Nitzschia sp. Melosira sp. Thallasios ira sp. 	Closteriu m sp. Skeletone ma sp. Melosira sp. Biddulphi a sp. Rhizosole nia sp.	Navicula sp. Thallasios ira sp. Fragillaria sp. 	Melosira sp. Biddulphi a sp. Thallasios ira sp. Rhizosole nia sp. Coscinodi scus sp.	Nitzschia sp. Pleurosig ma sp. Cheatocer ous sp. Navicula sp.	Fragillaria sp. Peridiniu m Melosira sp. Thallasios ira sp. Skeletone ma sp.	Melosira sp. Navicula sp. Nitzschia sp. 	АРНА (22 nd Edi) 10200-Н
С	Zooplanktons														
18.1	Abundance (Population)	noX10 ³ / 100 m ³	5	7	6	2	5	8	4	7	5	1	12	2	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.2	Name of Group Number and name of group species of each group		Polych Gastro Mys	opods	Gastro Nema Crusta	todes	Cope Chaetog Polych	nathes	Amph Polych Gastro	•	Ostra Polych Cope	aetes	Foramin Ctenop Polych Cope	hores aetes	АРНА (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
18.3	Total Biomass	ml/100 m ³	2.	.9	3.	5	3.	15	2.7	75	3.7	75	10	.0	APHA (22 nd Edi) 10200-G
D	Microbiological Pa														
19.1	Total Bacterial Count	CFU/m I	23	50	19	50	21	80	22	50	22	50	147	20	IS 5402:2002
19.2	Total Coliform	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	APHA(22 nd Edi)922 1-D
19.3	Ecoli	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS:1622:1981Edi. 2.4(2003-05)
19.4	Enterococcus	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 15186:2002
19.5	Salmonella	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 5887 (P-3)
19.6	Shigella	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 1887 (P-7)
19.7	Vibrio	/ml	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	Abs	sent	Abs	ent	Abs	ent	IS: 5887 (P-5)



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Lab Manager



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RESULTS OF ETP WATER OUTLET

SR.	DADAMETERS	UNIT			RESULTS OF ETP	WATER OUTLET		GPCB Limit	TEST METHOD
NO.	PARAMETERS	ONII	08/10/2019	11/05/2019	06/12/2019		 		
1	Colour	Co-pt	40	30	40		 	100	IS3025(P4)83Re.02
2	рH		6.91	8.05	7.21		 	6.5 TO 8.5	IS3025(P11)83Re.02
3	Temperature	°C	31.2	30.8	30.1		 	40	IS3025(P9)84Re.02
4	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	59	82	68		 	100	IS3025(P17)84Re.02
5	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	1960	1681	2034		 	2100	IS3025(P16)84Re.02
6	COD	mg/L	98	88	84		 	100	APHA(22 nd Edi) 5520-D Open Reflux
7	BOD (3 Days @ 27 °C)	mg/L	25	23	26		 	30	IS 3025 (P44)1993Re.03Edition2.1
8	Chloride as Cl	mg/L	579	419	570		 	600	IS3025(P32)88Re.99
9	Oil & Grease	mg/L	2.8	2.2	3.1		 	10	APHA(22 nd Edi)5520D
10	Sulphate as SO ₄	mg/L	448	411	536		 	1000	APHA(22 nd Edi)4500 SO ₄ E
11	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH ₃	mg/L	6.24	7.5	5.18		 	50	IS3025(P34)88Cla.2.3
12	Phenolic Compound	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected		 	1	IS3025(P43)92Re.03
13	Copper as Cu	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected		 	3	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
14	Lead as Pb	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected		 	0.1	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
15	Sulphide as S	mg/L	1.3	1.28	1.2		 	2	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500-S
16	Cadmium as Cd	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected		 	2	AAS APHA(22 nd Edi)3111 B
17	Fluoride as F	mg/L	0.6	0.52	0.46		 	2	APHA(22 nd Edi) 4500 F D SPANDS

*Below detection limit



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Recognised by MoEF. New Delhi Under Sec. 12 of Environmental (Protection) Act-1986

RESULT OF AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

			ADANI PORT	– TUG BERTH	600 KL PUMP	HOUSE		
Sr. No	Date of Sampling	Particulate Matter (PM10) μg/m³	Particulate Matter (PM 2.5) µg/m³	Sulphur Dioxide (SO2) µg/m³	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO2) µg/m³	Carbon Monoxide as CO mg/m³	Hydrocarbon as CH ₄ mg/m ³	Benzene as C ₆ H ₆ μg/m ³
1	02/10/2019	63.44	38.64	15.38	35.28	0.55	BDL*	BDL*
2	07/10/2019	82.62	50.26	22.45	30.36	0.72	BDL*	BDL*
3	09/10/2019	79.45	35.84	20.50	33.54	0.44	BDL*	BDL*
4	14/10/2019	84.30	33.41	16.56	36.51	0.66	BDL*	BDL*
5	16/10/2019	75.41	39.47	13.52	26.88	0.74	BDL*	BDL*
6	21/10/2019	61.44	34.65	17.56	23.46	0.42	BDL*	BDL*
7	23/10/2019	87.72	48.37	9.37	37.59	0.57	BDL*	BDL*
8	30/10/2019	71.55	43.55	21.45	40.26	0.33	BDL*	BDL*
9	31/10/2019	89.28	51.25	12.69	34.52	0.85	BDL*	BDL*
10	04/11/2019	90.58	48.37	14.34	29.57	0.74	BDL*	BDL*
11	06/11/2019	65.67	34.59	19.33	39.26	0.44	BDL*	BDL*
12	11/11/2019	82.37	43.29	16.16	36.21	0.77	BDL*	BDL*
13	13/11/2019	68.23	41.58	25.14	32.51	0.57	BDL*	BDL*
14	18/11/2019	79.34	38.50	20.22	24.62	0.81	BDL*	BDL*
15	20/11/2019	84.35	45.37	15.66	38.30	0.53	BDL*	BDL*
16	25/11/2019	76.31	36.26	17.55	42.62	0.36	BDL*	BDL*
17	27/11/2019	95.37	53.24	10.34	33.44	0.64	BDL*	BDL*
18	02/12/2019	88.61	46.58	16.55	35.68	0.52	BDL*	BDL*
19	04/12/2019	67.29	35.42	28.47	42.68	0.64	BDL*	BDL*
20	09/12/2019	71.53	31.22	19.36	39.48	0.39	BDL*	BDL*
21	11/12/2019	90.27	47.33	11.57	36.42	0.87	BDL*	BDL*
22	16/12/2019	76.64	36.34	13.49	32.47	0.68	BDL*	BDL*
23	18/12/2019	80.36	44.25	17.52	34.50	0.74	BDL*	BDL*
24	23/12/2019	75.49	39.25	20.53	43.57	0.48	BDL*	BDL*
25	25/12/2019	69.42	32.43	22.37	26.57	0.92	BDL*	BDL*
26	30/12/2019	82.32	42.33	18.56	37.51	0.78	BDL*	BDL*
27	01/01/2020	79.53	45.37	22.45	29.55	0.87	BDL*	BDL*
28	06/01/2020	90.55	53.49	18.62	34.61	1.01	BDL*	BDL*
29	08/01/2020	83.63	49.24	13.58	31.51	0.66	BDL*	BDL*
30	13/01/2020	73.47	40.25	17.37	42.31	0.53	BDL*	BDL*

Continue ...

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Lab Manager



Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULT OF AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

			ADANI PORT	– TUG BERTH	600 KL PUMP	HOUSE		
Sr.N o.	Date of Sampling	Particulate Matter (PM10) µg/m³	Particulate Matter (PM 2.5) µg/m³	Sulphur Dioxide (SO2) µg/m³	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO2) µg/m³	Carbon Monoxide as CO mg/m³	Hydrocarbon as CH ₄ mg/m ³	Benzene as C ₆ H ₆ µg/m³
31	15/01/2020	67.25	37.55	25.42	38.22	0.72	BDL*	BDL*
32	20/01/2020	92.44	52.70	10.26	32.44	0.94	BDL*	BDL*
33	22/01/2020	86.69	46.37	19.58	21.53	1.02	BDL*	BDL*
34	27/01/2020	78.37	41.33	23.50	27.21	0.76	BDL*	BDL*
35	29/01/2020	69.49	36.21	21.58	35.66	0.42	BDL*	BDL*
36	03/02/2020	63.54	28.47	20.23	37.57	0.93	BDL*	BDL*
37	05/02/2020	78.63	32.55	11.25	27.55	0.72	BDL*	BDL*
38	10/02/2020	86.50	47.58	23.51	38.35	0.44	BDL*	BDL*
39	12/02/2020	71.22	35.46	18.25	31.26	0.46	BDL*	BDL*
40	17/02/2020	90.36	41.87	21.24	34.56	0.84	BDL*	BDL*
41	19/02/2020	82.41	44.50	16.24	23.32	0.76	BDL*	BDL*
42	24/02/2020	75.36	39.59	8.45	29.34	0.62	BDL*	BDL*
43	26/02/2020	66.39	34.30	15.37	32.45	0.66	BDL*	BDL*
44	02/03/2020	90.29	48.66	23.49	41.32	0.52	BDL*	BDL*
45	04/03/2020	70.66	29.30	17.55	43.52	1.01	BDL*	BDL*
46	09/03/2020	83.62	43.54	22.29	29.36	0.82	BDL*	BDL*
47	11/03/2020	68.51	34.22	25.33	42.56	0.77	BDL*	BDL*
48	16/03/2020	80.65	44.33	18.30	28.57	0.96	BDL*	BDL*
49	18/03/2020	79.56	40.25	14.53	36.58	0.55	BDL*	BDL*
	TEST METHOD	IS:5182(Part 23):Gravimetric CPCB - Method (Vol.I,May-2011)	Gravimetric- CPCB - Method (Vol.I,May-2011)	IS:5182(Part II):Improved West and Gaeke	IS:5182(Part VI):Modified Jacob &Hochheiser (NaOH-NaAsO2)	NDIR Digital Gas Analyzer	SOP: HC: GC/GCMS/Gas analyzer	IS 5182 (Part XI):2006/CPCB Method

*Below detection limit



Lab Manager

H. T. Shah



Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULT OF AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

				NEAR FIRE S	TATION			
Sr. No.	Date of Sampling	Particulate Matter (PM10) µg/m³	Particulate Matter (PM 2.5) µg/m³	Sulphur Dioxide (SO2) µg/m³	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO2) µg/m³	Carbon Monoxide as CO mg/m ³	Hydrocarbon as CH ₄ mg/m ³	Benzene as C ₆ H ₆ μg/m ³
1	02/10/2019	89.36	42.82	10.36	20.86	0.47	BDL*	BDL*
2	07/10/2019	58.49	23.47	8.64	26.38	0.64	BDL*	BDL*
3	09/10/2019	69.29	46.24	17.44	29.39	0.31	BDL*	BDL*
4	14/10/2019	74.38	36.86	20.55	33.58	0.41	BDL*	BDL*
5	16/10/2019	60.55	24.30	9.51	18.91	0.19	BDL*	BDL*
6	21/10/2019	71.61	38.51	14.65	35.68	0.25	BDL*	BDL*
7	23/10/2019	64.31	20.25	11.69	23.43	0.44	BDL*	BDL*
8	30/10/2019	53.81	27.77	6.53	30.56	0.53	BDL*	BDL*
9	31/10/2019	62.48	40.08	15.40	28.48	0.62	BDL*	BDL*
10	04/11/2019	80.31	43.52	8.23	22.46	0.54	BDL*	BDL*
11	06/11/2019	91.56	50.36	22.78	36.46	0.27	BDL*	BDL*
12	11/11/2019	62.56	24.55	19.51	24.52	0.70	BDL*	BDL*
13	13/11/2019	81.23	44.61	9.42	28.42	0.50	BDL*	BDL*
14	18/11/2019	65.69	26.64	15.40	38.46	0.41	BDL*	BDL*
15	20/11/2019	73.59	39.39	11.22	21.96	0.65	BDL*	BDL*
16	25/11/2019	83.40	29.43	7.63	32.33	0.52	BDL*	BDL*
17	27/11/2019	67.32	21.68	14.53	25.70	0.48	BDL*	BDL*
18	02/12/2019	76.56	32.68	12.69	24.50	0.72	BDL*	BDL*
19	04/12/2019	61.36	28.39	10.64	37.27	0.55	BDL*	BDL*
20	09/12/2019	54.26	25.64	8.66	33.54	0.22	BDL*	BDL*
21	11/12/2019	83.44	38.48	15.61	30.53	0.49	BDL*	BDL*
22	16/12/2019	57.70	21.51	21.21	27.57	0.77	BDL*	BDL*
23	18/12/2019	75.24	37.52	9.54	24.21	0.47	BDL*	BDL*
24	23/12/2019	68.59	34.60	6.58	36.58	0.32	BDL*	BDL*
25	25/12/2019	59.35	23.64	16.63	42.13	0.61	BDL*	BDL*
26	30/12/2019	64.26	39.27	13.30	32.40	0.66	BDL*	BDL*
27	01/01/2020	74.31	39.23	8.61	20.56	0.63	BDL*	BDL*
28	06/01/2020	86.39	46.40	15.70	27.31	0.86	BDL*	BDL*
29	08/01/2020	71.53	34.23	11.62	22.41	0.80	BDL*	BDL*
30	13/01/2020	65.43	30.43	6.49	36.27	0.36	BDL*	BDL*

Continue ...

H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULT OF AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

	NEAR FIRE STATION											
Sr.N o.	Date of Sampling	Particulate Matter (PM10) µg/m³	Particulate Matter (PM 2.5) µg/m³	Sulphur Dioxide (SO2) µg/m³	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO2) µg/m³	Carbon Monoxide as CO mg/m³	Hydrocarbon as CH ₄ mg/m ³	Benzene as C ₆ H ₆ μg/m³				
31	15/01/2020	59.35	25.47	10.21	31.54	0.61	BDL*	BDL*				
32	20/01/2020	80.40	33.48	12.36	25.73	0.56	BDL*	BDL*				
33	22/01/2020	78.35	42.31	17.50	35.69	0.71	BDL*	BDL*				
34	27/01/2020	68.63	24.35	19.31	23.65	0.85	BDL*	BDL*				
35	29/01/2020	53.63	27.64	7.50	17.37	0.24	BDL*	BDL*				
36	03/02/2020	50.53	21.55	6.86	32.50	0.73	BDL*	BDL*				
37	05/02/2020	63.47	27.51	9.66	19.59	0.53	BDL*	BDL*				
38	10/02/2020	75.64	33.43	12.66	35.69	0.29	BDL*	BDL*				
39	12/02/2020	62.48	29.26	7.65	15.50	0.68	BDL*	BDL*				
40	17/02/2020	73.62	38.06	11.23	27.59	0.57	BDL*	BDL*				
41	19/02/2020	65.88	41.23	14.19	20.37	0.39	BDL*	BDL*				
42	24/02/2020	59.34	28.47	10.41	23.58	0.50	BDL*	BDL*				
43	26/02/2020	71.59	25.47	13.52	26.52	0.70	BDL*	BDL*				
44	02/03/2020	78.50	35.68	16.52	30.58	0.32	BDL*	BDL*				
45	04/03/2020	65.54	21.34	13.57	24.42	0.85	BDL*	BDL*				
46	09/03/2020	72.52	28.68	10.53	19.36	0.61	BDL*	BDL*				
47	11/03/2020	84.36	45.65	12.69	17.56	0.80	BDL*	BDL*				
48	16/03/2020	74.96	39.27	21.59	23.72	0.66	BDL*	BDL*				
49	18/03/2020	66.04	36.56	6.59	32.57	0.76	BDL*	BDL*				
	TEST METHOD	IS:5182(Part 23):Gravimetric CPCB - Method (Vol.I,May-2011)	Gravimetric- CPCB - Method (Vol.I,May-2011)	IS:5182(Part II):Improved West and Gaeke	IS:5182(Part VI):Modified Jacob &Hochheiser (NaOH-NaAsO2)	NDIR Digital Gas Analyzer	SOP: HC: GC/GCMS/Gas analyzer	IS 5182 (Part XI):2006/CPCB Method				

^{*}Below detection limit



Lab Manager



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Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULT OF AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

				ADANI HO	USE			
Sr. No	Date of Sampling	Particulate Matter (PM10) μg/m³	Particulate Matter (PM 2.5) µg/m³	Sulphur Dioxide (SO2) µg/m³	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO2) µg/m³	Carbon Monoxide as CO mg/m³	Hydrocarbon as CH ₄ mg/m ³	Benzene as C ₆ H ₆ μg/m ³
1	02/10/2019	70.65	51.38	16.51	30.48	0.48	BDL*	BDL*
2	07/10/2019	51.32	18.68	13.59	17.51	0.45	BDL*	BDL*
3	09/10/2019	62.61	24.52	15.37	27.52	0.52	BDL*	BDL*
4	14/10/2019	58.72	30.28	10.69	21.54	0.27	BDL*	BDL*
5	16/10/2019	71.38	32.43	17.40	33.42	0.40	BDL*	BDL*
6	21/10/2019	67.70	26.42	7.65	26.37	0.22	BDL*	BDL*
7	23/10/2019	74.41	37.65	19.34	32.46	0.34	BDL*	BDL*
8	30/10/2019	59.47	33.48	8.61	24.60	0.39	BDL*	BDL*
9	31/10/2019	68.58	23.68	11.23	31.55	0.37	BDL*	BDL*
10	04/11/2019	60.78	33.61	19.22	37.54	0.32	BDL*	BDL*
11	06/11/2019	71.22	29.95	11.27	23.58	0.23	BDL*	BDL*
12	11/11/2019	54.61	25.66	13.39	32.47	0.49	BDL*	BDL*
13	13/11/2019	75.36	31.57	16.27	20.22	0.61	BDL*	BDL*
14	18/11/2019	86.32	35.44	8.59	16.65	0.37	BDL*	BDL*
15	20/11/2019	65.61	30.24	18.43	34.30	0.58	BDL*	BDL*
16	25/11/2019	70.67	34.57	9.60	26.50	0.42	BDL*	BDL*
17	27/11/2019	82.60	40.23	20.54	36.35	0.71	BDL*	BDL*
18	02/12/2019	81.66	42.61	21.29	38.32	0.63	BDL*	BDL*
19	04/12/2019	78.20	39.61	19.44	22.40	0.71	BDL*	BDL*
20	09/12/2019	68.46	29.32	12.69	28.43	0.57	BDL*	BDL*
21	11/12/2019	77.36	34.57	7.87	24.37	0.80	BDL*	BDL*
22	16/12/2019	64.51	26.41	15.69	35.45	0.54	BDL*	BDL*
23	18/12/2019	55.78	32.53	22.57	41.51	0.37	BDL*	BDL*
24	23/12/2019	62.47	28.49	14.52	23.54	0.25	BDL*	BDL*
25	25/12/2019	83.41	38.48	9.64	18.62	0.41	BDL*	BDL*
26	30/12/2019	70.69	31.57	11.52	30.45	0.50	BDL*	BDL*
27	01/01/2020	58.22	35.61	20.22	35.67	0.41	BDL*	BDL*
28	06/01/2020	60.54	38.53	10.66	31.69	0.57	BDL*	BDL*
29	08/01/2020	77.53	45.32	18.48	33.51	0.71	BDL*	BDL*
30	13/01/2020	61.55	27.66	13.58	20.55	0.27	BDL*	BDL*

Continue ...

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Lab Manager



Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULT OF AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

	ADANI HOUSE										
Sr. No.	Date of Sampling	Particulate Matter (PM10) µg/m³	Particulate Matter (PM 2.5) µg/m³	Sulphur Dioxide (SO2) µg/m³	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO2) µg/m³	Carbon Monoxide as CO mg/m³	Hydrocarbon as CH ₄ mg/m ³	Benzene as C ₆ H ₆ μg/m³			
31	15/01/2020	53.46	31.53	16.63	19.60	0.81	BDL*	BDL*			
32	20/01/2020	72.61	34.53	7.61	23.42	0.88	BDL*	BDL*			
33	22/01/2020	69.35	37.49	9.58	15.30	0.46	BDL*	BDL*			
34	27/01/2020	56.40	28.53	15.65	30.36	0.60	BDL*	BDL*			
35	29/01/2020	64.20	32.53	12.41	21.55	0.64	BDL*	BDL*			
36	03/02/2020	57.64	25.41	15.67	25.30	0.33	BDL*	BDL*			
37	05/02/2020	71.68	24.53	18.22	30.39	0.48	BDL*	BDL*			
38	10/02/2020	64.31	30.28	8.68	15.62	0.24	BDL*	BDL*			
39	12/02/2020	56.27	26.41	10.36	18.32	0.61	BDL*	BDL*			
40	17/02/2020	61.57	33.57	14.16	23.41	0.40	BDL*	BDL*			
41	19/02/2020	58.48	35.36	11.61	31.60	0.55	BDL*	BDL*			
42	24/02/2020	70.27	31.53	6.86	20.43	0.71	BDL*	BDL*			
43	26/02/2020	52.65	22.57	9.49	28.36	0.42	BDL*	BDL*			
44	02/03/2020	70.22	32.20	21.22	26.44	0.47	BDL*	BDL*			
45	04/03/2020	57.63	26.82	8.64	17.47	0.39	BDL*	BDL*			
46	09/03/2020	77.00	35.69	19.32	38.32	0.56	BDL*	BDL*			
47	11/03/2020	54.24	24.16	17.48	31.64	0.50	BDL*	BDL*			
48	16/03/2020	66.18	31.53	12.67	35.63	0.34	BDL*	BDL*			
49	18/03/2020	59.37	27.57	10.30	28.73	0.62	BDL*	BDL*			
	TEST METHOD	IS:5182(Part 23):Gravimetric CPCB - Method (Vol.I,May-2011)	Gravimetric- CPCB - Method (Vol.I,May-2011)	IS:5182(Part II):Improved West and Gaeke	IS:5182(Part VI):Modified Jacob &Hochheiser (NaOH-NaAsO2)	NDIR Digital Gas Analyzer	SOP: HC: GC/GCMS/Gas analyzer	IS 5182 (Part XI):2006/CPCB Method			

*Below detection limit

H. T. Shah

Lab Manager



Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULT OF AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

				CT-3 RM	U-2			
Sr.N o.	Date of Sampling	Particulate Matter (PM10) µg/m³	Particulate Matter (PM 2.5) µg/m³	Sulphur Dioxide (SO2) µg/m³	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO2) µg/m³	Carbon Monoxide as CO mg/m³	Hydrocarbon as CH ₄ mg/m ³	Benzene as C ₆ H ₆ μg/m³
1	02/10/2019	76.32	45.31	19.40	27.69	0.36	BDL*	BDL*
2	07/10/2019	69.38	36.29	14.57	33.47	0.61	BDL*	BDL*
3	09/10/2019	74.38	39.27	6.41	36.56	0.71	BDL*	BDL*
4	14/10/2019	87.56	42.66	12.61	26.22	0.54	BDL*	BDL*
5	16/10/2019	91.33	50.32	15.66	21.69	0.29	BDL*	BDL*
6	21/10/2019	77.86	24.66	10.34	30.66	0.82	BDL*	BDL*
7	23/10/2019	82.40	44.65	17.61	39.58	0.48	BDL*	BDL*
8	30/10/2019	78.35	40.26	13.57	29.36	0.21	BDL*	BDL*
9	31/10/2019	92.49	47.22	22.42	40.22	0.73	BDL*	BDL*
10	04/11/2019	95.37	53.65	17.55	25.63	0.62	BDL*	BDL*
11	06/11/2019	83.66	46.19	13.52	28.58	0.93	BDL*	BDL*
12	11/11/2019	76.33	38.23	24.34	44.58	0.66	BDL*	BDL*
13	13/11/2019	86.27	49.23	18.73	36.45	0.40	BDL*	BDL*
14	18/11/2019	96.23	54.31	11.21	33.54	0.31	BDL*	BDL*
15	20/11/2019	79.31	41.28	21.28	40.28	0.78	BDL*	BDL*
16	25/11/2019	87.67	45.36	14.39	31.59	0.24	BDL*	BDL*
17	27/11/2019	93.29	48.61	16.56	43.49	0.55	BDL*	BDL*
18	02/12/2019	90.33	54.31	24.34	45.56	0.86	BDL*	BDL*
19	04/12/2019	82.33	44.52	21.26	40.60	0.44	BDL*	BDL*
20	09/12/2019	77.67	40.28	16.36	36.49	0.26	BDL*	BDL*
21	11/12/2019	95.44	50.27	20.59	39.58	0.60	BDL*	BDL*
22	16/12/2019	79.63	32.45	25.38	41.50	0.94	BDL*	BDL*
23	18/12/2019	86.93	47.27	19.60	28.62	0.69	BDL*	BDL*
24	23/12/2019	92.40	51.56	15.26	32.43	1.01	BDL*	BDL*
25	25/12/2019	88.42	45.36	12.52	37.51	0.34	BDL*	BDL*
26	30/12/2019	75.61	35.32	9.54	24.56	0.65	BDL*	BDL*
27	01/01/2020	85.62	48.36	17.60	24.70	0.77	BDL*	BDL*
28	06/01/2020	76.39	42.65	8.67	19.21	0.70	BDL*	BDL*
29	08/01/2020	90.30	54.39	21.54	39.27	0.97	BDL*	BDL*
30	13/01/2020	86.24	46.31	16.39	27.46	0.90	BDL*	BDL*



Lab Manager

H. T. Shah



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RESULT OF AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

				CT-3 RMI	J-2			
Sr.N o.	Date of Sampling	Particulate Matter (PM10) μg/m³	Particulate Matter (PM 2.5) µg/m³	Sulphur Dioxide (SO2) µg/m³	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO2) µg/m³	Carbon Monoxide as CO mg/m³	Hydrocarbon as CH ₄ mg/m ³	Benzene as C ₆ H ₆ µg/m³
31	15/01/2020	77.85	41.53	19.50	34.54	0.49	BDL*	BDL*
32	20/01/2020	87.67	49.56	14.58	38.50	0.58	BDL*	BDL*
33	22/01/2020	91.54	52.35	12.37	31.22	0.38	BDL*	BDL*
34	27/01/2020	73.68	35.32	22.33	35.36	0.52	BDL*	BDL*
35	29/01/2020	80.63	44.65	15.29	29.63	0.29	BDL*	BDL*
36	03/02/2020	74.52	36.53	14.55	23.70	0.58	BDL*	BDL*
37	05/02/2020	91.53	52.52	20.17	33.64	0.81	BDL*	BDL*
38	10/02/2020	80.37	42.52	10.33	27.56	0.63	BDL*	BDL*
39	12/02/2020	77.64	39.53	12.40	25.41	0.78	BDL*	BDL*
40	17/02/2020	83.49	45.36	16.32	30.32	0.32	BDL*	BDL*
41	19/02/2020	70.36	37.49	18.44	28.44	0.25	BDL*	BDL*
42	24/02/2020	82.46	49.27	11.99	34.50	0.45	BDL*	BDL*
43	26/02/2020	76.30	38.23	7.63	17.58	0.64	BDL*	BDL*
44	02/03/2020	85.34	43.52	19.52	33.74	0.73	BDL*	BDL*
45	04/03/2020	76.27	38.61	11.25	28.32	0.63	BDL*	BDL*
46	09/03/2020	69.57	32.65	13.54	21.31	0.95	BDL*	BDL*
47	11/03/2020	79.44	42.57	16.46	26.36	0.69	BDL*	BDL*
48	16/03/2020	88.68	47.19	20.35	31.60	0.53	BDL*	BDL*
49	18/03/2020	72.68	31.53	8.61	14.52	0.86	BDL*	BDL*
	TEST METHOD	IS:5182(Part 23):Gravimetric CPCB - Method (Vol.I,May-2011)	Gravimetric- CPCB - Method (Vol.I,May-2011)	IS:5182(Part II):Improved West and Gaeke	IS:5182(Part VI):Modified Jacob &Hochheiser (NaOH-NaAsO2)	NDIR Digital Gas Analyzer	SOP: HC: GC/GCMS/Gas analyzer	IS 5182 (Part XI):2006/CPCB Method

*Below detection limit



Lab Manager



1

Dr. ArunBajpai



RESULTS OF NOISE LEVEL MONITORING

Result of Noise level monitoring [Day Time]

	Name of Location		ADANI	PORT – TUG BER	TH 600 KL PUPM	HOUSE	
SR. NO.	Name of Location			Result [L	eq dB(A)]		
1101	Sampling Date & Time	24/10/2019	25/11/2019	06/12/2019	17/01/2020	24/02/2020	13/03/2020
1	6:00-7:00	67.2	65.9	66.4	60.8	63.2	62.1
2	7:00-8:00	73.2	68.3	62.2	67.3	67.2	68.4
3	8:00-9:00	70.2	62.7	61.3	64.2	69.3	72.1
4	9:00-10:00	68.9	67.0	64.3	61.2	66.1	74.1
5	10:00-11:00	66.4	72.2	67.2	67.3	69.8	68.4
6	11:00-12:00	70.1	71.6	63.1	70.3	65.3	65.4
7	12:00-13:00	65.5	68.3	65.6	68.4	67.4	68.3
8	13:00-14:00	62.1	63.5	63.2	67.3	62.9	63.1
9	14:00-15:00	67.7	65.8	67.3	63.2	64.1	61.3
10	15:00-16:00	63.3	68.8	63.2	66.6	61.6	67.3
11	16:00-17:00	60.3	62.1	66.1	68.3	66.5	65.3
12	17:00-18:00	68.2	62.9	69.4	65.3	69.5	68.1
13	18:00-19:00	62.1	69.3	66.2	61.9	65.2	65.5
14	19:00-20:00	66.2	63.2	65.9	65.3	62.4	63.2
15	20:00-21:00	62.5	67.5	65.3	68.9	66.3	67.7
16	21:00-22:00	67.3	65.5	62.1	65.3	63.2	64.2
	Day Time Limit*			75 Leg	ı dB(A)		

Result of Noise level monitoring [Night Time]

SR.	Name of Leasting		ADANI	PORT – TUG BER	TH 600 KL PUPM	HOUSE				
NO.	Name of Location	Result [Leq dB(A)]								
1	Sampling Date & Time	24/10/2019	25/11/2019	06/12/2019	17/01/2020	24/02/2020	13/03/2020			
2	22:00-23:00	68.2	64.2	63.9	65.5	60.5	66.3			
3	23:00-00:00	65.3	62.1	68.4	66.5	66.3	64.2			
4	00:00-01:00	62.4	67.7	64.2	64.1	63.4	60.2			
5	01:00-02:00	69.3	69.4	62.8	63.4	67.5	60.7			
6	02:00-03:00	66.3	68.4	67.8	65.1	67.0	64.2			
7	03:00-04:00	67.5	66.8	64.8	61.8	66.3	62.1			
8	04:00-05:00	69.3	64.7	67.4	62.4	62.3	65.3			
9	05:00-06:00	68.4	67.3	65.3	61.4	67.4	62.5			
	Night Time Limit*			70 Lec	η dB(A)					

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Lab Manager



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RESULTS OF NOISE LEVEL MONITORING

Result of Noise level monitoring [Day Time]

				NEAR FIRE	STATION		
SR. NO.	Name of Location			Result [L	eq dB(A)]		
1101	Sampling Date & Time	18/10/2019	20/11/2019	18/12/2019	10/01/2020	12/02/2020	
1	6:00-7:00	67.4	67.3	63.2	63.2	65.3	
2	7:00-8:00	68.1	64.2	67.3	68.5	68.3	
3	8:00-9:00	62.3	62.1	69.5	70.3	71.2	
4	9:00-10:00	66.1	65.9	71.5	64.2	63.2	
5	10:00-11:00	61.3	73.2	65.6	63.9	62.1	
6	11:00-12:00	66.8	70.4	67.3	69.5	66.5	
7	12:00-13:00	64.4	66.4	63.7	67.3	69.3	
8	13:00-14:00	69.4	69.4	67.4	64.2	65.3	
9	14:00-15:00	67.2	64.1	72.9	63.8	71.4	
10	15:00-16:00	68.4	69.7	71.3	69.4	67.5	
11	16:00-17:00	65.5	65.3	64.8	67.3	66.3	
12	17:00-18:00	62.1	63.8	69.5	63.5	65.1	
13	18:00-19:00	68.3	67.4	65.6	65.5	68.5	
14	19:00-20:00	65.2	66.9	67.3	69.4	66.2	
15	20:00-21:00	68.1	69.4	63.2	65.3	62.4	
16	21:00-22:00	69.3	64.9	62.3	64.2	65.7	
	Day Time Limit*			75 Leg	ı dB(A)		

Result of Noise level monitoring [Night Time]

SR.	Name of Location			NEAR FIRE	STATION					
NO.	Name of Location	Result [Leq dB(A)]								
1	Sampling Date & Time	18/10/2019	20/11/2019	18/12/2019	13/01/2020	12/02/2020				
2	22:00-23:00	66.3	66.8	68.3	53.4	65.3				
3	23:00-00:00	62.2	62.1	66.4	56.1	62.8				
4	00:00-01:00	65.9	68.4	62.9	50.2	60.4				
5	01:00-02:00	69.4	64.2	68.4	52.7	66.4				
6	02:00-03:00	69.8	62.5	68.9	57.4	68.4				
7	03:00-04:00	66.1	65.5	69.2	60.4	64.2				
8	04:00-05:00	61.5	68.8	61.9	60.8	68.6				
9	05:00-06:00	65.3	62.2	66.9	61.8	65.4				
	Night Time Limit*			70 Lec	dB(A)					



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RESULTS OF NOISE LEVEL MONITORING

Result of Noise level monitoring [Day Time]

	Name of Location			ADANI	HOUSE		
SR. NO.	Name of Location			Result [L	eq dB(A)]		
ito.	Sampling Date & Time	02/10/2019	22/11/2019	02/12/2019	22/01/2020	05/02/2020	04/03/2020
1	6:00-7:00	64.2	64.2	65.3	66.3	65.3	64.8
2	7:00-8:00	68.4	67.9	64.8	68.3	67.8	67.4
3	8:00-9:00	74.2	70.3	68.2	69.2	62.1	70.2
4	9:00-10:00	67.3	64.1	70.2	65.2	68.3	68.2
5	10:00-11:00	70.2	66.8	69.5	63.6	65.3	65.2
6	11:00-12:00	71.3	69.4	67.3	66.2	68.3	62.3
7	12:00-13:00	65.3	71.3	63.2	61.3	67.6	67.4
8	13:00-14:00	68.2	65.3	66.7	67.4	70.4	63.2
9	14:00-15:00	63.1	63.8	67.2	64.6	65.3	61.3
10	15:00-16:00	61.4	68.5	71.2	70.3	64.1	67.3
11	16:00-17:00	64.2	68.8	69.2	65.3	62.9	69.4
12	17:00-18:00	68.4	64.3	64.2	63.5	66.3	72.2
13	18:00-19:00	68.1	63.2	62.4	68.3	64.2	67.3
14	19:00-20:00	66.4	62.7	65.3	70.2	67.4	65.3
15	20:00-21:00	69.8	65.5	68.3	67.5	64.3	63.1
16	21:00-22:00	63.2	67.5	64.2	66.9	65.7	65.3
	Day Time Limit*			75 Lec	dB(A)		

Result of Noise level monitoring [Night Time]

SR.	Name of Location			ADANI	HOUSE					
NO.	Name of Location	Result [Leq dB(A)]								
1	Sampling Date & Time	02/10/2019	22/11/2019	02/12/2019	22/01/2020	05/02/2020	04/03/2020			
2	22:00-23:00	69.4	67.4	65.3	66.2	68.3	67.4			
3	23:00-00:00	64.2	64.3	68.3	63.4	65.3	64.2			
4	00:00-01:00	62.1	65.4	63.9	63.2	67.2	60.3			
5	01:00-02:00	60.4	64.1	68.5	62.2	60.3	65.3			
6	02:00-03:00	65.5	61.6	64.3	65.3	62.6	66.1			
7	03:00-04:00	68.5	66.9	62.1	60.3	58.4	63.2			
8	04:00-05:00	67.4	64.7	64.3	58.3	60.3	61.5			
9	05:00-06:00	63.2	65.1	62.6	60.2	63.1	64.3			
	Night Time Limit*			70 Lec	η dB(A)					

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RESULTS OF NOISE LEVEL MONITORING

Result of Noise level monitoring [Day Time]

	Name of Location	CT-3 RMU-2									
SR. NO.	Ivallie of Location	Result [Leq dB(A)]									
1101	Sampling Date & Time	14/10/2019	27/11/2019	20/12/2019	22/01/2020	07/02/2020	20/03/2020				
1	6:00-7:00	64.2	67.4	60.4	58.3	62.4	61.2				
2	7:00-8:00	68.4	64.3	67.3	60.4	67.4	65.2				
3	8:00-9:00	73.2	71.7	63.2	64.2	60.3	67.4				
4	9:00-10:00	69.3	67.9	62.3	68.3	63.4	69.6				
5	10:00-11:00	66.2	69.4	69.5	64.4	68.2	66.4				
6	11:00-12:00	62.9	63.5	65.2	69.5	66.3	63.1				
7	12:00-13:00	69.5	65.3	63.7	66.2	63.2	61.8				
8	13:00-14:00	65.5	63.2	70.2	62.4	65.2	68.4				
9	14:00-15:00	62.2	61.8	68.3	69.4	68.5	64.2				
10	15:00-16:00	65.8	67.4	67.1	65.3	64.2	66.9				
11	16:00-17:00	68.2	64.3	62.8	64.5	67.3	68.5				
12	17:00-18:00	68.9	66.7	67.7	68.4	62.1	63.2				
13	18:00-19:00	64.2	65.4	63.3	65.2	65.7	69.5				
14	19:00-20:00	62.1	69.8	64.2	62.5	69.3	65.2				
15	20:00-21:00	67.1	65.1	62.8	67.4	67.7	62.1				
16	21:00-22:00	69.3	62.4	67.8	64.5	62.3	65.8				
	Day Time Limit*	75 Leq dB(A)									

Result of Noise level monitoring [Night Time]

SR.	Name of Location	CT-3 RMU-2									
NO.	Name of Location	Result [Leq dB(A)]									
1	Sampling Date & Time	14/10/2019	27/11/2019	20/12/2019	22/01/2020	07/02/2020	20/03/2020				
2	22:00-23:00	62.1	67.2	65.9	65.2	64.3	65.3				
3	23:00-00:00	65.3	62.1	68.4	60.4	68.6	63.1				
4	00:00-01:00	68.3	68.3	64.7	61.4	60.3	60.4				
5	01:00-02:00	68.3	63.2	67.5	60.8	58.8	58.2				
6	02:00-03:00	60.2	66.9	62.9	60.7	59.3	62.3				
7	03:00-04:00	62.2	62.3	69.5	58.4	62.4	60.3				
8	04:00-05:00	65.1	68.9	65.7	62.4	61.7	62.2				
9	05:00-06:00	61.3	62.9	62.8	60.3	64.4	60.4				
	Night Time Limit*	70 Leq dB(A)									

0-10-

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RESULT OF STACK MONITORING

SR NO	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	STD. LIMIT	THERMIC FLUID HEATER (BITUMEN- 01)	THERMIC FLUID HEATER (BITUMEN- 02)	HOT WATER SYSTEM-1	HOT WATER SYSTEM-2	TEST METHOD		
	OCTOBER 2019									
1	Particulate Matter	mg/Nm ³	150	15.51				IS:11255 (Part-I):1985		
2	Sulfur dioxide	ppm	100	5.63				IS:11255 (Part-II):1985		
3	Oxides of Nitrogen	ppm	50	30.65				IS:11255 (Part- VII):2005		
					NOVEM	BER 2019				
1	Particulate Matter	mg/Nm ³	150	21.53			25.75	IS:11255 (Part-I):1985		
2	Sulfur dioxide	ppm	100	4.09			5.64	IS:11255 (Part-II):1985		
3	Oxides of Nitrogen	ppm	50	32.41			37.46	IS:11255 (Part- VII):2005		
					DECEM	BER 2019				
1	Particulate Matter	mg/Nm ³	150		14.80			IS:11255 (Part-I):1985		
2	Sulfur dioxide	ppm	100		3.62			IS:11255 (Part-II):1985		
3	Oxides of Nitrogen	ppm	50		31.70			IS:11255 (Part- VII):2005		
					JANUA	RY 2020				
1	Particulate Matter	mg/Nm ³	150	23.74		25.61		IS:11255 (Part-I):1985		
2	Sulfur dioxide	ppm	100	3.57		5.82		IS:11255 (Part-II):1985		
3	Oxides of Nitrogen	ppm	50	35.33		36.72		IS:11255 (Part- VII):2005		
					FEBRU/	ARY 2020				
1	Particulate Matter	mg/Nm ³	150		18.72			IS:11255 (Part-I):1985		
2	Sulfur dioxide	ppm	100		2.64			IS:11255 (Part-II):1985		
3	Oxides of Nitrogen	ppm	50		28.33			IS:11255 (Part- VII):2005		
	MARCH 2020									
1	Particulate Matter	mg/Nm ³	150		24.34		18.61	IS:11255 (Part-I):1985		
2	Sulfur dioxide	ppm	100		2.89		5.47	IS:11255 (Part-II):1985		
3	Oxides of Nitrogen	ppm	50		23.64		30.63	IS:11255 (Part- VII):2005		

*Below detection limit

Results on 11 % O₂ Correction when Oxygen is greater than 11 %. And 12% CO₂correction when CO₂is less thsn 12%



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RESULTS OF D.G. STACK MONITORING

			07/10/2019	07/10/2019	07/10/2019		
SR. NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	Unit		Adani Port	GPCB		
			D.G. Set-1 (500 KVA)	D.G. Set-2 (500 KVA)	D.G. Set-3 (500 KVA)	Limit	Test Method
1	Particulate Matter	mg/Nm ³	16.82	14.38	12.56	150	IS:11255 (Part-I):1985
2	Sulphur Dioxide	ppm	5.49	3.92	7.44	100	IS:11255 (Part-II):1985
3	Oxide of Nitrogen	ppm	34.34	31.84	35.74	50	IS:11255 (Part- VII):2005
4	Carbon Monoxide	mg/m3	8.7	8.6	6.3	Not Specified	Digital Gas Analyzer
5	Hydro Carbon NMHC	ppm	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Specified	Gas Chromatography

^{*}DG sets are used as standby, so stack monitoring is done on quarterly basis. Results on 15 % O2 Correction when Oxygen is greater than 15 %

			07/10/2019	07/10/2019	11/02/2020		
SR. NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	Unit		Adani Port	GPCB		
			D.G. Set-4 (500 KVA)	D.G. Set-5 (500 KVA)	D.G. Set -6, 7 & 8 (1250 KVA, each)	Limit	Test Method
1	Particulate Matter	mg/Nm³	10.51	13.84	14.25	150	IS:11255 (Part-I):1985
2	Sulphur Dioxide	ppm	4.41	5.51	6.41	100	IS:11255 (Part-II):1985
3	Oxide of Nitrogen	ppm	36.81	30.52	35.86	50	IS:11255 (Part- VII):2005
4	Carbon Monoxide	mg/m3	5.2	5.1		Not Specified	Digital Gas Analyzer
5	Hydro Carbon NMHC	ppm	Not Detected	Not Detected		Not Specified	Gas Chromatography

^{*}DG sets are used as standby, so stack monitoring is done on quarterly basis. Results on 15 % O2 Correction when Oxygen is greater than 15 %



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Environmental Auditors, Consultants & Analysts. Cleaner Production / Waste Minimization Facilitator

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			26/02/2020	26/02/2020	26/02/2020		
SR.	TECT DADAMETEDS	11		CT-4		GPCB	To at Marth and
NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	Unit	D.G. Set-1 (1500 KVA)	D.G. Set-2 (1500 KVA)	D.G. Set-3 (1500 KVA)	Limit	Test Method
1	Particulate Matter	mg/Nm³	28.41	19.82	23.27	150	IS:11255 (Part-I):1985
2	Sulphur Dioxide	ppm	6.55	5.36	7.69	100	IS:11255 (Part-II):1985
3	Oxide of Nitrogen	ppm	32.88	30.78	36.72	50	IS:11255 (Part- VII):2005
4	Carbon Monoxide	mg/m3				Not Specified	Digital Gas Analyzer
5	Hydro Carbon NMHC	ppm				Not Specified	Gas Chromatography

^{*}DG sets are used as standby, so stack monitoring is done on quarterly basis. Results on 15 % O2 Correction when Oxygen is greater than 15 %

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Minimum Detection Limit [MDL]

Ambient Air Parameters				
Sr. No.	Test Parameter	MDL		
1	Particulate Matter (PM10) (µg/m³)	10		
2	Particulate Matter (PM 2.5) (μg/m³)	10		
3	Sulphur Dioxide (SO ₂) (μg/m ³)	5		
4	Oxides of Nitrogen (µg/m³)	5		
5	Hydrogen Sulphide as H2S (μg/m³)	6		

	Stack Parameters					
Sr.No.	Test Parameter	MDL				
1	Particulate Matter (mg/Nm³)	10				
2	Sulphur Dioxide (ppm)	1.52				
3	Oxides of Nitrogen (ppm)	2.65				
4	Carbon Monoxide (mg/Nm³)	0.1				
5	Haydro Carbon NMHC (ppm)	1.0				

	Sea Water Parameters					
SR. NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	MDL			
1	pH		2			
2	Temperature	°C	2			
3	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	2			
4	BOD (3 Days @ 27 °C)	mg/L	1			
5	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0.1			
6	Salinity	ppt	1			
7	Oil & Grease	mg/L	2			
8	Nitrate as NO ₃	μmol/L	0.5			
9	Nitrite as NO ₂	μmol/L	0.01			
10	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH ₃	μmol/L	0.2			
11	Phosphates as PO ₄	μmol/L	0.5			
12	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/L	1			
13	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	10			
14	COD	mg/L	3			
15	Primary productivity	mgC/L/day	0.1			
16	Chlorophyll	mg/m³	0.1			
17	Phaeophytin	mg/m³	0.1			
18	Cell Count	No. x 10 ³ /L	1			

	Sea Sediment Parameter	rs	
SR. NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	MDL
1	Organic Matter	%	0.1
2	Phosphorus as P	μg/g	1
3	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	μg/g	1
4	Aluminum as Al	%	0.1
5	Manganese as Mn	μg/g	1
6	Mercury as Hg	μg/g	0.1



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	STP Water parameter(mg/L)					
Sr. No.	Test parameter	MDL				
1	pH	2				
2	Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2				
3	BOD (3 days @ 270 C) (mg/L)	1				
4	Residual Chlorine (mg/L)	0.2				
5	Fecal Coliform (MPN INDEX/100 mL)	1.8				

	ETP Water Parameters						
SR. NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	MDL				
1	Colour	Co-pt	2				
2	pH		2				
3	Temperature	°C	2				
4	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	2				
5	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	10				
6	COD	mg/L	3				
7	BOD (3 Days @ 27 °C)	mg/L	1				
8	Chloride as Cl	mg/L	1				
9	Oil & Grease	mg/L	2				
10	Sulphate as SO ₄	mg/L	1				
11	Ammonical Nitrogen as NH ₃	mg/L	0.2				
12	Phenolic Compound	mg/L	0.005				
13	Copper as Cu	mg/L	0.01				
14	Lead as Pb	mg/L	0.01				
15	Sulphide as S	mg/L	0.1				
16	Cadmium as Cd	mg/L	0.002				
17	Fluoride as F	mg/L	0.05				



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"HALF YEARLY ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING REPORT"

FOR



BORE HOLE WATER ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LIMITED TAL: MUNDRA, KUTCH, MUNDRA – 370 421

MONITORING PERIOD: OCTOBER 2019 TO MARCH 2020

PREPARED BY:



POLLUCON LABORATORIES PVT.LTD.

PLOT NO.5/6 "POLLUCON HOUSE", OPP. BALAJI INDUSTRIAL SOCIETY, OLD SHANTINATH SILK MILL LANE, NEAR GAYTRI FARSAN MART, NAVJIVAN CIRCLE, UDHANA MAGDALLA ROAD, SURAT-395007.

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TC - 5945 ISO 9001:2015 ISO 14001:2015 OHSAS 18001:2007



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RESULTS OF BORE HOLE WATER

SR.	TEST DADAMETERS			RESULTS		
NO	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	PUMP HOUSE-1	PUMP HOUSE-2	PUMP HOUSE-3	TEST METHOD
	Sampling Date		06/12/2019	06/12/2019	06/12/2019	
1	pH		7.84	7.78	7.87	IS3025(P11)83Re.02
2	Salinity	ppt	5.60	1.72	1.8	APHA 2520B
3	Oil & Grease	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	1.8	APHA(22ndEdi)5520D
4	Hydrocarbon	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	GC/GC-MS
5	Lead as Pb	mg/L	0.058	0.062	0.072	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
6	Arsenic as As	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA 3114 B
7	Nickel as Ni	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
8	Total Chromium as Cr	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS 3111B
9	Cadmium as Cd	mg/L	Not Detected	0.036	0.038	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
10	Mercury as Hg	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA- 3112 B
11	Zinc as Zn	mg/L	Not Detected	2.31	0.42	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
12	Copper as Cu	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
13	Iron as Fe	mg/L	4.28	5.44	2.70	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
14	Insecticides/Pesticides	mg/L	Absent	Absent	Absent	GC/GC-MS
15	Depth of Water Level from Ground Level	meter	1.9	2.05	1.8	

*BDL: Below Detection Limit

-61-0

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SR.	TECT DADAMETERS		RESUL	TS	
NO	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	NEAR ETP OFFICE	NEAR CONTROL ROOM	TEST METHOD
	Sampling Date		06/12/2019	06/12/2019	
1	pH		7.89	7.81	IS3025(P11)83Re.02
2	Salinity	ppt	14	6.4	APHA 2520B
3	Oil & Grease	mg/L	2.83	Not Detected	APHA(22ndEdi)5520D
4	Hydrocarbon	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	GC/GC-MS
5	Lead as Pb	mg/L	0.052	0.062	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
6	Arsenic as As	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA 3114 B
7	Nickel as Ni	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
8	Total Chromium as Cr	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS 3111B
9	Cadmium as Cd	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
10	Mercury as Hg	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA- 3112 B
11	Zinc as Zn	mg/L	0.087	3.26	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
12	Copper as Cu	mg/L	Not Detected	Not Detected	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
13	Iron as Fe	mg/L	0.32	5.7	AAS APHA(22ndEdi)3111 B
14	Insecticides/Pesticides	mg/L	Absent	Absent	GC/GC-MS
15	Depth of Water Level from Ground Level	meter	2.1	2.1	

*BDL: Below Detection Limit

01-10

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	Borehole Water Parameters					
SR. NO.	TEST PARAMETERS	UNIT	MDL			
1	pH		2			
2	Salinity	mg/L	0.5			
3	Oil & Grease	mg/L	2			
4	Hydrocarbon	mg/L	0.01			
5	Lead as Pb	mg/L	0.01			
6	Arsenic as As	mg/L	0.001			
7	Nickel as Ni	mg/L	0.02			
8	Total Chromium as Cr	mg/L	0.025			
9	Cadmium as Cd	mg/L	0.002			
10	Mercury as Hg	mg/L	0.005			
11	Zinc as Zn	mg/L	0.06			
12	Copper as Cu	mg/L	0.01			
13	Iron as Fe	mg/L	0.1			
14	Insecticides/Pesticides	mg/L	0.1			

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Annexure – 5

Chiragsing Rajput

From: Chiragsing Rajput

Sent: Monday, April 6, 2020 6:14 PM

To: 'ro-gpcb-kute@gujarat.gov.in'; rowz.bpl-mef@nic.in; mefcc.ia3@gmail.com;

monitoring-ec@nic.in; 'ms-gpcb@gujarat.gov.in'

Cc: Shalin Shah; Azharuddin Kazi; Vivek Gundraniya; Kripa Shah; Mahendra Kumar

Ghritlahre (Mahendra.Ghritlahare@adani.com); Ashvin Kumar Patni; Dhanesh Tank

Subject: Intimation Letter_Stoppage of Environment Monitoring due to COVID-19_APSEZ,

Mundra

Attachments: Letter Stoppage of Environmental Monitoring due to COVID-19.pdf

Dear Sir,

Please find attached intimation letter w.r.t. stoppage of environmental monitoring within Adani Ports & SEZ Limited, Mundra, Kutch (Gujarat) since 23rd March, 2020 considering COVID-19 Pandemic lockdown.

So kindly consider this submission and oblige.

Thanks & Regards, Chiragsing Rajput

Environment Cell | Adani Ports & Special Economic Zone Ltd.

Mob +919687678443 | Ext: 52132 | chiragsing.rajput@adani.com | www.adani.com

Adani House, 1st Floor, P.O. Box 1, Mundra 370 421, Gujarat, India.



Our Values: Courage | Trust | Commitment

1



APSEZL/ EnvCell/2020-21/001

To,

Regional Officer,

Regional Office - East Kutch

Gujarat Pollution Control Board,

Gandhidham - 370201.

Subject: Intimation for stoppage of environmental monitoring within APSEZ, Mundra (Kutch,

Date: 06.04.2020

Gujarat) during COVID - 19 Pandemic lockdown.

Regulatory Permission obtained by APSEZ, Mundra (Kutch, Gujarat) as per attached

Annexure – 1.

Dear Sir,

With reference to above stated subject, we would like intimate you that, in compliance to various regulatory permissions granted by MoEF&CC/SEIAA as well as SPCB for various project, M/s. Adani Ports and SEZ Limited, Mundra (Kutch, Gujarat) has been regularly carrying out post environment clearance, monitoring (environmental attributes viz. Air, Water, Noise, Soil, Marine etc.) through NABL accredited / MoEF recognized laboratory and same is being reported/submitted to regulatory body periodically.

However, considering the current scenario of COVID – 19 Pandemic lockdown, we were forced to stop the Environmental Monitoring from 23rd March, 2020 and same shall be restarted after completion of this lockdown period and/or when the condition is normalized (as directed by district administration/State/Central Govt.). The date of restart of Environment Monitoring, shall be communicated to your good office.

Kindly consider our above submission and oblige.

Thanks & Regards

For, Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited

Shalin Shah

Gujarat, India

(Head – Environment)

CC To:

1. Member Secretary, GPCB – Head Office, Paryavaran Bhavan, Sector 10 A, Gandhi Nagar – 382 010

- 2. APCCF, Regional Office (WZ), MoEF&CC, Regional Office (WZ), E-5, Kendriya Paryavaran Bhawan, Arera Colony, Link Road No. 3, Bhopal 462 016
- 3. The Director (IA Division), Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change, Indira Paryavaran Bhawan, Jor Bagh Road, New Delhi-110003

Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Ltd Adani House, PO Box No. 1 Mundra, Kutch 370 421 Tel +91 2838 25 5000 Fax +91 2838 25 51110 info@adani.com www.adani.com



ANNEXURE – 1

REGULATORY PERMISSIONS

Sr.	Permission for	Ref. No. & Dated
No.		
	nmental / CRZ clearance from MoEF&CC / SEIAA	
1.	Handling facility of General Cargo / LPG / Chemicals and their storage terminal	F. No. J-16011/13/95-IA.III, 25 th August, 1995
2.	Port expansion project including dry/break bulk cargo container terminal, railway link and related ancillary and back-up facilities	F. No. J-16011/40/99-IA.III, 20 th September, 2000
3.	Single Point Mooring (SPM), Crude Oil Terminal (COT) and connecting pipes	F. No. J-16011/30/2003-IA-III, 21 st July, 2004
4.	Development of Multipurpose berth (Terminal- 2)	F. No. 11-84/2006- IA.III, 5 th February, 2007
5.	Water Front Development Project	F. No. 10-47/2008- IA.III, 12 th & 19 th January, 2009, 7 th October, 2015
6.	Township and area development project	Letter No. SEIAA/GUJ/EC/8(b)/44/2010, 20 th February, 2010
7.	Establishment of Common Effluent Treatment Plant (CETP) of 17 MLD	Letter no. SEIAA/GUJ/EC/7(h)/43/2010, 20 th February, 2010
8.	Multi Product SEZ, Desalination, Sea Water Intake, Outfall Facility and Pipeline	F. No. 10-138/2008-IA.III, 15 th July, 2014
Consen	t to Operate from SPCB	
1.	Mundra Port Terminal (PCB ID: 17739) for handling, storage and distribution of Dry, Liquid and Containerized Cargo	Order No. AWH-83561, Dated 09.02.2017
2.	WFDP - West Port (PCB ID: 35427) for Dry cargo handling	Order No. AWH-79241, Dated 28.07.2016
3.	SPM and Pipeline for Crude Oil Terminal (PCB ID: 37436)	Order No. WH-86980, Dated 30.08.2017
4.	Multi Product SEZ (PCB ID: 31463)	Order No. AWH-88998, Dated 23.11.2017
5.	MUPL - CETP (PCB ID: 10605) for 2.5 MLD Capacity	Order No. AWH-79311, Dated 29.07.2016
6.	AMSIPL (PCB ID: 10602) for township and area development	Order No. AWH-89533, Dated 05.12.2017
7.	APSEZ, Residential colony (PCB ID: 17738) for STPs (350 + 250 KLD) & RO Plant (10 KLPH)	Order No. AWH-81075, Dated 12.09.2016
8.	MLPTPL (PCB ID: 53331) for handling, storage and distribution of LPG	Order No. AWH-103906, Dated 09.11.2019

Annexure – 6



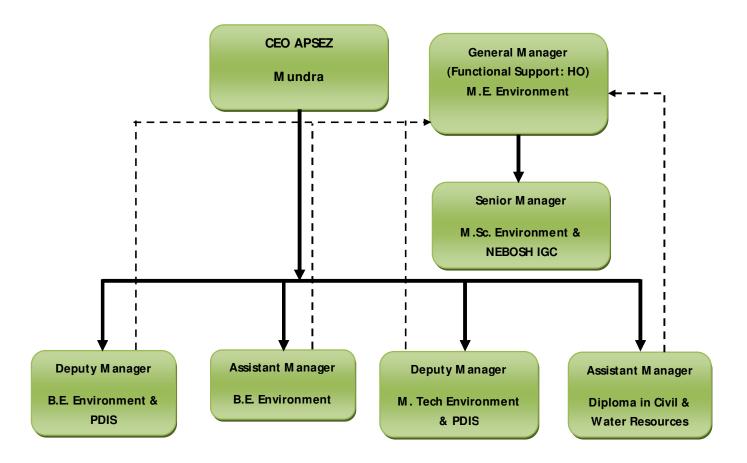
Cost of Environmental Protection Measures

Sr.	Activity		Budgeted Cost (INR in Lacs)		
NO.		20 17 – 18	20 18 – 19	2019 – 20	20 19 - 20
1.	Environmental Study / Audit	9.0	6.7	0.33	6.0
	and Consultancy				
2.	Legal & Statutory Expenses	5.07	4.42	0.84	3.0
3.	Environmental Monitoring	27.02	20.36	21.74	24.0
	Services				
4.	Hazardous / Non Hazardous	65.62	95.72	108.43	120.57
	Waste Management & Disposal				
5.	Environment Days Celebration	2.85	0.28	1.5	10.0
	and Advertisement / Business				
	development				
6.	Treatment and Disposal of Bio-	1.13	1.21	1.62	1.56
	Medical Waste				
7.	Mangrove Plantation,	60.0	47.0	Nil	Nil
	Monitoring & Conservation				
8.	Other Horticulture Expenses	547.0	579.32	734.18	727.80
9.	O&M of Sewage Treatment	70.02	144.29	110.18	128.52
	Plant and Effluent Treatment				
	Plant (including STP, ETP of Port &				
	SEZ & Common Effluent Treatment				
	Plant)				
10.	Expenditure of Environment	102.15	109.28	105.13	124.38
	Dept. (Apart from above head)				
	Total	889.86	1008.58	1083.95	1145.83

Annexure – 7



Organogram of Environment Management Cell, APSEZ, Mundra



Annexure – 8



OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN TIER 1

(To be used in conjuction with OSRA Vol-1 and Vol-2)

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LIMITED POST BAG NO. 1 NAVINAL ISLAND MUNDRA 370 421

PH.: (02838) 289221/ 289371

FAX: (02838) 289170 / 289270

Reviewed By	:	Capt. Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 1 of 98

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This document is the property of Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Ltd, hereinafter referred to as APSEZL, and shall not be removed from the Company's premises.

When the controlled copy holder ceases to be the authorized recipient of this document, the document should be returned to the HOD (Marine), Mundra Office.

This document is distributed as per Oil Spill Contingency Response plan. In addition, documents on a "need based" basis will be distributed.

All documents so distributed will be controlled documents & identified by a unique control number as per Oil Spill Contingency Response plan.

The holder of the control copy shall ensure that the persons working under him, who are responsible for any activity described in this document are made aware of such responsibility. These persons shall be given this document to read and as acknowledgment of having read shall sign the **OSCRP – Section 01 Record of Circulation** page of this document.

All persons to whom the documents have been circulated shall also be made aware of any revisions thereto by the holder of the controlled copy of the document. The person shall, after reading, sign in the **OSCRP – Section 01 Record of Circulation** page of this document as acknowledgment of having read and under stood the document.

DISTRIBUTION LIST OF OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN								
SN.	Issued To	Copy No.	Date of Issue					
1.	Chief Operating Officer	01	01/01/2014					
2.	Management Representative	02	01/01/2014					
3.	Marine Control Room	03	01/01/2014					
4.	Sr. Manager (Fire Services)	04	01/01/2014					
5.	Auditor's Copy	05	01/01/2014					
6.	Systems Co-ordinator	Original Copy	01/01/2014					
7.	HOD (Marine)	06	01/01/2014					
8.	Coast Guard	07	01/01/2014					

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ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Section 02: Amendment Records

AMENDMENT RECORD SHEET											
Sr. No.	Section	Sub- section	Page No.	Revision No.	Revision Date	Description of Revision	Approved				
1.	Annex 3		75			Location of Oil Spill Equipment mentioned	Approved				
2.	Annex 15		91			List of recycler approved by state of Gujarat	Approved				
3.			96			Contingency Planning Compliance Checklist	Approved				
4	Annex 16		92		29.08.2017	List of agency for support & guidance for rescue & rehabilitation of oiled bird & mangroves management during oil spill	Approved				
5	03	3.6	45		29.08.2017	Additional information added	Approved				
6	02	2.6	26		01.10.2018	Shore line resources updated	Approved				
7	Annex 3		75		01.10.2018	Tug details updated	Approved				
8	Annex 4		78		01.10.2018	Contact details of APSEZ personnel updated	Approved				
9	Annex 4		79		01.10.2019	Contact details of APSEZ personnel updated	Approved				
			l				I				

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No. : (01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No. : 0	04	Page 4 of 98

Section 03: Strategy

6.3

1	Introduction	
	1.1	Authorities and responsibilities
	1.2	Coordinating committee
	1.3	Statutory requirements
	1.4	Mutual aid agreements
	1.5	Geographical limits of plan
	1.6	Interfaces with ROSDCP and NOSDCP
2	Risk assessme	ent
	2.1	Identification of activities and risks
	2.2	Types of oil likely to be spilled
	2.3	Probable fate of spilled oil
	2.4	Development of oil spill scenarios including worst case discharge
	2.5	Shoreline sensitivity mapping
	2.6	Shoreline resources, priorities for protection
	2.7	Special local considerations
3	Response strate	$\mathbf{g}\mathbf{y}$
	3.1	Philosophy and objectives
	3.2	Limiting and adverse conditions
	3.3	Oil spill response in offshore zones
	3.4	Oil spill response in coastal zones
	3.5	Shoreline oil spill response
	3.6	Storage and disposal of oil and oily waste
4	Equipment	
	4.1	Marine oil spill response equipment
	4.2	Inspection, maintenance and testing
	4.3	Shoreline equipment, supplies and services
5	Management	
	5.1	Crisis manager and financial authorities
	5.2	Incident organization chart
	5.3	Manpower availability (on-site, on call)
	5.4	Availability of additional manpower
	5.5	Advisors and experts – spill response, wildlife and marine environment
	5.6	Training / safety schedules and drill / exercise programme
6	Communication	ons
	6.1	Incident control room and facilities
	6.2	Field communications equipment
	()	Danasta manuala mana sharta and incident loga

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On : 01.10.2019	
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page 5 of 98	

Reports, manuals, maps, charts and incident logs

Action and operations

7 Initial procedures

- 7.1 Notification of oil spill to concerned authorities,
- **7.2** Preliminary estimate of response tier
- 7.3 Notifying key team members and authorities
- **7.4** Manning Control Room
- 7.5 Collecting information (oil type, sea / wind forecasts, aerial surveillance, beach reports)
- **7.6** Estimating fate of slick (24, 48, 72 hours)
- 7.7 Identifying resources immediately at risk, informing parties

8 Operations planning

- **8.1** Assembling full response team
- **8.2** Identifying immediate response priorities
- **8.3** Mobilizing immediate response
- **8.4** Media briefing
- **8.5** Planning medium-term operations (24, 48 and 72 hour)
- **8.6** Deciding to escalate response to higher tier
- 8.7 Mobilizing or placing on standby resources required
- **8.8** Establishing field command post communications

9 Control of operations

- **9.1** Establishing a Management team with experts and advisors
- **9.2** Updating information (sea, wind, weather forecasts, aerial surveillance, beach reports)
- **9.3** Reviewing and planning operations
- **9.4** Obtaining additional equipment, supplies, manpower
- **9.5** Preparing daily incident log and management reports
- **9.6** Preparing operations accounting and financial reports
- **9.7** Preparing releases for public and press conferences
- **9.8** Briefing local and government officials

10 Termination of operations

- **10.1** Deciding final and optimal levels of beach clean-up
- 10.2 Standing down equipment, cleaning, maintaining, replacing
- **10.3** Preparing formal detailed report
- **10.4** Reviewing plans and procedures from lessons learnt

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Approved By : 0	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 6 of 98

Data Directory

Maps / Charts

- 1. Coastal facilities, access roads, telephones, hotels etc.
- 2. Coastal charts, currents, tidal information (ranges and streams), prevailing winds
- 3. Risk locations and probable fate of oil
- 4. Shoreline resources for priority protection
- 5. Shoreline types
- 6. Sea zones and response strategies
- 7. Coastal zones and response strategies
- 8. Shoreline zones and clean up strategies
- 9. Oil and waste storage / disposal sites
- 10. Sensitivity Maps/ Atlas

Lists

- 1. **Primary Oil spill Equipment:** booms, skimmers, spray equipment, dispersant, absorbents, oil storage, Radio communications etc. (Manufacturer, type, size, location, transport, contact, delivery time, cost and conditions)
- 2. **Auxiliary Equipment:** Tugs and work boats, aircraft, vacuum trucks, tanks and barges, loaders and graders, plastic bags, tools, protective clothing, communication equipment etc. (Manufacturer, type, size, location, transport, contact, delivery time, cost and conditions)
- 3. **Support Equipment:** Aircraft, communications, catering, housing, transport, field sanitation and shelter etc. (Availability, contact, cost and conditions)
- 4. **Sources of Manpower:** Contractors, local authorities, caterers, security firms (Availability, numbers, skills, contact, cost and conditions)
- 5. **Experts and Advisors:** Environment, safety, auditing (Availability, contact, cost and conditions)
- 6. **Local and National Government contacts:** Name, rank and responsibility, address, telephone, fax, telex.

Data

- 1. Specifications of oils commonly traded
- 2. Wind and weather
- 3. Information sources

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 7 of 98

Annexures

Annexure 1 Initial Oil Spill Report

Annexure 2 POLREP Report

Annexure 3 List of resources available

Annexure 4 List of Telephone numbers of Expert and advisors

Annexure 5 Responsibilities: Marine Officer / SPM Officer

Annexure 6 Responsibilities: Marine Manager / On Scene Commander

Annexure 7 Responsibilities: SPM Pilot

Annexure 8 Responsibilities: HOD – Marine

Annexure 9 Oil Spill Progress report

Annexure 10 Emergency response Log

Annexure 11 Classification of oils

Annexure 12 Response Guidelines

Annexure 13 Site Specific Health and Safety Plan.

Annexure 14 Indian Chart 2079

Annexure 15 List of recycler approved by state of Gujarat

Annexure 16 List of agency for support & guidance for rescue & rehabilitation of oiled bird & mangroves

management during oil spill

Reviewed By : Capt P	ankaj Sinha Issue No.	: 01	Issued On	: 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. A	Anubhav Jain Revision No	o. : 04	Page	e 8 of 98

Strategy

1. Introduction

The movement of Petroleum/Petroleum-products from the production centre in middle east to Adani Ports and SEZ Ltd and various other ports in Gulf of Kutch is handled through ships at sea and to refineries using pipe lines on ground. Like any other port, Adani Port is very much vulnerable to oil spill disaster arising due to collision, leakage or grounding of vessels in sea and damage to pipelines on ground.

This action plan prepared by Adani Ports and SEZ Ltd, Mundra is to combat the oil spill (LOS-DCP) is in accordance with the NOS-DCP, International Petroleum Industry Environmental Conservation Association (IPIECA).

1.1 Authorities and responsibilities

Adani Ports and SEZ Limited

APSEZL has responsibility for dealing with oil spillages which occur within port limit if the estimated quantity of product lost is 700 tons or less.

Should the spill migrate to other areas, the Coast Guard Monitor will assume the position of On Scene Commander and will direct the response effort. In both cases, APSEZL will act and deploy their resources as required by the relevant On Scene Commander.

This operational version of Oil Spill Contingency Response Plan for the Adani Ports and SEZ Ltd, Mundra is intended for use by all such personnel like Marine Personnel, Tug Masters and all others as indicated in the Spill Response Organization who may be involved in the response to oil spills which may occur within Adani Port Limits.

This plan has been prepared as per the stipulation of Ministry of Environment and Forest Clearance (MoEF) and Coast Guard Requirements.

Gujarat Maritime Board

While responsibility for oil spill contingency remains with conservator of the port – Gujarat Maritime Board Port Officer, this plan (Tier 1) demonstrates the readiness of Adani Port for mitigating oil spill incidents.

Port Conservator will monitor and provide the necessary assistance required for administering the oil spill operation within the port limit.

Indian Coast Guard

The Indian Coast Guard has a statutory duty to protect the maritime and other national interests of India in the Maritime Zones of India and to prevent and control marine pollution. Coast Guard is also the Central Co-coordinating Authority for marine pollution control in the country. The Indian Coast Guard is responsible for implementation and enforcement of the relevant marine pollution laws.

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019	
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 9 of 98	

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

The National Oil Spill Disaster Contingency Plan stipulates the organizational and operational details to effectively combat a national oil spill contingency. The plan promotes the development of Regional and Local Contingency Plans in the three Coast Guard Regions.

The Coast Guard Monitor will assume the role of On Scene Commander in the event that any oil spill involving PLL operations exceeds 700 tons.

Gujarat Pollution Control Board

The Gujarat Pollution Control Board is responsible for, and control, waters up to 5 km from the shoreline. They require to be advised of all pollution incidents.

Ministry of Environment, Gujarat

The Ministry requires to be informed of all pollution incidents.

Emergency Response Team

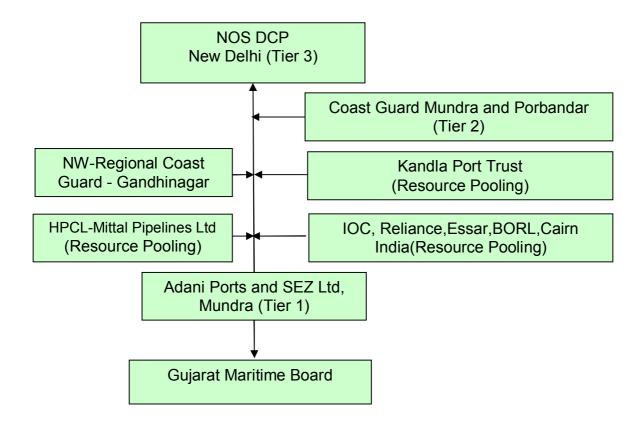
Emergency Response Team (ERT) is the nomenclature used to describe the command and control team established for an oil spill incident at the jetty or in the jetty approaches, with representatives of organisations attending as described in section 2.4.

The ERT will convene at the Terminal Control Room, under the chairmanship of the Terminal Manager, and will consist of a Management Team and a Support Team as noted in section 2.3.

It is a strategic plan to quickly call on additional resources in a systematic manner firstly from Adani port and subsequently from other ports.

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10).2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 10 of 98	

1.2 Coordinating Committee



1.3 Statutory requirements

The Indian Government is a signatory to the International Convention on Oil Pollution Preparedness, Response and Co-operation which came into force in May 94. Under the NOSDCP, it is obligatory for a port to have a Local Oil Spill Contingency Plan to combat oil spills within port limits.

This oil spill contingency response plan (Tier 1) is the response plan in accordance with the facilities available at Adani Port only.

This plan is prepared in accordance with:

- a) Marine Environmental Impact Assessment of SPMs, COTs and connecting pipelines of APSEZL at Mundra dated February 2001, prepared by National Institute of Oceanography, Mumbai.
- b) Report on Risk assessment study and On-site disaster management Plan for SPMs, COTs and connecting Pipelines of Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited, by TATA AIG Risk Management Services Limited, dated February 2001.
- c) HAZOP study report of SPM Terminal pipeline project by Intec Engineering, dated 26/02/2004.
- d) IPIECA guide to Contingency planning for oil spills on water.
- e) Oil spill risk assessment and contingency plan study done by M/s Environ Software Pvt. Ltd. (Copy enclosed)

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 11 of 98

1.4 Mutual aid agreements

APSEZL signed MOU with HPCL Mittal Pipelines Limited, Mundra operating in the region of Gulf of Kutch to have mutual aid agreement for the purpose of assisting each other within stipulated time frame with best combination of resources to combat and overcome any large and worst spill with the intent of maximizing the availability of the private, public and government sector response resources during oil spills where assistance is requested by another member.

As per agreement, the member agencies of the affected member state or province may directly request cascadable response resources located in oil handling agencies operating in the region of Gulf of Kutch.

1.5 Geographical limits of plan

Adani Ports and SEZ Ltd, Mundra is situated at the North head of Gulf of Kutch which is at the west coast of India. Ships calling Adani Port therefore have to traverse across the GOK. This oil spill contingency response plan (Tier 1) is applicable for the following:

- 1) Loading and Unloading of liquid cargo at the Multi-purpose terminal jetty at the Adani Port.
- 2) Unloading of the crude oil the vessels at the single point mooring (SPM) to offload 70,000 to 3,00,000 DWT.
- 3) Bunkering operations carried out within the port limits.
- 4) Any spill that occurs from any source within port limit (including West Basin, South Basin and LNG Terminal) whether at berths, anchorages or in the channel.

APSEZL falls within the area jurisdiction of The Commander, No.1 Coast Guard District (Gujarat), located at Porbandar. Mundra has a full-fledged Indian Coast Guard Station. The Port limit of APSEZL, Mundra is shown in enclosed chart in annexure 14.

1.6 Interface with ROSDCP and NOSDCP

For responding to oil spill, the Indian Coast Guard has developed the National Oil Spill Disaster Contingency Plan NOSDCP which has the approval of the Committee of Secretaries and has been in operation since 1996. The NOSDCP brings together the combined resources of the various organizations and departments, Coast Guard, Ports and Oil handling Agencies, and related industries, to provide a level of preparedness to the threat posed to the marine environment by oil spills.

The NOSDCP sets out a clear definition of the responsibilities of the major participants, such as the Coast Guard, various ministries and departments, ports and oil industry.

The national oil spill contingency plan hierarchy outlined in Figure 1 consists of NOSDCP at the apex level to coordinate significant or disaster type spills, the Regional Oil Spill Disaster Contingency plan (ROSDCP) to coordinate spill in the Gulf of Kutch, utilizing the resources available within the region.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	•	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 12 of 98

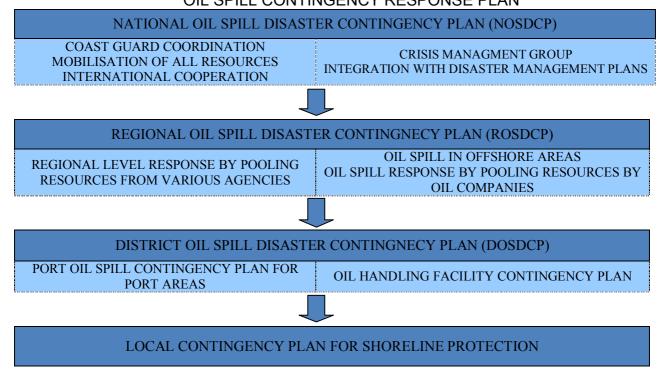


Figure 1 - Contingency Plan hierarchy

The aim of Local Contingency Plan - for the Mundra Port, is to outline arrangements for responding to oil spills in the coastal and shoreline areas, with the aim of protecting against environmental pollution as a result of oil spill or, where this is not possible, minimise the effect and respond the oil spill in an environment friendly manner and dispose the collected oil/debris in according to the existing laws/regulations/orders in force. CONTINGENCY PLAN FOR SHORELINE PROTECTION ISTRICT OIL SPILL CONTINGN

2 Risk Assessment

The number of vessels calling annually at APSEZL is more than 3000 including Chemical, Gas and oil tankers. The threat of oil spill is much high in Gulf of Kutch and is very oil spill sensitive area. A marine national park is located in the Southern shore of GOK. There is a popular beach spot on the Northern shore namely Mandvi. Lastly, as GOK is a closed system, any oil spilled will arrive to the shores.

2.1 Identification of activities and risks

The scenario of the spill are classified under two categories:

- Oil Spill at Mundra Port Multi-Purpose Terminals
- Oil Spill at SPM

The oil spill could occur due to various reasons at any of the APSEZL's marine facilities (SPMs, Basins/berths, anchorage or approach channel) within the new Mundra Port limit. The spills beyond these areas are not covered in this plan. Both the categories are discussed in detail

Accidental oil spill at Multipurpose terminals/ Basins/ berths, anchorage or approach channel is possible from overflow of slop tanks, bunker tanks, reception facility and road tankers (generally a low pressure operation).

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 13 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Accidental oil spill at the SPM may be due to hose puncture while unloading, failure of swivel joint of SPM or Leakage of Crude Oil at PLEM or from the submarine pipeline.

Following risks are being addressed to mitigate incident of oil pollution:

- Connection of hoses with established work instructions for use of blank flanges, drip trays etc.
- Thorough understanding of use of OSD and limitations of vessel surging due to slack mooring ropes in given weather conditions.
- Monitoring of ships pump room atmosphere, display of fire notices and acknowledging accidental explosion through the use of IMO ship / shore check list.
- Spillage of F.O. during bunkering operations by using bunkering check list
- Ballast discharge contamination or malfunction of ship's sea side valves by prohibiting such operations without written permission of the port.
- Non use of reception facility of the port by ships on cost plus basis.

Operational leakage

Spill due to floating hose failure at SPM: (183 t, at pumping rate of 10000 m³/h of crude oil for 75 sec): (Spill points - S1 at HMEL SPM & S2 at Mundra SPM)

Crude oil pumping rate from the tanker to the shore tanks will be varying between 5000 m³/hr and 10000 m³/hr. In the present study, the maximum pumping rate of 10000m³/hr has been considered to assess the risk on a higher side. The Safety Break Away Coupling in the crude oil transfer hose will be activated within a few seconds in the event of hose rupture or hose failure. Again for the sake of assessing higher risk, a response time of 60 sec – 75 sec (worst case scenario) is considered to estimate the amount of oil that would spill at the SPM. Thus the quantity of crude oil spill has been estimated to be a maximum of 183 tons in the event of hose failure or rupture.

Spill due to rupture of sub-sea crude oil pipeline from SPM to shore tanks: (384 tons of crude oil, at pumping rate of 10000 m³/hr for 60 sec): Spill point S3 taken at midpoint of the pipeline from HMEL SPM to LFP)

Crude oil pumping rate from the tanker will be in the range of 5000 m³/hr to10000 m³/hr. In the present study, to assess the maximum risk, pumping rate of 10000 m³/hr has been considered. The minimum wall thickness of sub-sea crude oil pipeline is 15.6 mm and the maximum thickness is 24 mm. Moreover all along, 5 inches concrete cladding (weight coating) is provided on the surface of the pipeline. Crude oil pipelines designed, constructed and laid as per the international norms are safe and leakages are extremely rare during their designed life. However, a rupture of size 1 cm x 12.7 cm has been assumed for assessing the quantum of oil spill through sub-sea pipeline.

The maximum manifold pressure will be 12 kg/cm² and crude oil will be pumped to the shore tanks without any boosting device in-between. As the level in the tanker depletes, discharge pressure would also be reduced. Moreover, with the flow distance the crude oil pressure inside the pipe drops. For the sake of assessing the amount of oil spill in case of rupture of sub-sea pipeline, an average pressure of 10 kg/cm² and a water column height of 35 m have been considered.

Accordingly the quantity of Crude oil spill has been estimated using the formula given by

$$O = C_d A (2gH)^{1/2}$$

Where,

 $Q = \text{quantity of spill } (m^3/s)$

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.20	19
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 14 of 98	

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

 C_d = coefficient of discharge (0.9)

A = Area of rupture (m²) (1 cm x 12.7 cm)

 $H = Net head (m) (6.5 kg/cm^2 = 65 m)$

This would give a value of 0.04 m³ of crude oil per sec spilling out of the pipeline through the rupture as the pump will be in operation.

The availability of solenoid operated hydraulic shutoff valves in the sub-sea pipeline, which will get activated in less than 15 seconds time as soon as the pressure falls, will limit the amount of oil leaked in case of pipe rupture and consequent drop inside the pipeline. However 60 sec response time has been considered for quantification of oil spill. Accordingly the quantity of Crude oil spill has been estimated to be 2.4 m³ before the pump discharge valve closes. However, there will be high pressure inside the pipeline initially and the oil inside the pipeline will start leaking into the waters through the hole as the pressure inside the pipe line is higher than the outside pressure, even after the valve is closed and pumping is stopped. Even after the pipeline inside pressure equalises the outside static pressure acting on the rupture, oil continues to start leaking as the density difference between the oil and water; oil being lighter and LFP is higher in elevation compared to the pipeline elevation. Two factors need to be considered here; the specific gravity of the crude oil inside the pipeline is less than 1 whereas the sea water specific gravity is more than 1. Also depending on the location of the hole/leak, there will always be a static head of sea water acting on the leak when the oil tries to flow out and sea water trying to flow in to occupy the place vacated by the leaked oil. Hence all the oil in the pipeline will not leak and there would be an equilibrium point reached when there would be no more oil leaking from the hole as the sea water pressures effectively blocks the oil leak. Also, the leak would be attended to within the stipulated time as per the standard maintenance procedures followed by the organisation. For the purpose of this study and as a worst case scenario before the leak is repaired by the established maintenance procedures, it is assumed that a maximum of 5% of the pipeline oil volume would leak and though it would be a continuous leak, this total quantity is taken to be instantaneous for the purpose of the study.

The pipeline length is approximately 10 km (from SPM to LFP) and the pipeline size is 42" NB. The pipeline volume works out to be approximately 8662 m³ or 7622 t.

Hence the total oil leaked due to rupture in sub-sea pipeline will be 2.15 t + 5% of pipeline volume of oil in t $(0.05 \times 7622 = 381 \text{ t})$ which works out to be a maximum of 383.45 t, say 384 t of crude oil.

For the purpose of simulation studies, this spill on the pipeline is assumed to have taken place at the midway point from HMEL SPM to LFP (designated as spill point S3 in the report) and is taken on the subsea pipeline from HMEL SPM to LFP. As the pipeline from HMEL SPM to LFP and the Mundra SPM to LFP run very close only one leak point in the pipeline is studied as it gives a representative oil spill study for the pipeline leakage scenario.

Spill due to collision at SPM: (Spill points S1 & S2)

Crude Oil is received at SPM by ocean tankers having capacity between 90,000-360,000 metric tons. Crude Oil is pumped to shore tanks through pipeline/s from the SPM. In the present scenario, collision of the vessel at the SPM or tanker route with another vessel enroute to other terminals can cause partial damage to the vessels cargo tanks (not more than 3 nos. of cargo tanks) leading to a maximum oil spill of about 700 tons to 25,000 tons of crude oil. In the present study, the probable quantity of crude oil spill due collision at SPM is considered as 700 tons at the minimum and as 25,000 tons at the maximum.

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019	
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 15 of 98	

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Spill due to collision or grounding in the tanker route: (Spill point S4)

Tankers are expected to call at the SPMs frequently depending upon the demand for the refineries for the crude oil. These tankers may meet accidents like collision with other vessels or grounding in the vicinity of the SPM. In case of such accidents, the spillage may vary depending on the size of the tanker and the extent of damage and number of cargo tanks ruptured etc. In the present study the probable quantity of spill in the tanker route considered for modelling is 25000 tons at a point which lies on the tanker route to SPM not exactly within Mundra port limit; but a spill point is taken along the tanker route in the Gulf but close to the Mundra port limit.

Spills at the berths (applicable to berths at West Basin, South Basin, East Basin, North Basin, LNG berth and existing cargo berths of Mundra port.)

Oil spills can take place at the berths in the basins during the loading / unloading as well as berthing and traversing operations. The likely spill scenarios are discussed below:

a) Spills during the navigation of the vessel along the approach channel: (Spill point S7 for West Basin)

The spill location can be anywhere in the path. One location along the approach path has been selected for carrying out for model runs.

b) Spills around the jetty (in the maneuvering basin / turning circle): (Spill point S6 for West Basin and Spill point S10 for South Basin)

This can occur due to tug boat impacting the vessel and grounding of the vessel. One location around the jetty at the turning circle has been considered for the computational runs

c) Spills at the berths: (Spill point S5 for West Basin, Spill point S9 for South Basin, Spill point S13 for East Basin, Spill point S14 for North Basin, Spill point S8 for LNG jetty, Spill point S11 for MMPT 1 and Spill point S12 for MICT / AMCT berth locations)

During the loading/unloading operations spills may take place due to one or more of the following: –

Hose/ loading arm leakage (liquid products handled at the liquid berth), overflow on the vessel deck, vessel grounding at the jetty, vessel colliding with jetty, fire and explosion on the vessel or at the jetty, during bunkering operations etc.

Spills along approach Channel / Route

Vessels to the port berths follow the Deep Water route in Gulf of Kutch and Pilot boards at Pilot Boarding Ground "A" or "B", subject to tide and the berth allotted to the tanker.

While the risk of grounding is low, it cannot be wholly eliminated; the most likely causes are steering or propulsion system failure or navigational error, any of which could result in grounding on the channel margins. Given that the bed of the Gulf is rocky at some places the likelihood of any significant hull damage cannot be ruled out. In a general case scenario, weld fractures in the forward bunker tanks could give rise to a release of approximately 10 Tons of diesel oil and in a worst case scenario extensive damage to the bunker tanks may occur which would cause a spill of 500 to 700 t of FO spill.

Collision

The risk of collision while transiting the channel is negligible given the reason that port authorities use sophisticated ship tracking and navigational systems as the Gulf traffic has increased. These systems would ensure that the chances of any collision are remote or non-existent when ships / marine craft traverses / transits through the channel. However, even if any collision occurs, it is beyond reasonable

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page 16 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

doubt that such an incident would result in the fore part rather than the parallel mid-body of the vessel and the loss of integrity of hull plating of a cargo tank is most unlikely. A spill quantity of 700 t can be the maximum in such a scenario.

Berthing Incident

Oil and/ or liquid chemical spill can occur as a result of hull coming in contact with the corners of the jetty structure during ship berthing or un-berthing maneuvers. Such incidents are generally due to failure of a

vessel's main propulsion or steering systems, loss of control onboard on support tug in attendance or Master error or wrong judgment.

The potential spill quantities involved depend on the vessel type and the location and extent of the impact damage; hull damage to a 20000 DWT – 80000 DWT tanker / vessel in way of a forward or aft wing tank, for example, could give rise to a release of some 500 Tons of product. The potential spill quantity, should hull plating be ruptured in way of an aft wing diesel oil bunker tank can, historically, be up to 100 Tons.

Tug Impact

There are well-documented incidents where cargo or bunker oil has been released as a result of hull impact damage by tugs. This can occur when tugs are approaching a vessel underway prior to berthing, or when coming alongside a moored vessel prior to un-berthing. The potential spill quantities again depend on the location and extent of the impact damage but can be over 20 tons for Diesel oil and 100 Tons for cargo (FO) oil. Spills from this cause are considered to be of low likelihood but the risk is acknowledged.

Loading Arms / Flexible hoses

The operation of loading arms / flexible hoses can lead to minor releases of oil. Common sources are vent valves, swivel joints and hydraulic lines. Such spillage seldom exceeds 0.1 Tons.

Cargo Tank Overflow

Cargo tank overflows can occur on board loading vessels; spills of this nature can be due to instrumentation failure, tank valve mismanagement or operator error. The spill quantity is a function of the flow rate and also the number of tanks being loaded at the time of the incident. Some of the oil and/or chemical will be retained on deck but, in a worst case scenario, up to 3 tons could escape overboard.

Hull Failure

The incidence of oil pollution due to hull failure is low and some 84% of the incidents attributed to this cause by ITOPF involved spill quantities of less than 7 tons; these spills were caused mainly by minor hull fractures and weld failures. The potential for more serious incidents with spill quantities in excess of 700 tons must however is acknowledged.

Fire and Explosion

Fires and explosions on board ship represent a safety hazard with the risk of pollution as a secondary impact. Most tankers engaged for trading will be equipped with inert gas systems. Given the controls, which are imposed and enforced by APSEZL authorities in respect of the oxygen content of cargo tanks, the risk of fire and/or explosion in the cargo spaces must be regarded as minimal, insofar as cargo transfer operations are concerned.

Strict monitoring and control of the main cargo pump room atmosphere will minimize the fire and explosion risks associated with this space.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 17 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Fires resulting from uncontrolled smoking in the accommodation, unauthorized hot work such as welding, and engine room fires can spread rapidly if not dealt with swiftly and can give rise to incidents of a very serious nature.

While the likelihood of fire or explosion occurring on board vessels berthed at the Mundra port berths is low, the risk is nevertheless acknowledged. Such an incident could give rise to a spillage of 700 tons or more.

Bunkering - spillage of fuel oil

Bunkering at the port may sometimes give rise to spills due to hose failure and / or bunker tank overflow etc. in spite of the strict regulatory supervision of the port operations. These spills could be as small as a few kgs to a maximum of 500 t of FO.

As can be seen from the spill scenarios mentioned above, the spills range from extremely negligible quantities to enormous quantities in rare catastrophic events. The simulation of oil spills does not vary significantly in various scenarios except for the magnitude of impact zone and the quantity involved in such impacts. Though the software is intended to be used for specific scenarios so as to get the trajectory and other weathering information; in this study, a few hypothetical scenarios have been simulated and computations carried out considering the worst-case scenarios of oil spills at the different likely locations in the domain.

Based on the above deliberations, the following scenarios for computations have been selected for carrying out modeling studies for the oil spill trajectory and weathering processes.

Computational Scenarios:

Spill Locations	Pre- monsoon (Jan)	Monsoon (July)	Post monsoon (Nov)
SPM			
Crude oil spill of 183 t at the pumping rate of 10000 m ³ /hr (for 75 sec release) at the SPMs (due to Hose failure) Spill points: S1 and S2 During spring and neap tide conditions (tide conditions : PF and PE)	•	•	•
Instantaneous crude oil spill of 700t at the SPMs Spill points: S1 and S2	•	•	•
Instantaneous crude oil spill of 25000t at the SPMs Spill points: S1 and S2	•	•	•
Pipeline Leakage			
Crude oil spill of 384 t at the pumping rate of 10000 m ³ /hr (for 60 sec release) along the pipeline corridor at a select (midway) point of subsea pipeline in the pipeline routes Spill point: S3	•	•	•
Tanker route			
Instantaneous crude oil spill of 25000t along the tanker route at select location. Spill point: S4	•	-	•

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 18 of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

West Basin (berths)			
100 tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision) at the West Basin berths (FO) Spill point: S5	•	•	•
50 Tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision (diesel oil tanks) at the West Basin berths (HSD) Spill point: S5	•	•	•
700 Tons due to Hull Failure / Fire / Explosion (FO) at the berths Spill point: S5	•	•	•
In the maneuvering basin: o 20 Tons of HSD oil due to Tug Impact (HSD) o 100 Tons of FO due to Tug Impact Spill point: S6	•	•	•
Along the vessel route at one location: Instantaneous oil spill of 700t along the tanker route at a select location.(FO): Spill point: S7	•	•	•
LNG Berth			
100 tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision) at the LNG berth (FO) Spill point: S8	•	•	•
50 Tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision (diesel oil tanks)) at the LNG berth (HSD) – Spill point: S8	•	•	•
700 Tons due to Hull Failure / Fire / Explosion (FO) at the berth Spill point: S8	•	•	•
South Basin (Berths)			
100 tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision) at the South Basin berths (FO) Spill point: S9	•	•	•
50 Tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision (diesel oil tanks) at the South Basin berths(HSD) – Spill point: S9	•	•	•
700 Tons due to Hull Failure / Fire / Explosion (FO) at the berth Spill point: S9	•	•	•
At the turning circle: o 20 Tons of HSD oil due to Tug Impact o 100 Tons of FO due to Tug Impact Spill point: S10	•	•	•
At the existing MMPT 1 Berth: : Spill Point S11			
100 tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision) at the berth(FO) Spill point: S11	•	•	•
50 Tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision (diesel oil tanks)) at the berth (HSD) – Spill point: S11	•	•	•
700 Tons due to Hull Failure / Fire / Explosion (FO) at the berth	•	•	•

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On :	01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 19 of 98	

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

At the existing MICT / AMCT Berths:			
: Spill point S12			
100 tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision) at the (FO) -	_		
Spill point S12	_	-	•
700 Tons due to Hull Failure / Fire / Explosion (FO) at the	_		•
berth - Spill point S12	_	-	
At the East Basin:			
Spill point S13			
100 tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision) at the East			
Basin berth (FO) -	-	•	•
Spill point S13			
At the North Basin:			
Spill point S14			
100 tons (due to Berthing incident/ collision) at the North			
Basin berth (FO) -	•	•	•
Spill point S14			

2.2 Types of oil likely to be spilled

Mundra Port mainly deals with Vegetable oils, Furnace oil, Naphtha, Methanol, High Speed Diesel, Super Kerosene Oil and other light oils at its Multi-Purpose terminal. The vessels calling at the port (or the designated anchorage areas) may spill fuel, diesel or a minimal quantity of lubricating oils. The SPM is being used to discharge crude oils from tankers.

At Berths:

- Vegetable oils,
- Furnace oil,
- Naphtha,
- Methanol,
- High Speed Diesel,
- Super Kerosene Oil,
- Carbon Black Feed Stock (CBFS),
- Motor Spirit,
- Other light oils
- Other HNS Substances

At SPM:

• Crude oil

At anchorages or within port limits:

- Fuel oil.
- Diesel oil,
- Minimal quantity of lubricating oil.

2.3 Probable fate of spilled oil

APSEZL is all weather, commercial port with geographical and hydrological advantages on the West Coast of India, in the Gulf of Kutch. Tidal range is between +0.37 m during Neaps and +6.40 m during springs. Tidal streams flow $070^0 - 250^0$ at an average rate of 3 kts and 4-5 kts during spring tides.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page 20 of 98

It has been observed from the modeling study that during pre-monsoon season, the spills occurring at the APSEZL marine facilities move towards the southern / southwestern part of the Gulf of Kutch nearer to the facilities depending on tide phase.

The spills taking place at the APSEZL marine facilities move towards northern coast of Gulf of Kutch during monsoon season and affect the coast near Mundra, Kandla etc.

During post - monsoon season, the spills taking place at the APSEZL marine facilities move towards south / southwest and affect the islands /coast on southern side of the Gulf of Kutch.

The surface or subsurface oil spill consists of slick floating on the water surface, which partially dissolves in the water and partially evaporates into the atmosphere. There is a continuous exchange between the suspended and surface oil (floating oil). The assumption made in deriving the governing equations is that the thickness of the oil layer is negligible in comparison with the water depth.

In addition to the location, size and physico-chemical properties of the spill, other major factors affect the fate of the oil slick are governed by complex interrelated transport (turbulence) and weathering processes (evaporation, emulsification and dissolution). The spilled oil spreads and moves by the forces of winds and currents. A small portion of hydrocarbons begin to go into solution in the underlying water column, but most of the oil is lost through evaporation into the atmosphere. In the present model, all these processes are considered in the transport of Oil Slick.

Out of the above mentioned oils the vegetable or light oils do not pose any significant threat to the environment.

The spilled 'persistent' crude oil (or fuel oil) undergoes a number of physical and chemical changes known as "weathering". The major weathering processes are spreading, evaporation, dispersion, emulsification, dissolution, oxidation sedimentation and biodegradation.

The term persistent is used to describe those oils which, because of their chemical composition, are usually slow to dissipate naturally when spilled into the marine environment and are therefore likely to spread and require cleaning up. Non-persistent oils tend to evaporate quickly when spilled and do not require cleaning up. Neither persistence nor non-persistence is defined in the Conventions. However, under guidelines developed by the 1971 Fund, an oil is considered non-persistent if at the time of shipment at least 50% of the hydrocarbon fractions, by volume, distill at a temperature of 340°C (645°F), and at least 95% of the hydrocarbon fractions, by volume, distill at a temperature of 370°C (700°F) when tested in accordance with the American Society for Testing and Materials Method D86/78 or any subsequent revision thereof."

- a) **Spreading**: is one of the most significant processes during early stages of a spill is initially due to gravity. The oil spreads as a coherent slick and the rate is influenced by its activity. After a few hours, the slick begins to break-up and after this stage, spreading is primarily due to turbulence. Wind and wave actions also tend to fragment the slick, breaking it up into islands and windrows.
- b) **Evaporation**: The rate and extent of evaporation depends primarily on the volatility of the oil. In general, oil components with a boiling point below 200 D C evaporate within 4 to 16 hours in tropical conditions. Spills of refined products such as kerosene and gasoline evaporate completely and light crude lose up to 40 % of its volume within a few hours. In contrast, heavy crude and fuel oils undergo little evaporation.
- c) Dispersion: Waves and turbulence act on the slick to produce droplets of oil of different sizes. Small droplets remain in suspension while the larges ones rise to the surface. The rate of dispersion mainly depends on the nature of the oil and the sea state. Oils which remain fluid can spread unhindered by other weathering processes can disperse completely in moderate sea conditions within a few days. Viscous oils tend to form thick lenses on the water surface with slow

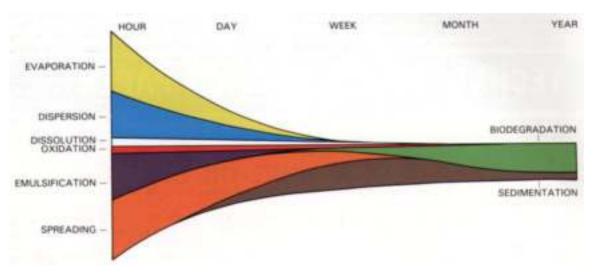
Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 21 of 98

tendency to disperse, which can persist for several weeks.

- d) **Emulsification**: Several oils have tendency to absorb water to form water-in-oil emulsions thereby increasing the volumes of the emulsified mass by a factor of 3 to 4. The arte at which the oil is emulsified is largely a function of sea state though viscous oils absorb water slowly. In turbulent sea conditions, low viscosity oils can incorporate as high as 80 % water by volume within 2 to 3 hours.
- e) **Dissolution**: The heavy components of crude oil are virtually insoluble in sea water while lighter compounds are slightly soluble. Hence levels of dissolved PHc rarely exceed 1 mg/l following a spill. Therefore, dissolution, does not make a significant contribution to the removal of oil from the sea surface.
- f) **Sedimentation**: Very few oils are sufficiently heavy to sink in sea water. However, the weathered residue gets mixed up with the suspended substances in water and may sink. This process becomes significant when water-in-oil emulsions attain specific gravity near to one and therefore need very little suspended substances to exceed the specific gravity of sea water (1.025).
- g) **Oxidation:** Hydrocarbon molecules react with oxygen and either breaks down into soluble products or combine to form persistent tars. Many of these oxidation reactions are promoted by sunlight and their effect on overall dissipation is minor in relation to other weathering processes.
- h) **Biodegradation**: Sea water contains a range of marine bacteria, moulds and yeasts which can use oil as source of carbon and energy. The main factors affecting the rate of biodegradation are temperature and the availability of oxygen and nutrient, principally compounds of nitrogen and phosphorous. Each type of micro-organism tends to degrade a specific group of hydrocarbons and whilst a range of bacteria exists between them which are capable of degrading most of the wide variety of compounds in crude oil, some components are resistant to attack.

Because the micro-organisms live in sea water, biodegradation can only take place at an oil/water interface. At sea, the creation of oil droplets, either through natural or chemical dispersion, increases the interfacial area available for biological activity and so enhances degradation.

The processes of spreading, evaporation, dispersion, emulsification and dissolution are most important during the early stages of a spill whilst oxidation, sedimentation and biodegradation are long-term processes, which determine the ultimate fate of oil. Fig.3.1 shows schematic diagram of weathering processes with time.



Reviewed By : Capt Pank	aj Sinha Issue No.	:	01	Issued On	:	01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anul	ohav Jain Revision No.	:	04	Page	22	? of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Schematic diagram of weathering processes with time

It should be appreciated that throughout the lifetime of an oil slick, it continues to drift on the sea surface, independent of these processes. The actual mechanism governing movement is complex but experience shows that oil drift can be predicted by taking into account wind-induced effects and surface water currents. These can be calculated using mathematical modeling to determine the oil spill trajectory. The wind-induced effect is normally taken as 1-3% of the wind velocity, and the current effect as 110% of the current velocity. Reliable prediction of slick movement is clearly dependent upon the availability of good wind, tide and current data.

An understanding of the way in which weathering processes interact is important in forecasting their combined effect in changing the characteristics of different oils and the lifetime of slicks at sea. In order to predict such interactions, numerical models have been developed, based on theoretical and empirical considerations.

Accidental oil spills as indicated in 'Oil Spill Scenario' in section 2.1 of this plan might occur in the area of SPM. On the basis of the data modeled, the results indicate that

- a) about 38 % of hydrocarbons are lost by evaporation, 2.8 % by emulsification and 0.75 % by dissolution within 5 hours;
- b) the quantum of dissolved oil increases up to initial 5 hours and thereafter decreases as lighter (more soluble) hydrocarbons evaporate;
- c) after 50 hour, no oil dissolves;
- d) the trend of emulsified oil is similar to that of evaporated oil but emulsification occurs at a slow rate;
- e) the radius of oil slicks increases to nearly 1400 m at the end of 148 hours; and
- f) the maximum PHc concentration in water is about 39 μ g/l.

The spill trajectories clearly reveal the dominance of wind in deciding the location of landfall of the weathered oil. Thus during June-August, the spill will be preferentially transported in the north east direction under the influence of south west winds while during October-November, and possible up-to February, the oil will be predominantly carried to the southern shore. It is also evident that under the influence of the southwest winds, the oil will be deposited on the northern shore within 60 hours, while it might take about 80 hours to reach the southern shore during north east winds.

2.4 Development of oil spill scenarios including worst case discharge

The scenario of the spill are classified under two categories:

- 1. Oil Spill at Mundra Port Multi-Purpose Terminals/ Basins
- 2. Oil Spill at SPM

Oil Spill at Mundra Port Multi-Purpose Terminals/ Basins

a) Leak during cargo transfer operations Minor (250 liters)

This can occur at the start of cargo operations, during operation due to leakage in pipes, expansion joints, and at the time of disconnection of hose at manifold. However, such instances are remote on implementation of International Safety Management by Ships and Quality Management systems by Port.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 23 of 98

b) Slop tank / bunker tank overflow at, Jetty / Ship Minor (250 - 1000 ltrs.)

This source of pollution is purely of an accidental nature. The ship is expected to be ship shape with good trained crew and this has been emphasized to the Master of the vessel at the time of cargo transfer / bunkering. Based on a rate of 20 cbm/hr. and reaction time of 1 min, and hose content of 150 ltrs., likely spill is only 250 litres. A ship shore check list for cargo operations and bunkering is employed. A joint declaration is made by Marine Staff and Chief Officer / Master and enforced by Marine Manager. This results in good ship / shore co-ordination.

c) Spill during berthing (tug impact) Moderate (3000 liters)

Accidental contact with tugs or another marine structure is a possibility but quantum is not going to be significant because of Fendering system employed and training given to tug crews. Also with concept of double hull tanker the entire cargo compartments are protected by another hull, thus cargo spillage due to impact of tug is remote.

d) Grounding / Hull Damage:

APSEZL operates dry cargo & liquid cargo berths. Tankers mainly carry Furnace oil, Naphtha, Methanol, High Speed Diesel, Super Kerosene Oil and Vegetable oil. Oil transfer operations at the jetty are supervised by Liquid terminal staff. Manifold area has receptacle facilities to prevent accidental spills at connection / disconnection time. Berthing is done under controlled conditions and spill due to contact damage to underwater oil tanks is very remote. Radio officer controls movement of vessels in and around the berth and traffic presently is insignificant to pose any collision damage risk. Under water sea bed characteristic is soft sand. The berth area of about 500² m is surveyed monthly for any changes and underwater obstructions; hence grounding resulting into oil spill is very remote.

Oil Spill at SPM

a) Hose Puncture while unloading:

In such an event, crude oil, about 10670 Kgs may spill onto water. On spillage the oil slick will be carried away at a distant location depending upon water current and wind direction. The trained crew of the maintenance vessel patrolling the area during unloading, would control the oil slick movement by using booms and subsequently, the oil will be collected by the skimmer.

b) Failure of Swivel joint of SPM:

In this event about 17780 Kgs of crude oil may spill onto water. In this case the leakage may be detected visually by the personnel monitoring the operation from the ship tanker or by the detectors provided on the SPM.

c) Leakage of Crude oil at PLEM or from the submarine pipeline:

This case will occur at least 20 m below the water surface, oil being lighter than water will travel upward and float on to water. By the time oil water reaches the sea water surface, the oil droplets may start undergoing "weathering process" and it may form emulsion along with water.

d) Ship Collision Frequency:

Based on the statistical data and its analysis carried out by National Institute of Oceanography, the probability of this type of accident is about one in every seven years for the traffic projection and hence, this case is ignored.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 24 of 98

e) Ship Grounding Frequency:

Based on the statistical data and its analysis carried out by National Institute of Oceanography, the probability of this type of accident is about one in eleven years for the traffic projection and hence, this case is also ignored. Also with concept of double hull tanker the entire cargo compartments are protected by another hull, thus cargo spillage due to grounding is remote.

2.5 Shoreline sensitivity mapping

Gulf of Kutch is a typical semi-enclosed basin where the tidal forces interact with the open ocean waters of the sea, across its western open boundary at Okha. The currents of the region are tidal-driven and the water column is vertically well mixed. These features make the numerical modeling task easier, as a 2-D hydrodynamic model is sufficient to accurately reproduce the tides and currents for the study region in the Gulf of Kutch at Mundra.

The model domain of longitudes of 68° 50' 56.7" E and 70⁰ 27' 36.9" E and the latitudes of 22°14' 58.8" N and 23° 01' 49.1" N is selected for carrying out sensitivity analysis and predicting the fate and transport of oil spill that may take place at APSEZL's SPMs, Basins, berths and tanker route near Mundra coast in Gulf of Kutch

The bottom roughness in the Gulf of Kutch varies due to the variation of bed sediment grain sizes. The bed consists of various sizes of clay, sand, silt and rocky soils. In the present study a uniform Manning's roughness coefficient has been used for numerical runs of hydrodynamic processes. The filled contours of Chezy's roughness coefficient are shown in Fig. A.1.4. The same roughness coefficient has been used to predict tides and tidal velocities in the Mundra area for prediction of oil spill trajectory.

The interpolated Chezy's coefficient calculated based on Manning's roughness and total water depth is shown in Fig.A1.4. The sensitivity analysis has been carried out with various Manning's value, which is the combined effect of d_{50} sediment size and bed configuration, to calibrate the model with respect to the tide data of March and October 1994, at Sikka. The computational runs were continued with various sets of various bed roughness values till computed and measured tide levels are within the acceptable limit.

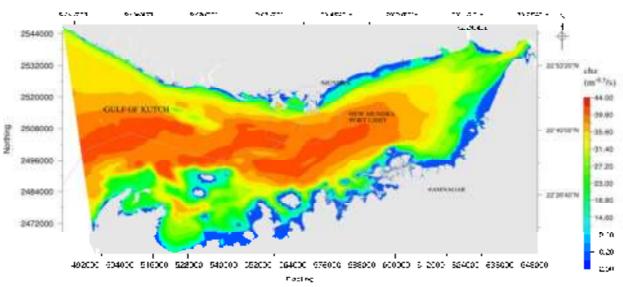


Fig.A1.4 Chezy's coefficient

For Shoreline sensitivity mapping refer Volume 2 (Annexure-V, VI and VII) of Oil Spill Risk Assessment.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On :	01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 2	5 of 98

2.6 Shoreline resources, priorities for protection

The SPMs and the Marine facilities (Existing Berths, South Basin, West Basin, North Basin, East Basin and LNG Berth etc.) are located in the Northern side of Gulf of Kutch at Mundra. VLCCs bring Crude oil and unload at the two SPMs which are connected to the Shore tanks by means of Submarine pipelines. The Crude unloaded at these SPMs is pumped through Submarine pipeline to Shore tank farm area.

Various Marine craft / solid cargo/ liquid cargo vessels traverse through the Gulf waters to berth at the various Terminals / Berths located in the new Mundra port limit. The general layout of the various facilities like SPMs, terminals etc. within the Mundra port limit area are shown in Fig.1.1 to Fig.1.4 in chapter 1. There is a probability of spillage at SPMs, along the sub-sea pipelines and tanker route during unloading operations and transportation. Apart from these operations at the SPMs, loading / unloading operations at the different berths of the Mundra port – South Basin, West Basin, North Basin, East Basin, LNG jetty and existing berths also may give raise to accidental spills at the berth locations. The spills at these locations may affect the shore and other facilities along the coast of Gulf of Kutch. The coast of Mundra has tidal flats, sand bars and not much in the way of mangroves. The mangroves, Marine Park / Marine Sanctuary etc. are on the Southern side of Gulf of Kutch. As it was observed that the spills occurring at the various locations of the APSEZL Marine facilities may reach the Coast on the Northern side as well as on the Southern side of the Gulf depending upon the season, there is a need to protect the environment in the event of an oil spill at any of the APSEZL Marine facilities

Shoreline Resources available with APSEZL, Mundra for deployment during shoreline cleanup/emergent situation:

Item	Quantity
Oil Spill Dispersants	15000 liters
Sorbent pads	2000 nos.
Portable dispersant storage tank: 1000 ltr capacity	1 no.
Portable pumps	2 nos.
Oil discharge hose, 3", 2 x 10 m	1 set
Tanker Trucks	04 nos.
Mini Vacuum Pump (30 m3 / hr)	05 nos.
Sorbent Boom Pack(12.5cm x 4 M)	500 mtr
Slurry Pump (60 m3 / hr)	01 no.
Start Tank with capacity 10000 liter(10 m ³)	02 nos.
OSD Applicator- Oil Dispersant Spry Unit(20 ltr) for use on beach and inter tidal zones	02 nos.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 26 of 98

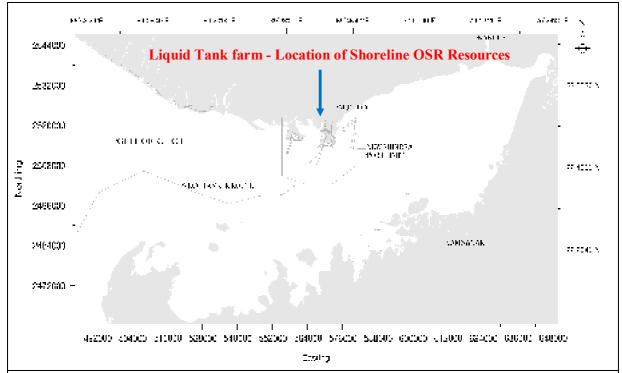


Fig.1.1 :General Arrangement of the marine facilities at Mundra port showing the VLCC route and facilities within the new Mundra port limit considered for carrying out the oil spill risk assessment studies.

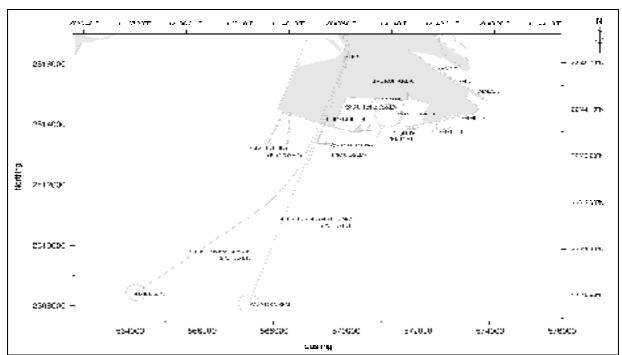


Fig1.2: Zoomed up portion of the South Basin showing the berths, turning circle, LNG jetty and existing berths as well as SPMs.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 27 of 98

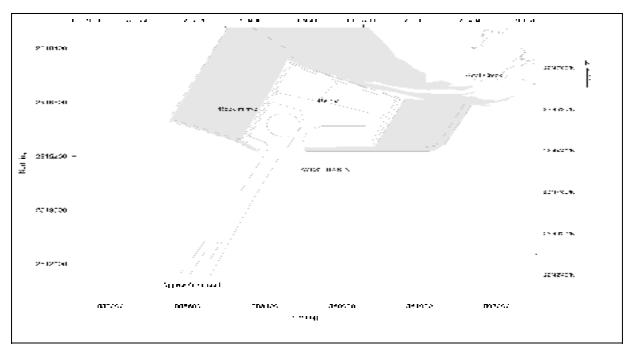
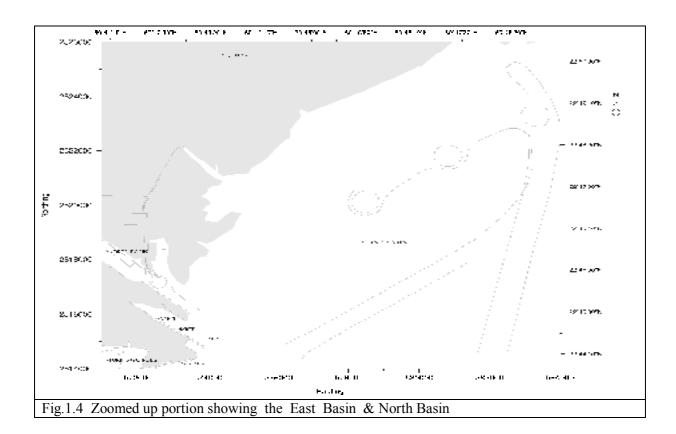


Fig.1.3 Zoomed up portion of the West Basin showing the berth locations and the approach channel for the vessels



Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On	:	01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 28 of 98		3 of 98

Marine resources in Gulf of Kutch

Phytoplankton

Phytoplanktons are vast array of minute and microscopic plants passively drifting in natural waters and mostly confined to the illuminated zone. In an ecosystem these organisms constitute primary producers forming the first link in the food chain. Phytoplankton long has been used as indicators of water quality. Some species flourish in highly eutrophic waters while others are very sensitive to organic and/or chemical wastes. Some species develop noxious blooms, sometimes creating offensive tastes and odours or anoxic or toxic conditions resulting in animal death or human illness. Because of their short life cycles, plankton responds quickly to environmental changes. Hence their standing crop in terms of biomass, cell counts and species composition are more likely to indicate the quality of the water mass in which they are found. Generally, phytoplankton standing crop is studied in terms of biomass by estimating chlorophyll and primary productivity, while in terms of population by counting total number of cells and their generic composition. When under stress or at the end of their life cycle, chlorophyll in phytoplankton decomposes to phaeophytin as one of the major products.

Phytopigments

During April 2010, the phytoplankton pigments viz. chlorophyll a (1.7 - 2.4 mg/m3; av 1.9 mg/m3) and phaeophytin (0.3 - 1.2 mg/m3; av 0.7 mg/m3) varied considerably. In October 2010, chlorophyll a ranged from 2.0 - 4.2 mg/m3 (av 3.1 mg/m3) and phaeophytin from 0.7 - 1.1 mg/m3 (av 0.7 mg/m3) (Tables 8.1 and 8.2). The average concentration (mg/m3) of chlorophyll a off Vadinar during different sampling events (2010) is listed in Table 8.1:

Table 8.1: Average chlorophyll a (mg/m3) off Vadinar (April 2010 to October 2010)

Area	Pathfinder	Nearshore	ESSAR DP	IOC SPM	ESSAR SPM	Salaya Creek	Gulf
April 2010	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.4	2.0	2.0	1.7
Oct 2010	2.1	4.2	2.8	4.1	2.0	-	3.7

The values of phaeophytin during the present monitoring period are given in Tables 8.2, while, the average concentrations (mg/m3) between different sampling events (April 2010 and October 2010) are listed in Table 8.2.

Table 8.2: Average phaeophytin (mg/m³) off Vadinar (April 2010 to October 2010)

Month	Pathfinder	Nearshore	ESSAR DP	IOC SPM	Essar SPM	Salaya Creek	Gulf
April 2010	1.2	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.6
Oct 2010	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	0.7	-	0.8

Phytoplankton population

As is generally the case with Coastal waters, the phytoplankton population density $(68-332 \text{ nox} 10^3/\text{l})$; av 186 no x $10^3/\text{l}$) and generic diversity (11-30 no; av 18 no) varied over a wide range and in a random manner during April 2010 (Table 8.3). In October 2010 the phytoplankton population density ranged from $100-789.6 \text{ nox} 10^3/\text{l}$ (av 329.4 no x $10^3/\text{l}$) and generic diversity ranged from 12-25 no (av 19 no) (Table 8.4) off Vadinar.

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On	:	01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page	29	of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Table 8.3: Average phytoplankton population density (no x 10^3 /l) and total genera (no) off Vadinar (April 2010 to October 2010)

	Pathfir	nder	Nearsl	nore	ESSAF	R DP	IOC SPM		
Month	Cell count (nox10 ³ /l)	Total genera (no.)							
Apr-10	216.2	19	200.5	17	192.7	15	127.7	18	
Oct									
2010	203.1	19	446.6	20	323.6	23	360.4	18	

	Essar SP	M		Salaya Creek				Gulf			
Month	Cell count (nox10 ³ /l) ge		l ra (no.)	Cell count (nox10 ³ /l)		Total genera (no.)		Cell count (nox10 ³ /l)	Total genera (no.)		
Apr-10	124	1	6	198.5	18	}	211		15		
Oct											
2010	260		6	-	-		487.6		14		

The above results indicated wide temporal and spatial fluctuations in the standing stock of phytoplankton between April 2010 and October 2010 off Vadinar. In general, the coastal waters revealed high average cell counts during October 2010 as compared to previous data. The generic diversity of phytoplankton during April 2010 widely varied with the dominance of genera such as Nitzschia (17.7%), Guinardia (16.7%), Skeletonema (9.1%), Thalassiosira (7.4%), Hemiaulus (7.2%), Navicula (6.1%), Rhizosolenia (4.5%), Biddulphia (3.4%) and Leptocylindrus (3.4%). In October 2010, the dominant phytoplankton genera were Leptocylindrus (57.6%), Guinardia (13.9%), Nitzschia (8.1%) and Chaetoceros (7.2%)

Mangroves

According to one estimate the dense mangrove cover of Narara Bet is spread over an area of 5.5 km². The mangrove area has increased in recent years due to extensive plantations made by the Forest Department. Mangrove cover and mudflat areas (km²) in Jamnagar, Lalpur, Khambalia and Kalyanpur Talukas estimated based on satellite data are given in Table 8.4 below:

Table 8.4: Mangrove areas (km²) along Jamnagar coast

Taluka	Mangroves (Dense)	Mangroves (Sparse)	Tidal mudflats		
Jamnagar	12.03	23.91	83.53		
Lalpur	1.96	3.95	50.50		
Khambalia	3.86	11.48	101.94		
Kalyanpur	0.04	0.01	0.78		

^{*}Singh H.S., 2000. Mangrove in Gujarat, GEER foundation

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page 30 of 98

Mangroves at Vadinar

The intertidal expanse in the vicinity of Dargah ranged in 1-1.2 km. Lower intertidal zone was muddy with dense algal growth. The mid and upper intertidal zone sustained mangrove vegetation of ~ 500 m width. The zone around HTL was dominated by a sandy beach with ~ 5 m width and a narrow beam at the backshore. The distribution of mangroves at Vadinar during the present monitoring (April 2010) is given in Table 8.5 below:

Table 8.5: Distribution of mangroves at Vadinar (Dargah - North side)

	Location	Species	% FQ	Density	Height	DBH	Seedling
					(m)	(cm)	(no/m^2)
D1	22° 26'42.6''N	A. marina	100	Sep-67	0.5 - 3.5	<2.6 - 6	0 - 2
	69° 42' 07.8''E			-38			
D2	22° 26' 50.5''N	A. marina	40	0 - 5	0.5 - 1.5	<2.5 - 4	0 - 1
	69° 41′ 52.9′′E			-2			
Vadinar	(Dargah - south side;	afforested a	rea)				
D3	22° 26′ 30.8′′N	A. marina	100	(20 - 75)	1.0 - 2.3	<1.5 - 5	0 - 15
	69° 42′ 05.6′′E			-50			

As evident from above data, the stand density of *A.marina* at two locations (D1 and D2) along North-east of Vadinar Dargah varied from nil to 67 plants/ 100 m^2 with higher density of plants noticed at location D1. Frequency of occurrence ranged from 40 - 100% in the mid and upper intertidal zones. The height varied from 0.5 to 3.5 m. Mostly the plants were dwarf (av 1 m) with occasional tall plants of 3.5 m. Diameter at Breadth Height (DBH) varied from <2.5 to 6 cm. The seedling density was poor and varied from 0 - <2.5 no/ $<mathred{m}^2$. The mid intertidal segment was the popular feeding site for flocks of flamingos.

The upper intertidal expanse along South-west of Vadinar Dargah (D3) showed good growth of afforested mangroves (Table 8.5). The density of mangroves ranged from 20 - 75 plants/100 m² with an average of 50 plants/100 m². The plant height varied from 1.0 to 2.3 m and the DBH ranged from <1.5 to 5 cm. The seedling density was low (0-15 no/m²), however, better than that noticed along North-east of Vadinar - Dargah (D1 & D2). Present results are comparable with earlier monitoring studies (2007 - 2009).

Mangroves at Narara

The intertidal expanse along the IOCL pipeline corridor varied from 2000 - 2200 m. The mangroves vegetation from upper intertidal region was observed to be healthy, dominated by *A.marina* on both sides of the pipeline corridor. Four locations (N1 to N4) were selected for monitoring of mangroves at Narara as detailed in below given Table 7.6.

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 31 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Table 8.6: Distribution of mangroves at Narara

	Location	Species	% FQ	Density	Height	DBH	Seedling
					(m)	(cm)	(no/m^2)
N1	22° 27′ 56.8′′N	A.marina	100	20-45	2-3	3-8	0-85
	69° 43′ 43.2′′E			(38)			
		C.tagal	10	0.7*	-	-	-
		R.mucronata	5	0.2*	-	-	-
N2	22° 27′ 59.1′′N	A.marina	100	60-90	2-4	25-12	0-7
	69° 43′ 21.3′′E			(85)			
N3	22° 28' 03.5''N	A.marina	100	28-85	0.5-2.5	<15-7	0-55
	69° 43′ 27.4′′E	R mucronata	3	(50)	-	-	-
N4	22° 28' 07.2''N	A.marina	100	30-130	0.5-3.5	<2.0-	0-10
	69° 43' 24.6''E			(80)		3.5	

^{*} no/5 00 m^2

As can be noticed in the above table, the plant density of *A.marina* varied from 20 - 130 plants/100 m² with a frequency of occurrence of 100% at Narara. The species like *Ceriops tagal* (7 plants/500 m²) and *Rhizophora mucronata* (2 plants/500 m² - 3 plants/100 m²) were rarely noticed. The locations N2 (85 plants/100 m²) and N4 (80 plants/100 m²) revealed better average density of *A.marina* as compared to the rest. The height of *A.marina* varied from 0.5 to 4 m with N2 and N4 locations indicating better plant height than the rest. The DBH varied from <1.5 to 12 cm at the monitoring locations. The seedling density ranged from 0 - 85 no/m² with N1 and N3 locations sustained better seedling density than the rest. Few new plants (30 - 45 cm in height) of *C.tagal* and *R.mucronata* were noticed at the EOL pipeline corridor during the present monitoring.

Sand dune vegetation

The narrow beach of ~ 5 m width around HTL along Narara Bet is marked with berm of ~ 1.5 -2 m width, followed by back shore sandy zone. Occasional shrubs of *Salicornia brachiata* and *Suaeda maritima* are observed on the backshore sandy zone. The sand dune flora is more predominant on berm and immediate back shore zone of ~ 5 m width. Sand dune flora is represented by seven species viz; *Crassa sp, Cyperus arenarius, Launea sp, Suaeda maritima, Salicornia brachiata,* unidentified *Poaceae* member and unidentified *Fabaceae* member.

Seaweeds and Seagrasses

Seaweeds, which are known as a source of food, fodder and manure, are mostly found attached to various substrata like sandy, muddy and coralline sediments as well as rocky areas and play a significant role in enriching the sea by adding dissolved organic matter, nutrients and detritus besides serving as nursery areas for the larvae and juveniles of innumerable marine organisms. Some green Seaweeds are edible, red algae are the important source of agar and some of the brown algae are used for manufacturing algin and alginic acid. Seaweeds are also used to produce some bioactive compounds.

The algal zone of Narara Bet is confined to 1.2-2.5 km width. A total of 62 species of algae and 3 species of sea grasses are recorded from this region. Among them Lyngbya, Caulerpa, Cladophora, Ulva, Cystoceira, Dictyota, Hydroclathrus, Padina, Sargassum, Acanthopora, Amphiroa, Champia, Centraceros, Gracilaria, Hypnea and Polysiphonia were common with the dominance of Padina and Gracilaria at the lower reef flat. The open mudflats of Narara Bet are dominated by algae like Enteromorpha, Ulva, Lyngbya and Polysiphonia, while, the upper sandy shore and mangrove areas are associated with Enteromorpha and Ulva. Seagrasses such as Halophila ovata and Halodule uninervis are common in patches on sandy regions of the reef, while, Halophila beccarii occasionally occurred on mudflats along the tidal channels.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 32 of 98

Open mudflats near Dargah and Narara pipeline corridor supported growth of twelve marine algae dominated by Enteromorpha spp (Table 8.7). The biomass of Enteromorpha estimated at $\sim 4 \text{ kg/m}^2$.

Table 8.7: Marine algal flora along Narara/Vadinar

Sr. No.	Species	% FO*	ES*
1	Enteromorpha clathrata	100	D
2	Enteromorpha intestinalis	100	D
3	Caulerpa racemosa	50	C
4	Ulva fasciata	100	D
5	Ulva lactuta	100	D
6	Ulva reticulate	90	D
7	Codium elongatum	30	0
8	Sargassum ilicifolium	45	С
9	Sargassum tenerimmum	60	CD
10	Gracilaria corticata	55	C
11	Gracillaria verrucosa	85	C
12	Polysiphonia platycarpa	20	0

*%FO: Percentage Frequency Occurrence, ES: Ecological Status, D: Dominant (% FO = 80-100), CD: Co-dominant (% FO = 60-79), C: Common (% FO = 40-59), O: Occasional (% FO = 20-39).

The intertidal zone of Kalubhar Tapu harbours 47 species of marine algae and three species of seagrasses. The reef areas of this island are dominated by *Dictyota*, *Gracilaria*, *Padina*, *Hydroclathrus*, *Ulva* and *Hypnea*. The open mudflats and sandy areas at the upper intertidal are preferred by *Enteromorpha*, *Ulva*, *Lyngbya* and *Polysiphonia*. The sandy region of the reef flat supported seagrasses like *Halophila* and *Halodule*.

Zooplankton

The zooplankton standing stock in terms of biomass and population density during April 2010 (Table 8.8) varied from 0.2 to 121.2 ml/100m³ (av 3.3 ml/100m³) and 2.2-722.7 x 10³/100m³ (av 39 x 10³/100m³), respectively while during October 2010 the zooplankton biomass and abundance ranged from 0.2 to 12.0 ml/100m³ (av 3.5 ml/100m³) and 2.5-157.8 x 10³/100m³ (av 48.4 x 10³/100m³) respectively suggesting normal secondary production off Vadinar during the monitoring period.

The average zooplankton biomass (ml/100m³), population density (nox10³/100m³) and total groups (no) off Vadinar during the monitoring period varied in accordance with the data presented in Table 8.8.

Table 8.8: Average values of zooplankton (A) biomass (ml/100m³⁾ (B) Population density (nox10³/100m³) and (c) total groups (no) off Vadinar (April 2010 – October 2010)

Area		Pathfinder	Nearshore	ESSAR DP	IOC SPM	Essar SPM	Salaya Creek	Gulf
Amril	Α	8.3	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.4	2.5	3.5
April 2010	В	89.9	24.6	14.4	22.7	12.7	20.4	37.4
2010	С	17	15	12	16	13	16	17
Oat	Α	4	3.9	1.5	3	5.7	-	2.1
Oct 2010	В	57.4	55.9	23.5	30.5	83.1	-	32.8
2010	С	13	11	10	10	9	-	7

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On	:	01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 33 of 98		of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

The overall zooplankton standing stock was low and highly variable off Vadinar which could be due to high patchiness and seasonal variability in their distribution apart from high grazing pressure at higher trophic levels.

During April 2010, 24 faunal groups were identified in the coastal waters off Vadinar during the monitoring period while 17 faunal groups were present in the samples of October 2010. The most common faunal groups were copepods (40.5%), decapod larvae (19%), gastropods (22.5%), lamellibranchs (10.7%), and foraminiferans (2.1%) in April 2010. In addition to the above, groups like chaetognaths, siphonophores, *Lucifer* sp, polychaetes, ctenophores, medusae, amphipods, ostracods, mysids, heteropods, isopods, stomatopod larvae, appendicularians and fish larvae were also frequently noticed but in less numbers during April 2010. During October 2010, the dominant groups were copepods (93.6%) and decapod larvae (4.8%). In general, the coastal waters off Vadinar revealed a moderate production of zooplankton associated with random fluctuations and seasonal changes.

Macro benthos

The organisms inhabiting the sediment are referred as benthos. Depending upon their size, benthic animals are divided into three categories, macrofauna, microfauna and meiofauna and macrofauna. Benthic community responses to environmental perturbations are useful in assessing the impact of anthropogenic perturbations on environmental quality. Macrobenthic organisms which are considered for the present study are animals with body size larger than 0.5 mm. The presence of benthic species in a given assemblage and its population density depend on numerous factors, both biotic and abiotic.

Intertidal macrofauna

During April 2010, Intertidal macrofauna was studied along 5 transects viz. 1 transect (Transect I) at Kalubhar Island and 4 transects at Narara Bet. Several locations were sampled along each transect between the HTL and the LTL viz; High Water (HW), Mid Water (MW) and Low Water (LW). The intertidal macrofaunal standing stock in terms of population density (50-7800 no/m², av 2292 no/m²) and biomass (0.1-37.2 g/m²; wet wt, av. 9.2 g/m²; wet wt) varied widely During the post monsoon, only the first three transects were sampled. In October 2010, the intertidal macrofaunal standing stock in terms of population density ranged from 0-3625 no/m² (av 1185 no/m²) and biomass from 0-67.8 g/m²; wet wt (av. 14.6 g/m²; wet wt). These results are compared with historical data in Table 8.9.

Table 8.9 Average of intertidal macro benthos off Vadinar during April 2010 to October 2010, (A) Biomass (g/m²) (B) Population density (no/m²) and (C) Total groups

Transect		I	II	III	IV	V
April	Α	11.2	4.2	13.7	10.7	6.1
2010	В	3983	1172	1292	2401	2614
	С	5	3	6	6	3
Oct	Α	11.9	16.8	15.1	-	-
2010	В	1495	904	1156	-	-
	С	5	7	5	-	-

Overall, the intertidal region sustained good faunal standing stock and diversity and the contribution of major faunal components are comparable over the past many years at Narara Bet/Kalubhar.

Subtidal macrofauna

Subtidal macrofauna was studied at 13 stations in the coastal system off Vadinar during April 2010 and at 10 stations during October 2010. The distribution of subtidal faunal standing stock in terms of biomass $(0.3 - 41.0 \text{ g/m}^2; \text{ av } 8.0 \text{ g/m}^2 \text{ wet wt})$ and population density $(150-8925 \text{ no/m}^2; \text{ av } 1902 \text{ no/m}^2)$ during April 2010. In October 2010 the biomass ranged from $0.3 - 23.9 \text{ g/m}^2$ (av 7.1 g/m^2 ; wet wt) and population density ranged from $125-14975 \text{ no/m}^2$ (av 2282 no/m^2) The current data is listed (April 2010 – Oct 2010) in Table 8.10.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 34 of 98

Table 8.10 Average of subtidal macrobenthos off Vadinar during April 2010 to October 2010, (A) Biomass (g/m²) (B) Population density (no/m²) and (C) Total groups

Area		Pathfinder	Nearshore	ESSAR DP	IOC SPM	ESSAR SPM	Salaya Creek	Gulf
	Α	11.2	2.9	2.0	6.1	1.3	15.5	6.4
April 2010	В	3833	338	388	694	2375	1553	1865.5
	С	7	3	4	6	5	6	4
	Α	12.1	7.7	1.9	4.9	1.8	-	10.6
Oct 2010	В	5019	2967	400	1169	181	-	1652
	С	8	5	4	4	2	-	7

The macrobenthic population was dominated by polychaetes (50.1%), amphipods (18.5%), pelecypods (8.2%), decapod larvae (7.4%), tanaids (3.6%) and foraminiferans (3.2%) during April and by polychaetes (76.3%), amphipods (12.3%) and pelecypods (5%) during October 2010.

Corals and associated biota

Live corals at the Narara and Kalubhar reefs are mainly confined to the lower littoral (reef flat) and shallow subtidal zones (< 8 m). They are absent at the upper reef flat probably because of high rate of sedimentation and long exposure during low tide.

Narara Bet

The eastern segment of Narara Bet represents a formation of vast mud flat, which resulted in significant negative influence on the live coral population. Many regions along the reef flat on the western side are exposed during low tide for prolonged periods because of which the distribution of live corals was poor. In all 30 and 22 Scleractinian species have been identified in the intertidal and subtidal zones respectively of Narara Bet with *Montipora*, *Goniopora*, *Porites*, *Favia*, *Favites*, *Goniastrea*, *Platygyra*, *Cyphastrea*, *Pseudosiderastrea*, *Turbinaria*, *Leptastrea* and *Symphyllia* as the dominant genera.

In general, the live coral density decreased with depth. The live corals were absent beyond 8 m (CD). However, the subtidal area at Narara sustained good coral populations within 5 m (CD). Distance-wise corals were rich within 250 m towards the sea from the LTL. The corals of the genera *Montipora, Porites, Favites, Goniastrea, Goniopora, Cyphastrea, Leptastrea, Favia* and *Turbinaria* dominated the subtidal area.

Kalubhar

In general, Kalubhar reef sustained relatively healthy live corals at the lower intertidal and subtidal (<7 m depth) zones as compared to the population at the Narara reef. The north and north-west regions of Kalubhar had better coral density and diversity as compared to the east and south-east regions because of high sedimentation of the reef flat and the subtidal zones. Overall, 30 and 7 species of Scleractinians in the intertidal and subtidal zones respectively at Kalubhar have been identified. The corals at Kalubhar were mainly represented by genera *Montipora*, *Favia*, *Favites*, *Porites*, *Goniastrea*, *Goniopora*, *Cyphastrea*, *Platygyra*, and *Symphyllia* and *Turbinaria*. The live corals were absent at the reef edge of 50 m width due to total exposure for longer period whereas their coverage increased (90 to 100%) at the reef slope below 1 m depth.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 35 of 98

A rich reef associated flora and fauna was noticed at Kalubhar. The common and dominant seaweed genera were *Sargassum*, *Gelidiella*, *Acanthophora*, *Ulva*, *Caulerpa*, *Codium*, *Dictyota*, *Padina*, *Halymenia*, *Enteromorpha*, and *Gracillaria*. Varieties of sponges were associated with coral boulders. The fauna consisted of coelenterates (*Zoanthus* sp., *Discosoma* sp., *Stoichactis*, *giganteum*, *Cerianthus* sp. and variety of corals), annelids (various polychaetes), echiuroid (*Ikedella misakiensis*), crustaceans (amphipods, isopods, *Acetes* sp., shrimps and crabs), molluscs (*Octopus* sp., *Sepia* sp., *Loligo* sp., gastropods, bivalves, nudibranchs etc.) echinoderms and variety of reef fishes.

Fishery

Gujarat ranks number one position in marine fish production in India. The Gulf contributes about 22% to the fish production of the state. The share of the Jamnagar District is between 5 and 14% (av 10%) to the State's total marine fish landings. The important fish landing centres in the vicinity of IOCL SPM area which falls under Khambalia zone are Vadinar, Bharana, Nana Amla and Salaya which together contributed about 6823 t, 8253 t and 5330 t of fish landings in 2006-07, 2007-08 and 2008-09 respectively to the total landings of the Jamnagar District. Similarly, the important fish landing centres in the vicinity of Sikka which falls under Jamnagar zone are Sachana, Baid, Sarmat, Bedi and Sikka which together contributed about 4768 t, 5122 t and 5848 t of fish landings in 2006-07, 2007-08 and 2008-09 respectively. Within the Jamnagar zone, the major landings (98%) were from Sachana (32%), Baid (27%), Sikka (19.7%) and Bedi (18.9%) during the last 3 years. Within the Khambalia zone, the major landings (81-89%) were at Salaya during the period 2006-09. On an average the Khambalia zone (56.5%) contributed to about 13% higher fish landings than Jamnagar zone (43.5%) for the last 3 years. However, the landings at Sikka (1.3%) and Vadinar (0.5%) to the total landings of the district were negligible during the period 2006-2009.

Reptiles and mammals

The reptiles are mainly represented by marine turtles Chelonia mydas and Lepidochelys olivacea which breed and spawn on the sandy beach along the Sikka-Vadinar coast as well as on the islands.

Dolphin (*Dolphinus delphis*) and whale (*Balanoptera* sp) are common in the Gulf. Though occurrence of Dugong (*Dugong dugon*) in the Gulf particularly along the Jamnagar coast has been reported, there are no recent sightings.

The resources discussed above likely to be threatened are tidal flats, Phytoplankton, Phytopigments, Mangroves, seaweeds and seagrasses, Zooplankton, Macrobenthos, Corals and associated biota, salt works fishing activities and other vocational related to marine sensitive areas in the coast of Vadinar and Sikka.

It has been observed from the modeling study that during pre-monsoon season, the spills occurring at the APSEZL marine facilities move towards the southern / southwestern part of the Gulf of Kutch nearer to the facilities depending on tide phase.

The spills taking place at the APSEZL marine facilities move towards northern coast of Gulf of Kutch during monsoon season and affect the coast near Mundra, Kandla etc.

During post - monsoon season, the spills taking place at the APSEZL marine facilities move towards south / southwest and affect the islands /coast on southern side of the Gulf of Kutch.

2.7 Special local considerations

Considering the distant proximity of various other installations with the port of Mundra, in case of a tier 1 spill, no other special considerations are deemed to be required apart from an active spill response close to the port facility itself.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page 36 of 98

3 Response strategy

3.1 Philosophy and objectives

This plan is intended to assist APSEZL in dealing with an accidental release or discharge of oil. Its primary purpose is to set in motion the necessary actions to stop or minimize the discharge and to mitigate its effects. Effective planning ensures that the necessary actions are taken in a structured, logical and timely manner.

This plan guides the HOD—Marine and his Duty Staff through the decisions which will be required in an incident response. The tables, figures and checklists provide a visible form of information, thus reducing the chance of oversight or error during the early stages of dealing with an emergency situation.

For this plan to be effective, it must be:

- familiar to those APSEZL staff with key response functions;
- regularly exercised; and,
- Reviewed and updated on a regular basis.

This plan uses a tiered response to oil and chemical pollution incidents. The plan is designed to deal with Tier One spillage. The products handled are likely to pose a greater fire and safety, rather than an environmental risk; there may thus be additional factors involving the safety of personnel, which will take precedence over the pollution response. In this case, reference must be made to the APSEZL Emergency Procedures Manual. The salvage and casualty management of any vessel that poses a threat of pollution is priority considerations.

During oil spill response activities, account must be taken of the following:

- site hazard information
- adherence to permit procedures
- spill site pre-entry briefing
- boat safety
- APSEZL safety manual and material safety data sheets
- Personal protective equipment needs
- heat stress
- decontamination

3.2 Limiting and adverse conditions

APSEZL is situated in natural protected Gulf of Kutch and there are less incidences of heavy wind or any other factor affecting operation.

3.3 Oil spill response in offshore zones

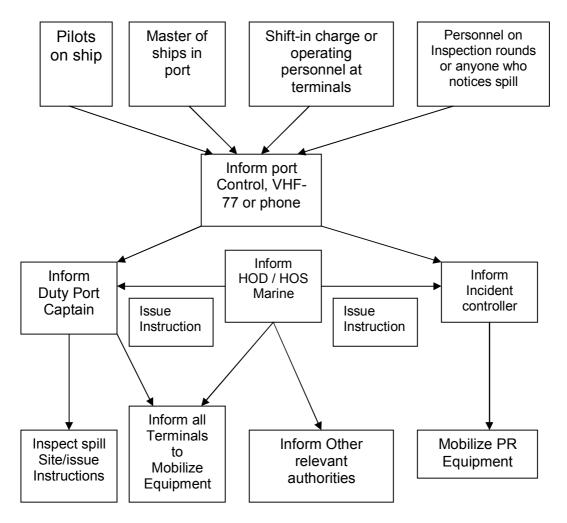
SPM handles (unloading) crude oil and pumps it to shore tank farm area through sub-sea pipeline. The impact of such spills on marine environment is on the higher side. Hence, oil spill equipments are required for combating oil in case of such spills at the marine facilities at Mundra.

Based on the oil spill modeling study, it has been observed that crude oil spill of 700 tons (Tier-I) will spread over an area having radius of around 400 m within 4hr. APSEZL has already having facilities for combating a Tier-1 spill.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 37 of 98

3.4 Oil spill response in coastal zones

Contingency Chart to deal with Oil Spill



On-site Crisis Management Group – Action Group

In an emergency, the personnel available at or near the incident site play vital role. This concept is made use of in nominating the Key Persons. It is necessary to nominate a functionary as the Incident Controller who is invariably a shift-in-charge of the facility. The Incident Controller tackling the emergency in real times requires the support from various other services i.e. Fire & Safety, Medical Services covering communication, transport and personal functions etc. A key person for each of these services therefore, is nominated.

Overall in charge of these activities is **Chief Operating Officer** – **Mundra Port.** The different functional coordinators, designated, will co-ordinate with Chief Controller in their respective functional areas. It is suggested that key personal chart be developed, giving the names, designation, telephone nos. of top level personnel who will act as coordinators in different disciplines/services. The duties and the responsibilities of various Key Persons and Coordinators need to be written down on a chart and should be made available across the organization at the site / location.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 38 of 98

Roles & Responsibilities

Incident Control Officer – (HOS – Marine / Duty Port Captain)

- Directs and co-ordinates all field operations at the scene of the accident
- Assess incident/crisis at site, nature, location, severity, casualties, resource requirement
- Classifies incident Advises Exe. Controller, Civil Defence, Dy. Conservator, Traffic Manager regarding crisis severity status and emergency level, wind direction, temperature, casualties and resource requirements.
- Conducts initial briefing to Chairman
- Activates elements of the terminal emergency plan/ site response actions
- Protect port personnel and the public
- Directs security/fire fighting/oil spillage/gas leakage/vessel accidents/natural calamities, cargo operations shutdown
- Search for casualties and arrange first aid and hospitalization
- Brief or designate a person to brief, personnel at the incident scene
- Determine information needs and inform Crisis Management Group
- Coordinates all functional heads in field operations group to take action
- Manages incident operations to mitigate for re-entry and recovery
- Coordinate search and rescue operations
- Arrange evacuation of non-essential workers to assembly points –outside port
- Arranges tugs, mooring boats and pilot(s) for sailing vessel(s)
- Co-ordinates actions, requests for additional resources and periodic tactical and logistical briefings with Site Emergency Coordinator
- Coordinate incident termination and cleanup activities
- Instructs various emergency squads as necessary

Site Emergency Coordinator - (Senior Pilot and Duty Radio Officer)

- Direct operations from the emergency control center with assistance from Crisis Management Group
- Take over central responsibility from the Site incident controller (SIC)
- Decide level of crisis and whether to activate off site emergency plan
- Instruct SIC to sound appropriate alarm
- Direct the shutting down, evacuation and other operations at the port
- Monitor on site and off site personal protection, safety and accountability
- Monitor that causalities if any are given medical aid and relatives informed
- Exercise direct operational control of the works outside the affected works
- Monitor control of traffic movements within the port
- Coordinate with the senior operating staff of the fire, police and statutory authorities
- Issue authorized statements to the news media
- Review and assess possible developments to determine the most probable course of events
- Authorize the termination of the emergency situation by sounding the all clear siren-continuous long single tone siren for one minute
- Control rehabilitation of affected areas after emergency
- Arrange for a log of the emergency

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 39 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Fire Coordinator – (HOS - Fire / HOS -Safety)

(Under the direction of the Incident Control Officer)

- Announces fire incident point over the public address system and evacuates workers to the assembly points
- Informs fire station immediately and leads fire fighting team to the incident location
- Informs SIC if external fire tender / fire-fighting equipment / materials/mutual aid is required
- If necessary, arranges and activates other fire-fighting equipment
- Arranges safety equipment e.g. fire suits, protective gloves and goggles, breathing apparatus
- In liaison with Civil Engineering Department, ensures that adequate water pressure is maintained in the fire hydrant system/at the area supply
- Maintains adequate records

HOS - Security / Duty Security Officer

- Directs, gate security and facilitates evacuation, transport, first aid, rescue
- Controls the entry of unauthorized persons and vehicles-disperses crowd
- Permits the entry of authorized personnel and outside agencies for rescues operations without delay. Liaises with State police
- Allows the entry of emergency vehicles such as ambulances without hindrances
- Ensures that residents within port area are notified about disaster and instructs to evacuate if necessary
- Ensure that all people are aware of the assembly points, where the transportation vehicles are available
- Ensure that the people are as per the head count available with the assembly point section of that area
- Liaise with the Chief Medical Officer to ensure first aid is available at the assembly points
- Carry out a reconnaissance of the evacuated area before declaring the same as evacuated and report to SIC.

Medical Superintendent

- Direct medical team
- Set up casualty collection centre arrange first aid posts
- Arrange for adequate medicine, antidotes, oxygen, stretchers etc
- Contact and cooperate with local hospitals and ensure that the most likely injuries can be adequately treated at these facilities e.g. burns
- Advise Chief Emergency Controller on industrial hygiene and make sure that the facility personnel are not exposed to unacceptable levels of toxic compounds
- Make arrangements for transporting and treating the injured
- Inform the hospitals of the situation in case of a toxic release and appraise them of the antidotes necessary for the treatment
- Maintain a list of blood groups of each employee with special reference to rare blood groups
- Liaise with Govt. Hospitals/Red Cross

Marine Pollution Coordinator – Manager (Marine / pollution control)

- Minimizes the impact of an accident on the environment for which it would develop methodologies to control hazardous spills
- Monitors cooperation with emergency response squads to conduct the actual cleanup work during and after the emergency.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 40 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

- In case of fire and specially if the fire involves toxic/flammable materials, to ensure responsible actions for containing the run off fire water and other water from the damaged units
- Determines the level of contamination of the site as a result of the accident
- During cyclones/floods arranges sand bags and transfers important plans and documents to higher levels

Traffic Coordinator - Duty Port Captain

- Directs operation staff
- Prepares vessels to vacate from berth
- Arranges to protect cargo in vicinity from damage
- Arranges to segregate and shift cargo in sheds
- Submits consolidated list of dangerous goods in port including tankers in port and tank farms in port area
- Coordinates with ship owners / agents/C & F agents/stevedores

Communications Officer – (Duty Port Captain / Duty Marine Control officer)

- Ensure telephone operator/signal room advises entire emergency team
- On receipt of instructions from the chief Incident controller, notifies the fire brigade/police/hospitals/district collector/mutual aid partners
- Keep the switchboard open for emergency calls and transmit the same to the concerned personnel effectively
- Refrain from exchanging any information with authorized persons unless authorized to do so by the Chief Incident Controller
- Maintains contact with other vessels through VTMS

Chief Emergency Controller – (Head - HSE)

- Inform district emergency authorities-District Collector, Medical officer-Coast Guard Pollution control -Inspector of factories-Inspector of Dock Safety & Health,
- Activate the off site plan if necessary
- Liaise with Jt. Secy./Director MOST (Ministry of Shipping) or relevant Govt. authority
- Inform the media

Civil Coordinator – (HOS – Environment cell / HOS - Estate)

- Inform Gujarat Pollution Control Board and other environmental agencies about the incident for getting necessary guidance
- Instruct the contractors to carry out urgent civil works if required
- Hire the barges for collecting the spilled oil, if required

Marine Engineering Coordinator – (HOS – SPM / Diving Team in-charge)

- Organise the tugs for combating the pollution
- Start the rigging of pollution combating equipment on tugs/launches
- Hire additional crafts if required

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 41 of 98

HOD- Corporate affairs:

- Collect detailed information periodically and liaise with press about the incident
- Arrange transport facilities, if required
- Inform local authorities/District Collector about the incident (as per EAP)

HOS - Legal & HOD - Estate:

- Issue notice under Major Port Trusts Act, Indian Ports Act(Prevention & Control of Pollution) Rules, etc; to the defaulting master/owner/agent
- Arrange for settlement of claims related to the pollution(as per EAP)

3.5 Shoreline oil spill response

Most oil spills reach the shorelines and cause visible oil pollution which is particularly sensitive to public opinion. The selection and correct application of clean up techniques are therefore essential. When an oil spill occurs on open water the optimal solution is to intercept and recover the oil before it reaches the shoreline. This is because:-

- The environmental damage is normally less critical in the open water environment
- The logistics of oil removal becomes more complex in the varied natural environment of coastlines compared with the open sea.
- The costs of oil recovery increases dramatically when oil reaches sensitive shorelines compared with open water operations.

Experience has shown that it is very difficult to avoid some oil reaching the shorelines. Mechanical equipment and chemical treatment at sea are often insufficient to recover all oil spilled at sea. When the oil reaches the shoreline, a number of different parameters specific for this particular situation have to be taken into consideration:-

- Quantity of oil
- Characteristics of the oil (for instance, toxicity and viscosity)
- Prevailing on-site conditions (weather, season, tides, temperature)
- Shoreline type or combination of types (cliffs, pebble, sand, marsh)
- Special Considerations

The four main steps in a shoreline clean-up operation are:

Step 1: Assessment

- Determine the need to clean, setting priorities in line with this contingency plan
- Determine required degree of clean-up for each area in accordance with priorities
- Attain agreement between clean-up team, ecological experts, government authorities

Step 2: Select Clean-up Method

- Choose method appropriate to type of shoreline, access, degree of oiling
- Minimize damage caused by choice of clean-up technique, degree of clean-up
- Address conflicts of interest (e.g. needs of amenity use versus environment or response speed versus aggressiveness)

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page 42 of 98

Step 3: Clean-up Operations

- Monitor clean-up, confirm choices made above, re-evaluate if necessary
- Minimize disturbance of shoreline features
- Minimize collection of un-oiled debris, sediments

Step 4: Termination / Monitoring

- Ongoing assessment of clean-up operations
- Determine when clean-up objectives have been met
- Post-spill monitoring to confirm recovery of shoreline features, biota

The four main methods for shoreline clean-up are as follows:-

A. Pumping and Skimming Techniques

- Applicable to shorelines that are heavily oiled.
- Often the first step in cleaning a heavily contaminated shoreline.
- Preferred option because it results in fluid wastes that are relatively free of sediments and debris, which are more easily dealt with in disposal.
- Pumping and skimming techniques can also be used in conjunction with flushing techniques.

B. Flushing Techniques

- Use water or steam to flush oil from the beach, and direct it to a recovery location.
- Applicable to heavily contaminated beaches, and substrates that are relatively impermeable (e.g., mud and saturated beaches, boulders, and man-made structures) that will not allow the flushed oil to penetrate the beach surface.
- Typically carried out in conjunction with a skimming operation. The flushed oil is directed downslope to skimmers positioned at the water's edge, with booms deployed around the skimmers to prevent any loss of the water.
- Options of using low or high pressure water, and of using ambient temperature water versus warm water or steam.
- Low pressure, cold water is generally the least effective, particularly with sticky oils and emulsions, but is least harmful on the environment.
- High pressure water and heated water and steam are more effective, but may remove and/or kill beach-dwelling organisms.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No. :	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No. :	04	Page 43 of 98

C. Sediment Removal Techniques

- Applicable to a variety of shoreline types, and in particular, when the shoreline is heavily contaminated, though likely to cause the greatest environmental impact
- The requirements are access for the heavy equipment required for transporting away oily debris and sediments for disposal and a surface which is able to support heavy equipment
- An important factor to consider is the depth of oil penetration
- Important to limit the depth of material removed in order to minimise disturbance to the beach, and to minimise disposal requirements
- The best option is to use manual labour to pick up the oily sediment and mechanical means to transport it away

D. Biodegradation Techniques

- Generally refers to "active" bioremediation, where nutrients and/or microorganisms are applied to enhance natural degradation
- Generally suitable for areas that are lightly oiled, especially lightly oiled salt marshes and tidal
 flats where the use of equipment could increase the environmental effects by forcing oil into the
 substrate
- It can also be used as a final clean-up step following more active efforts

The shoreline clean-up operation is normally not an emergency operation as is the case with an oil spill on open water. A clean-up project can last many weeks or months depending on the amount of oil spilled. Many wrong decisions can be made in planning and carrying out a shoreline clean-up operation. The contingency plan must be used in combination with consulting experts with experience of shoreline clean up. The agencies such as NIO, NEERI, Ports and Oil companies have experts with experience which is relevant for the specific oil spill situation and they should be consulted prior undertaking shoreline clean-up.

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 44 of 98

3.6 Storage and disposal of oil and oily waste

After the natural degradation by coagulation and evaporation of oil on water, residual oil and waste material collected during a Tier 1 response will be disposed off by in-situ or terrestrial burning.

	Type of material	Separation methods	Disposal methods
LIQUIDS	Non-emulsified oils	Gravity separation of free	Use of recovered oil as fuel
LIQUIDS	Non-emuisined ons	water	or refinery feedstock
		Emulsion broken to	Use of recovered oil as fuel or
		release water by;	refinery feedstock.
	Emulsified oils	- Heat treatment	Burning
	Elliuisified olis	- Emulsion breaking	Return of separated sand to
		chemicals	source.
		- Mixing with sand	
		Collection of liquid oil	Use of recovered oil as fuel or
		leaching from sand during	refinery feedstock.
		temporary storage	Direct disposal
SOLIDS	Oil mixed with sand	Extraction of oil from sand	Stabilization with inorganic
SOLIDS	On mixed with sand	by washing with water or	material.
		solvent	Degradation through land
		Removal of solid oil by	farming or composting.
		sieving	Burning
		Collection of liquid oil	Direct disposal.
		leaching from beach	Burning
	Oil mixed with cobbles,	material during temporary	
	pebbles or shingle	storage	
	peobles of shingle	Extraction of oil from	
		beach material by washing	
		with water or solvents	
		Collection of liquids	Direct disposal.
	Oil mixed with wood,	leaching from debris	Burning.
	plastics, sea weeds,	during temporary storage	Degradation through land
	sorbents	Flushing of oil from debris	farming or composting for oil
	Solocius	with water	mixed with sea weeds or
			natural sorbents.
	Tar balls	Separation from sand by	Direct disposal
	TWI OWIID	sieving	Burning

Location for Dug Pond for temporary storage of oily water:

To store the contaminated oily water, temporary dug pond will be excavated for storage of oily water. It is expected that 20 times volume of oil & water mixture will be generated if oil spill happen in the sea. Storage capacity of dug pond of volume 14000 m3 considering spill of level 1 (Tier-1) is required.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page 45 of 98

Location Identified for Dug Pond behind Maruti Yard (Lat. 22° 45.252'N, Long. 69° 41.093'E) is roposed.



- Size of Dug Pond to be provided: 100 mtr X 100mtr X 1.5mtr
- Total storage capacity (m3): considering 20 times oily water @ 700 m3 = 14000 m3

Once the contaminated mixture of oil and water is stored, the same will be transferred via tanker to following location. Following are the steps require to be followed.

- 1. Oil Water Separator: Capacity 25 m3/hr.
- 2. Effluent Treatment Plant: Capacity 120 KLD
- 3. Parallely oil recyclers will be approached for the collection and transportation of the oily water.
- 4. Contaminated Soil / Sediments will be directly sent to the Treatment Storage and Disposal Facility (TSDF) site. List of Oil recyclers and TSDF sites are shown in Annexure 15
- 5. Different types of equipment & manpower require for creating dug pond:

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 46 of 98

Name of Equipment	Quantity	Primary Responsibility of Equipment & Material	Secondary Responsibility
Excavator	10 Nos.	Marine Dept.	MHS section (Dry Cargo) / Asset Department / Procurement
JCB Machines	10 Nos.	Marine Dept.	ES Civil / Asset Department / Procurement
Material			
HDPE Liners for dug pond	10 6 0 0 Sq. mtr.	Marine Dept.	Stores & Procurement

In phase wise manner stored oily water will be treated at both the above facility to separate oil from water to the possible extent. Whereas, after recovery of oil from water, water confirming to the effluent discharge limit of oil (< 10 ppm) will be discharged in to sea.

Whereas in case oily water will not capable of treat at OWS & ETP will be dispose through sending it to registered recyclers, for which APSEZL have already done tie up with the registered recyclers as mentioned in **Annexure – 15**.

APSEZL have also done necessary tie up with various institutes/agency/NGO as mentioned in **Annexure** – **16** for providing service for rescue & rehabilitation of oil socked birds as well as restoration of mangroves, when oil reaches to the sea shore and mangrove areas during oil spill. Mobile van / vehicle require for rescue of oil socked birds to transfer from affected area to treatment facility center.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On	: 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page	e 47 of 98

4 Equipment

4.1 Marine oil spill response equipment

Detailed in Annexure 3

4.2 Inspection, maintenance and testing

The equipments are being kept in working condition. Routine inspection, maintenance and testing performed as per the stipulated requirements.

4.3 Shoreline equipment, supplies and services

The shoreline clean-up equipment which are essential for the oil removal operations at beaches are as follows:-

- Protective clothing for everybody (including boots and gloves), spare clothing.
- Cleaning material, rags, soap, detergents, and brushes.
- Equipment to clean clothes, machinery, etc., with jets of hot water.
- Plastic bags (heavy duty) for collecting oily debris.
- Heavy duty plastic sheets for storage areas especially for the lining of temporary storage pits.
- Spades, shovels, scrapers, buckets, rakes
- · Ropes and lines
- Anchors, buoys
- Lamps and portable generators
- Whistles
- First Aid material.

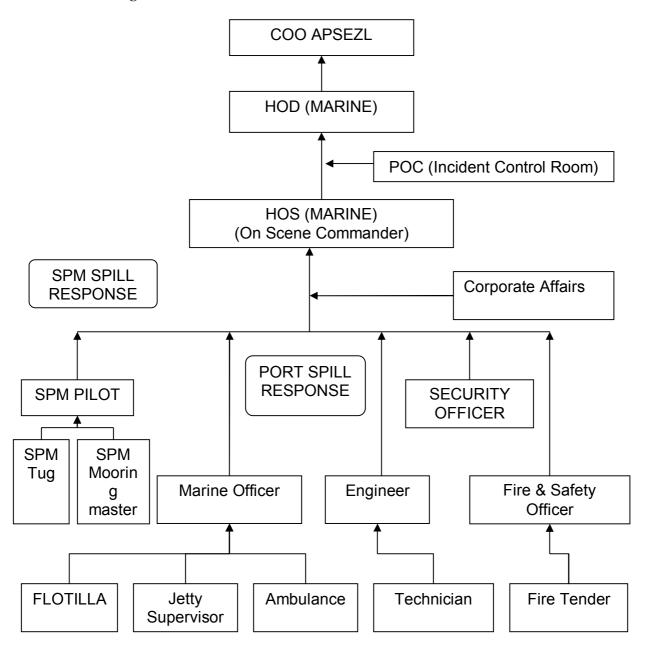
Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 48 of 98

5 Management

5.1 Crisis manager and financial authorities

The COO of APSEZL is the final authority of the oil spill response in case of a Tier 1 scenario. He is responsible for raising the level of the response if required and summoning additional help. The authority of all financial decisions rest with him.

5.2 Incident organization chart



Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page 49 of 98

5.3 Manpower availability (on-site, on call)

In an event of incident Kandla Port Trust, Gujarat Maritime Board, Gulf of Kutch Ports, District and Regional plans are deemed to have been implemented. Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited (APSEZL) manpower and resources will be put at the disposal and will be deployed as required, provided APSEZL is the polluter and spill is within the Port Limits.

In the event of APSEZL not being the polluter and any event outside the port limit of Adani Port, APSEZL equipment will be subject to mutual assistance plan and it will be the responsibility of the above forum.

5.4 Availability of additional manpower

Similarly in the event of APSEZL being the polluter, additional manpower and supplies can be requested from the resources which are part of this forum.

A numbers of private parties have their labor force working round the clock in the port and on call these can be available.

5.5 Advisors and experts – spill response, wildlife and marine environment

APSEZL, being the nodal agency in this LOS-DCP, will function as the main agency. In the event of the emergency getting raised to higher tier, i.e. in case the incidence becomes a national disaster, the help and advice of Indian Coast Guard will be taken.

5.6 Training / safety schedules and drill / exercise programme

Training of all APSEZL staff who may get involved in implementing this plan is acknowledged. In house and external facilities (of ICG) are used periodically to impart training as per matrix below. Marine Manager has been appointed as training coordinator and custodian of oil pollution equipment. He shall organize training, drills and inspection of equipment as per the plan in force.

Training Module	Duration	Frequency	Participants	Remarks
IMO Model Course	2-5 days	Once	Key persons	By Maritime Training
				Institute
Oil Spill	1-5 days	Once every 5	Key persons	Coast Guard
		years		
Oil spill equipment	1-5 days	Once every Year	Managers	In house
Oil	1 day	Once every year	Managers &	In house for in-depth
spillManagement			junior staff	knowledge
course				
Notification	1-2 hours	6 months	Operational	Check systems &
exercise			staff	communication
Table top	2-6 hours	12 months	Managers	Interactive discussions
Incident	6-8 hours	12 months with	All	Mock drill
		others		

Number of IMO Level-1 and IMO Level-2 qualified staff available with Adani Ports and SEZ Ltd, Mundra:

IMO Level-1 - 28 IMO Level-2 - 04

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 50 of 98

6 Communications

6.1 Incident control room facilities

Detailed in Annexure 3

6.2 Field communication equipment

Detailed in Annexure 3

6.3 Reports, manuals, maps, charts and incident logs

A copy of the relevant manual is kept with HOD – Marine. Maps/ Charts of APSEZL are kept in Marine Control Tower and attached in Annexures

Action and operations

7 Initial procedures

7.1 Notification of oil spill to concerned authorities

The emergency (due to spill) should be initiated by the first person noticing it by activating the fire alarm from the nearest call-point or by contacting the fire control room immediately on the internal telephone or through mobile phone or through VHF Channel.

The SPM Pilot or On Scene Commander will report the spill to the Marine Control Room.

7.2 Preliminary estimate of response tier

The first few minutes after the incident / accident are invariably the most critical period in prevention of escalation. Therefore the person available at or near the incident site (and often responsible for carrying out that particular activity) on round the clock basis play a vital role in an emergency. The SPM Pilot or On Scene Commander will report the spill to the control room along with his estimate of the response tier.

7.3 Notifying key team members and authorities

Statutory First Information Report (FIR - given in annexure 1) is to be communicated by fastest means possible to President, GMB port and CG at Porbandar followed by full Pollution Report (POLREP – given in annexure 2). The report is to be updated, should the oil spill not be contained and likely to increase to Tier 2

7.4 Manning Control Room

Auxiliary control center is located at Port Operation Centre. Escalation of emergency if any is monitored here. Statutory reporting procedures of FIR and POLREP of developing situation and action taken are also sent from this center. The detail of the contacts to whom the information is to be given is placed at Annexure 4.

7.5 Collecting information (oil type, sea / wind forecasts, aerial surveillance, beach reports)

Marine Manager has the responsibility of arranging the collection of the relevant information which will help in mitigating the emergency

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 51 of 98

7.6 Estimating fate of slick (24, 48, 72 hours)

Considering the prevalent tidal stream, wind and weather conditions, section 8.3 is to be used in estimating the fate of the slick

7.7 Identifying resources immediately at risk, informing parties

Depending on the quantity of fluid spilled and the prevalent wind & weather conditions, the resources / facilities immediately at risk have to be identified by the On scene commander and the concerned parties informed.

8 Operations planning

8.1 Assembling full response team

On being appraised of the spill, the duty marine officer will inform the marine manager, who will, in turn initiate the assembly of the complete response team which essentially involves relaying information to all relevant personnel, parties and authorities and informing them of the initial response requirements.

8.2 Identifying immediate response priorities

Depending on the initial estimated response tier and the prevalent weather conditions, the marine manager, in consultation with the on scene SPM pilot / marine officer will identify the immediate resources at risk and the response priorities.

8.3 Mobilizing immediate response

The Manager - Marine will initiate the mobilization procedure of the spill equipment, resources and personnel depending on the scale of emergency at hand.

8.4 Media briefing

No other person is authorized to communicate with any external party by any means whatsoever unless expressly permitted by the HOD – Marine or COO, APSEZL.

8.5 Planning medium-term operations (24, 48 and 72 hour)

The HOD – Marine will plan the subsequent action to be taken in response to the tier 1 spill after the initial response is well under way and its consequences / effectiveness are duly evaluated.

8.6 Deciding to escalate response to higher tier

After carefully assessing the scenario and appraising the efficiency of the initial response in the prevalent conditions, the HOD – Marine will decide whether or not to escalate the response.

8.7 Mobilizing or placing on standby resources required

It is recommended that in case of a doubt (as the exact estimate of the quantity of oil spilled is quite difficult and the boundaries between the tiers will inevitably be blurred) it is important to be prepared to involve the next higher tier from the earliest moments. It is easier to stand down an alerted system than to try to escalate a response by calling up unprepared reserves at a late stage.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 52 of 98

8.8 Establishing field command post communications

Communications between the Emergency Response Center/ Marine Control room and marine personnel during the response to any oil spillage will be primarily by VHF marine band radio on Channel 73 or 77

Communications between the Marine Control Room and other vessels will be established on VHF radio Channel 16 and will thereafter be conducted on Channel 73 / 77.

Use of cellular telephones will be minimized.

Communications between the Emergency Response Center/ Marine Control Room and external authorities and organizations will be undertaken by telephone and facsimile.

9 Control of operations

9.1 Establishing a Management team with experts and advisors

Detailed in Annexure 4

9.2 Updating information (sea, wind, weather forecasts, aerial surveillance, beach reports)

The Marine Control Room is well equipped in assimilating data on weather and its forecasts. In case of a Tier 1 response, aerial surveillance and beach reports are not deemed to be essential

9.3 Reviewing and planning operations

Ongoing response and its influence in mitigating the situation will have to be constantly under review in order to contain the spill at the earliest.

9.4 Obtaining additional equipment, supplies, manpower

While deciding not to elevate the tier of the response the HOD- marine may still request additional resources from nearby port facilities which are essentially members of the common forum and are obliged to assist.

9.5 Preparing daily incident log and management reports

A complete report will be submitted by the Marine Manager to the HOD (Marine) every morning (in case the response extends to more than 1 day).

Format for the above report in Annexure 9

9.6 Preparing operations accounting and financial reports

The Port's accounting department will assess the expenditure incurred in the ongoing operation and submit a report to the President's office.

9.7 Preparing releases for public and press conferences

The COO's office, HOD – Marine and the Corporate communications cell will formulate the requisite press releases from time to time and hold press conferences.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 53 of 98

9.8 Briefing local and government officials

The COO's office, HOD – Marine and the Corporate communications cell will formulate the requisite reports to brief local and government officials..

10 Termination of operations

10.1 Deciding final and optimal levels of beach clean-up

If at all a distant beach is affected, the COO APSEZL office will decide the optimal levels of cleanup in consultation with the conservator of the port – Gujarat Maritime Board Port Officer.

10.2 Standing down equipment, cleaning, maintaining, replacing

Considering the natural disintegration of the residual oil on water after the cleanup of the bulk amount, The HOD – Marine will decide when to stand down the response. The resources which have been used will have to be re-instated to the original condition by elaborate cleanup or replacement.

10.3 Preparing formal detailed report

The COO's office, HOD – Marine and the Corporate communications cell will formulate the requisite reports to brief local and government officials and media.

10.4 Reviewing plans and procedures from lessons learnt

A complete spill response report will be produced by the Marine manager providing comprehensive and all-inclusive details of the circumstances leading to the spill, initial response and consequent affect of the same, subsequent follow up, effect of prevailing weather, adverse situations, safety issues, difficulties faced and lessons learnt.

Requisite changes will be affected to this plan on basis of such report.

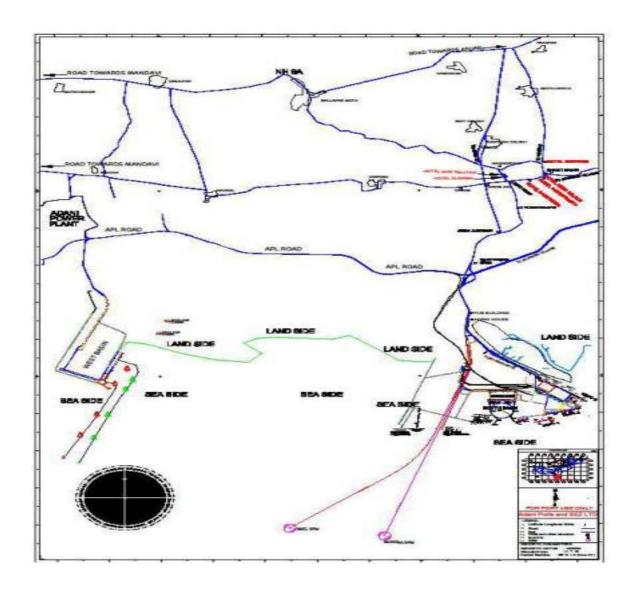
Such a report will also be prepared by the marine manager after each drill or training session and requisite modification(s) incorporated to the plan in order to enhance the overall efficacy of the same.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinl	na Issue No.	:	01	Issued On	:	01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav J	ain Revision No.	:	04	Page	54	of 98

Data Directory

Maps / Charts

1. Coastal facilities, access roads, hotels etc.

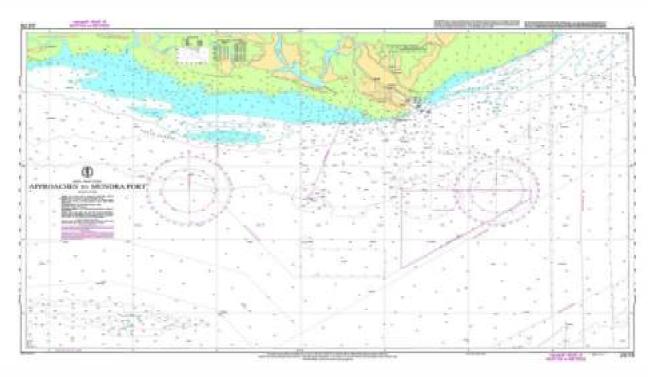


Telephones: Detailed in Annexure 4

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinl	na Issue No.	:	01	Issued On	:	01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav J	ain Revision No.	:	04	Page	55	of 98

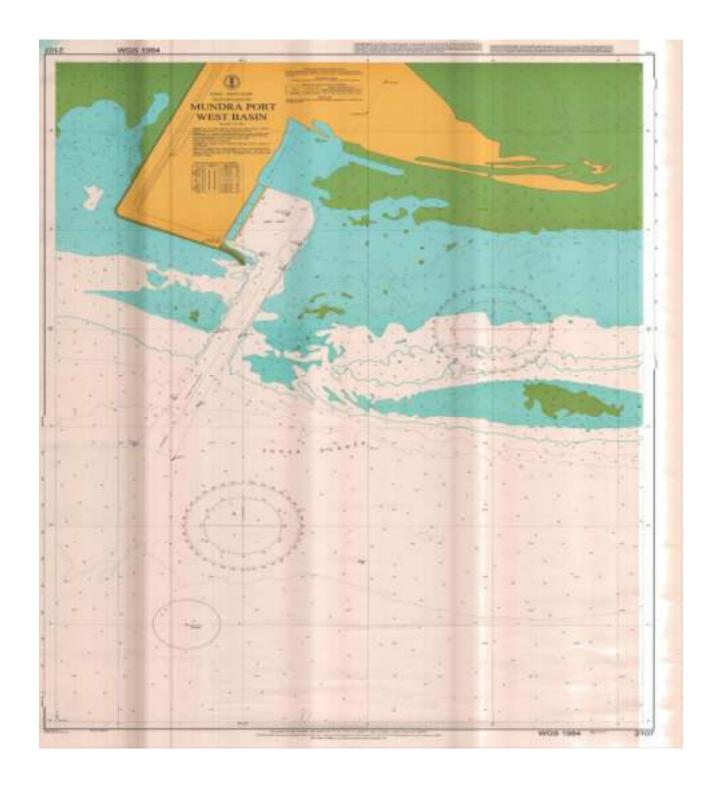
2. Coastal charts, currents, tidal information (ranges and streams), prevailing winds

Currents, tidal information (ranges and streams): Detailed in Annexure- II, Annexure- III and Annexure- IV (Volume 2) of Oil Spill Risk Assessment





Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019	
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 56 of 98	



Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 57 of 98

3. Risk locations and probable fate of oil

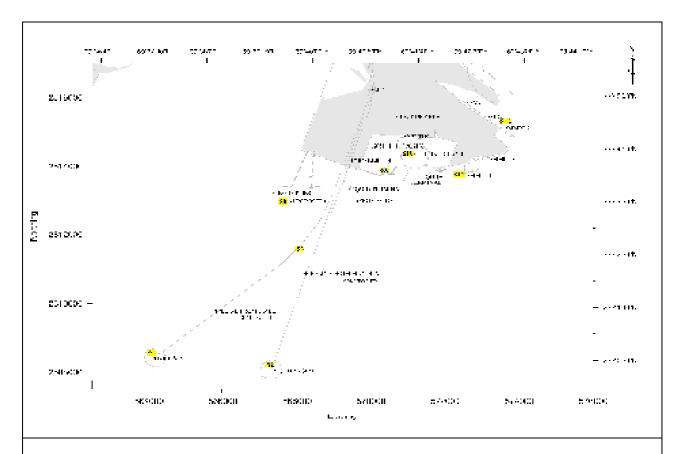


Fig.1: General layout of the Mundra port facilities of APSEZL showing the location of Spill Points for SPMs, South Basin berths, LNG jetty and existing berths

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 58 of 98

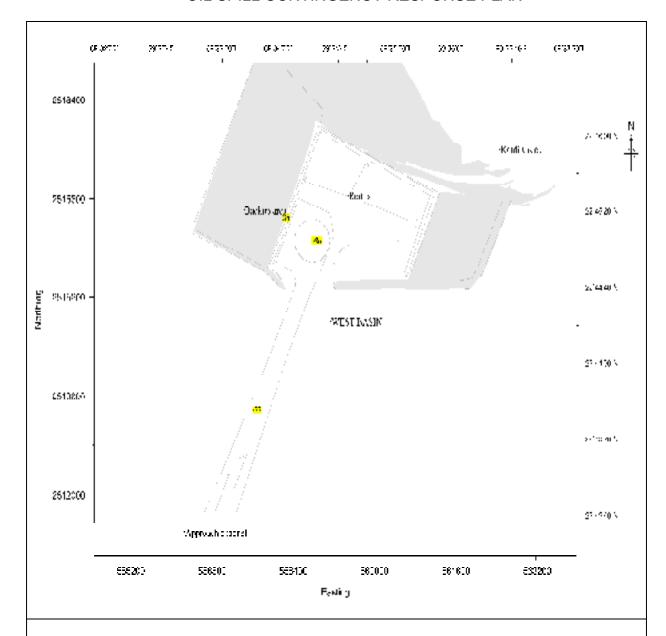


Fig.2: Zoomed up portion of Mundra port facilities of APSEZL showing the location of Spill Points for West Basin

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 59 of 98

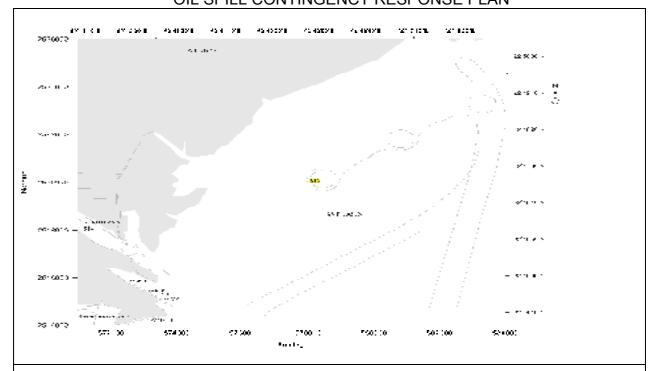
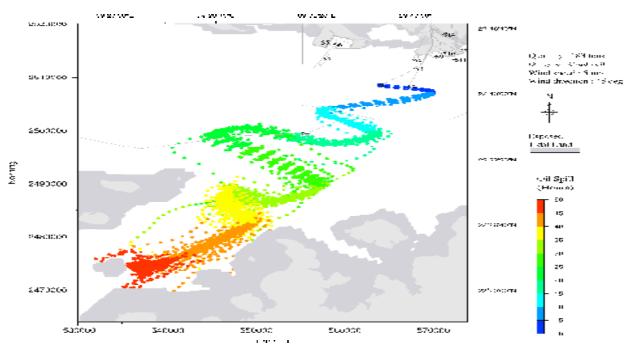
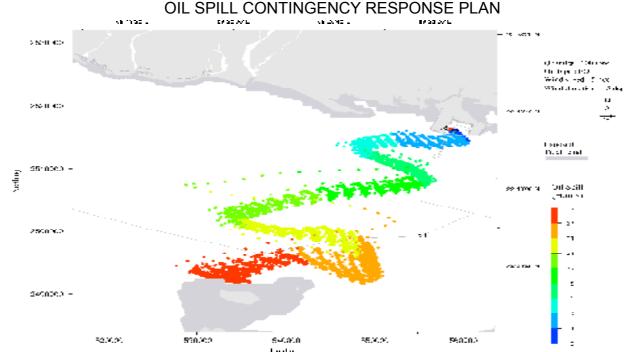


Fig.3: Zoomed up portion of Mundra port facilities of APSEZL showing the location of Spill Points for North Basin & East Basin



Oil Spill trajectory due to instantaneous crude oil leakage of 700 t (due to collision) at spill point S1 (HMEL SPM) after 50 hours during flood condition of the neap tide

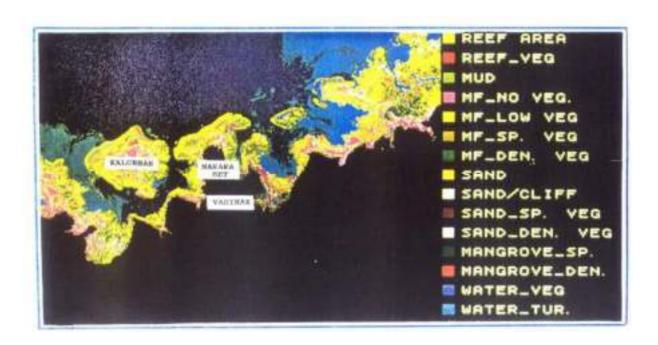
Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 60 of 98



Oil Spill trajectory due to instantaneous FO leakage of 700 t (due to hull failure/ fire / explosion) at typical berth location in the West Basin

For Risk locations and probable fate of oil refer Annexure- V (Volume 2) of Oil Spill Risk Assessment.

Shoreline resources for priority protection

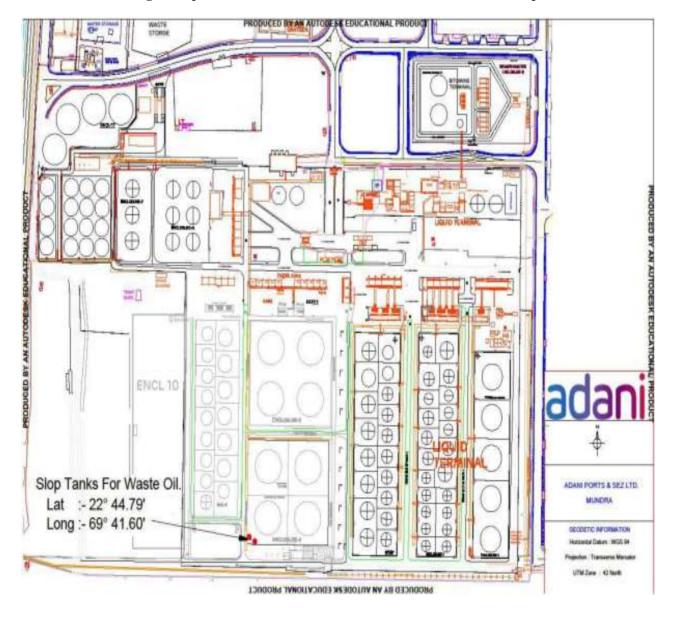


Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 61 of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Oil and Waste Storage / Disposal sites

Oil and Waste storage / Disposal tank No. 46, 109 and 110 are available within Liquid Tank farm.



Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 62 of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Sensitivity Maps/ Atlas

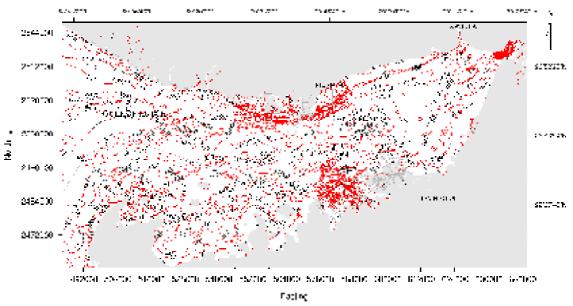


Fig.A1.1 Terrain features of study domain.

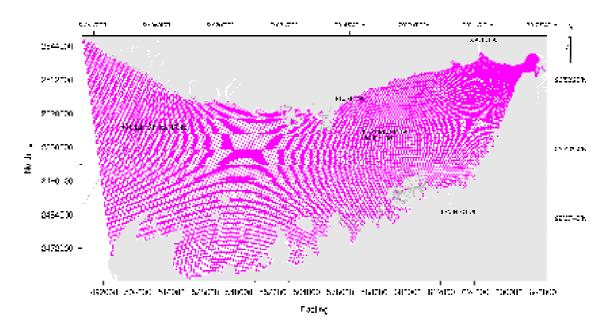


Fig.A1.2 Computational grid

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 63 of 98

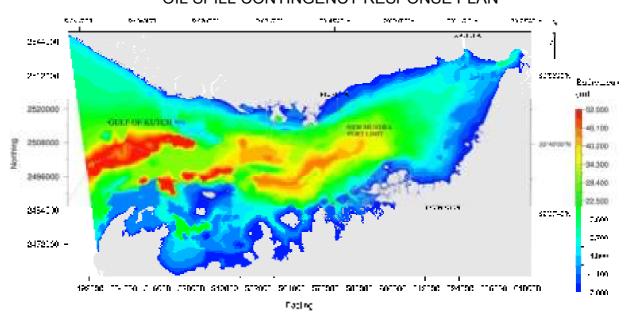


Fig.A1.3 Interpolated depth contours

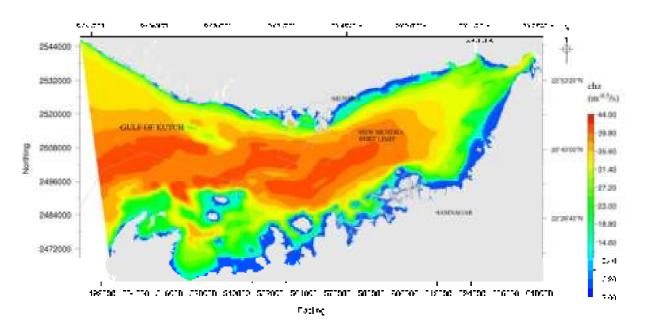


Fig.A1.4 Chezy's coefficient

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 64 of 98

Lists

1. **Primary Oil spill Equipment:** booms, skimmers, spray equipment, dispersant, absorbents, oil storage, Radio communications etc.

Detailed in Annexure 3

2. Auxiliary Equipment: Tugs and work boats, aircraft, vacuum trucks, tanks and barges, loaders and graders, plastic bags, tools, protective clothing, communication equipment etc.

Detailed in Annexure 3

3. Support Equipment: Aircraft, communications, catering, housing, transport, field sanitation and shelter etc. (Availability, contact, cost and conditions)

Not applicable

4. Sources of Manpower: Contractors, local authorities, caterers, security firms (Availability, numbers, skills, contact, cost and conditions)

Refer Para 5.3

5. Experts and Advisors: Environment, safety, auditing (Availability, contact, cost and conditions)

Detailed in Annexure 4

6. Local and National Government contacts: Name, rank and responsibility, address, telephone, fax, telex.

Detailed in Annexure 4

Data

1. Specification of Oils commonly traded

At the liquid berth, the representative products that would be handled are petroleum products like FO/ HSD / SKO / MS / CBFS / CPO / Naphtha etc. Vessels calling at the port will be having FO and HSD for their propulsion requirements.. The products like MS, Naphtha etc are oils of non – persistent nature; they tend to evaporate fast and will not stay long on the surface of the sea waters. Hence spill studies have been carried out for FO and HSD spills at the berths.

At the SPMs, Crude oil unloading takes place.

Physical and Chemical Properties of products handled at the SPMs, Berths and of the propulsion fuels of the ships / tankers

Data on the properties for the hydrocarbons / products handled at the jetty is required for quantitative hazard identification and consequence calculations. The properties of the FO and HSD, the petroleum hydrocarbons likely to be spilled due to the operations at the jetty are given in Table-3.1.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 65 of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Table-3.1: Properties of Crude Oil, FO and Diesel

Sl. No	Chemical	Boiling Range (°C)	Specific Heat of Liquid (J/Kg ° K)	Heat of Evaporation (x 10 ⁵ J/Kg)	Heat of Combustion (x 10 ⁵ J/Kg)
1	Crude Oil	IBP - 700+	2385	3.4	425
2	HSD	200 - 350	2889	4.65	448
3	Fuel Oil	180 - 450	2500	3.4	452

The following characteristics of oil are used for modelling study:

(a) Crude Oil

Sp. Gr = 0.82 to 0.88 Surface Tension =3.0 e-03 Molar Volume =0.002

Viscosity: 275 CST at 37.8 deg C

Wax content: 12 − 19 %

Pour point of untreated crude: 30 deg C Pour point of treated crude: 18 deg C

(b) FO

Sp. Gr = 0.92

Boiling point = $> 260^{\circ}$ C

Vapor pressure = < 0.1 psia at 21° C

(c) HSD

Sp. Gr = 0.86

Pour point = 6° C - 18° C

Vapor pressure = 2.12 to 26 mm Hg at 21^{0} C

2. Wind and weather

Meteorological and Oceanographic Conditions

The met-ocean conditions have been previously ascertained at several stages in the course of various studies conducted in past in respect of Mundra port projects. Flow modeling for the Mundra port location has been covered in the model developed by Environ, India, who have developed the model for whole of Gulf as relevant to Mundra region. It has been observed during model studies that flow regime does not have significant changes due to the proposed developments. The following are the main hydo-meteorological parameters for planning and designing of the marine facilities described below.

Rainfall and Temperature

The Kutch is a semi-arid region with weak and erratic rainfall confined largely to June-October period. With a few rainfall days, the climate is hot and humid from April till October and pleasant during brief winter from December to February. Although the monthly mean maximum temperature recorded is 37°C during 2005, it occasionally exceeds 40°C. Rainfall alone forms the ultimate source of freshwater resource to the region. The average rainfall at Mundra is about 400 mm/year.

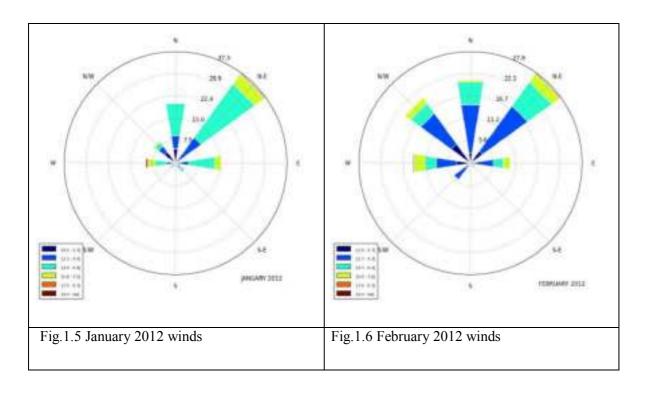
Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	•	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 66 of 98

Cyclones

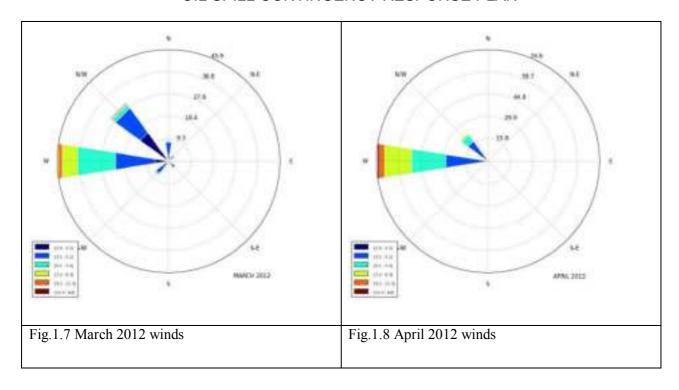
Cyclonic disturbances strike North-Gujarat, particularly the Kachchh and Saurashtra regions, periodically. These disturbances generally originate over the Arabian Sea and sometimes the Bay of Bengal. Generally during June, the storms are confined to the area North of 15°N and East of 65°E. In August, the initial stages, they move along the northwest course and show a large latitudinal scatter. West of 80°E, the tracks tend to curve towards North. During October the direction of movement of a storm is to the West in the Arabian Sea. However, East of 70E some of the storms move North-Northwest and later recurves North East to strike Gujarat-North Mekran coast.

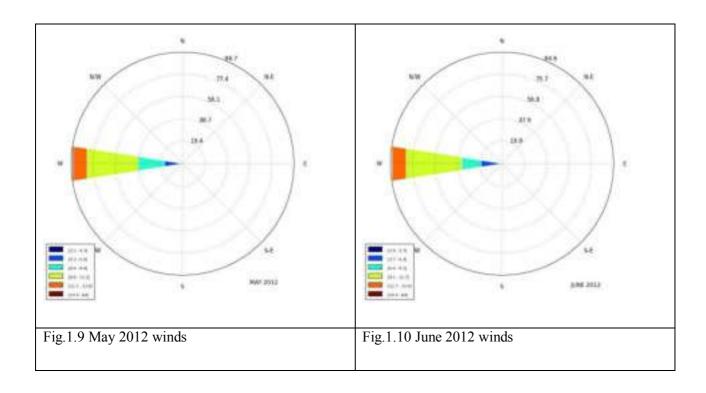
Wind

There are strong winds at times at Mundra Port. The month wise wind rose diagrams for the year 2012 and for the months of January and February of the year 2013 are given below. In the period lasting over months March to May the wind direction is generally SWW (225° - 250°) and velocity varies from 20 to 25 Knots. From June through August, the wind direction is predominantly SW and velocity varies from 25 to 30 Knots with short gusts going up to 35 to 40 Knots. Towards end of September and through October wind direction changes to NE with velocities ranging from 7 to 10 Knots. Direction remaining same the velocity varies 10 knots to 25 Knots in the period November to January. February is the calm period when wind direction is Southerly with velocity in the range of 7 Knots. Stormy weather may generate winds having velocity up to 100 Knots which should be taken as the worst case scenario for design of tall structures and heavy duty cranes.

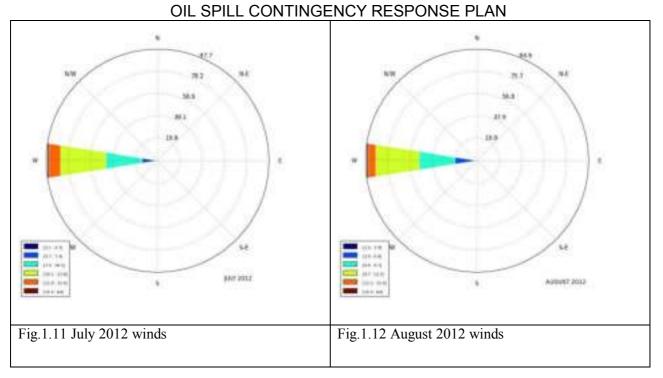


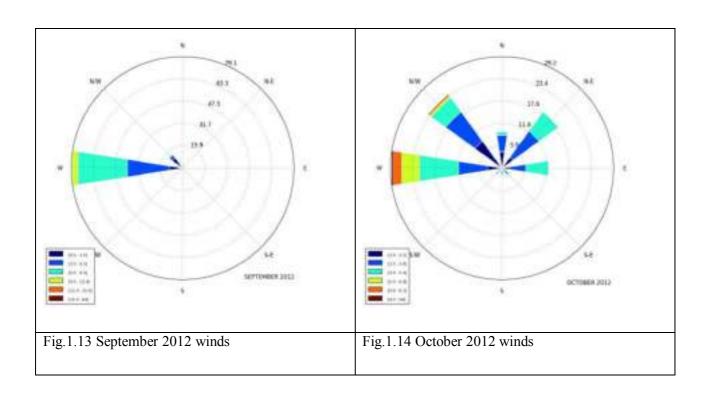
Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 67 of 98





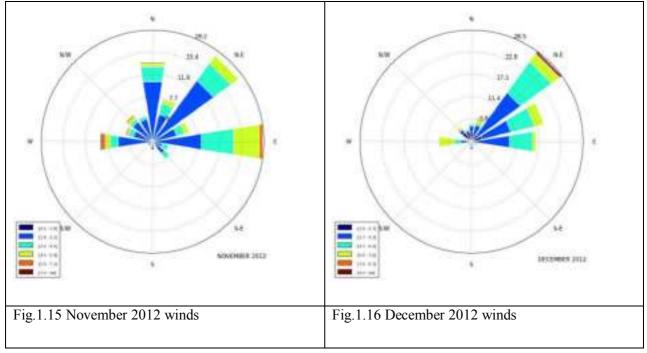
Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No. :	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No. :	04	Page 68 of 98

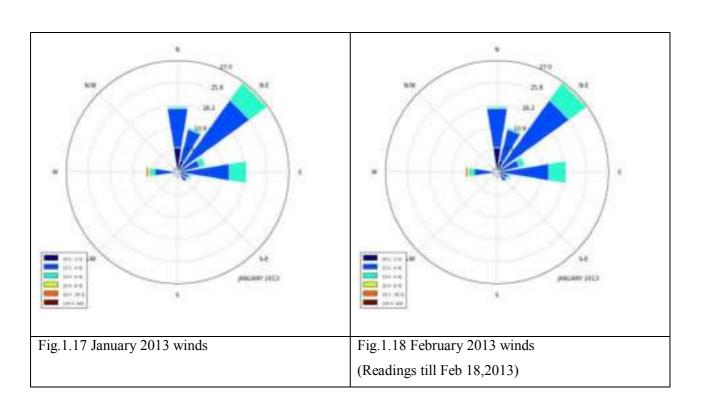




Reviewed By :	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By :	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 69 of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN





Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 70 of 98

Tides

The tidal planes were assessed in 1998 and are as shown in Table below.

The Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT) is estimated to be about +6.4 m above chart datum (CD), and the Lowest Astronomical Tide (LAT) to be at 0.0 m CD.

Tide	Height (m) above CD
Mean High Water Springs	5.8
Mean High Water Neaps	4.6
Mean Low Water Neaps	2.1
Mean Low Water Springs	1.0

Currents

Currents in the approaches to the port are dominated by the tidal flows, with predictable variations over diurnal, monthly and annual time scales. Currents in this part of the Gulf flow parallel to the natural sea-bed contours. Currents can be relatively strong, with speeds in excess of 3.0 Knots reported at sometimes of the year. The Admiralty Chart shows currents off Navinal point to be 3.0 Knots East & West bound. It is observed that the currents are usually aligned with the bed contours and are stronger in deeper waters off the coast. The impact of future development over the existing coast-line can be determined by the change in current speed resulting from the proposed developments.

Waves

In past HR Wallingford (HRW) has studied the wave climate considering wave energy from locally generated waves and swell propagating in to the Gulf of Kutch from the Arabian Sea. The results of the study carried out by HRW are presented in the Table below.

Design Waves at Mundra

Direction Sector (°N)	Return Period (years)	Inshore Direction (°N)	Hs (m)	T2 (sec)
	1	222	1.2	5.0
	5	222	1.4	5.3
210	20	221	1.6	5.8
	100	221	1.8	6.1
	1	226	1.5	5.4
	5	226	1.7	5.8
240	20	225	1.8	6.1
	100	225	2.0	6.5
	1	239	1.4	5.5
	5	236	1.7	6.3
270	20	236	1.8	6.7
	100	235	2.0	7.4
	1	240	0.8	5.2
	5	240	0.9	5.6
300	20	239	1.0	6.2
	100	238	1.2	6.7

Atmospheric stability is an important factor for predicting the dispersion characteristics of gases/vapours into the surrounding environment. Change in atmospheric stability is a direct consequence of the vertical

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 71 of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

temperature structure. The stability effects are mathematically represented through Pasqual parameters. The following stability classification is employed:

Stability Class	Atmospheric Condition		
A	Very Unstable		
В	Unstable		
C	Slightly Unstable		
D	Neutral		
E	Stable		
F	Very Stable		

Condition of atmospheric stability is estimated by a suitable method that uses dispersion parameters viz., vertical temperature gradient, profile of the winds and roughness factor. The roughness factor for the Mundra area is small since it mainly comprises of plain land.

The following meteorological information has been taken in the calculations for the Mundra area (GMB-2010):

Average ambient temperature : 30°C

Average wind speed : Wind data for the whole year 2012 is available and is used

Stability condition : F (Very Stable)

3 Information sources

This plan is prepared in accordance with:

- a) Marine Environmental Impact Assessment of SPMs, COTs and connecting pipelines of APSEZL at Mundra dated February 2001, prepared by National Institute of Oceanography, Mumbai.
- b) Report on Risk assessment study and On-site disaster management Plan for SPMs, COTs and connecting Pipelines of Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited, by TATA AIG Risk Management Services Limited, dated February 2001.
- c) HAZOP study report of SPM Terminal pipeline project by Intec Engineering, dated 26/02/2004.
- d) IPIECA guide to Contingency planning for oil spills on water.
- e) Oil spill risk assessment and contingency plan study done by M/s Environ Software Pvt. Ltd. (Copy enclosed)

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 0	I Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page 72 of 98

ANNEXURES

INI	TIAL O	IL SPILL REPOR	T ANNEXURE 1
Particulars of person, office reporting			
Tel No.			
Date & time of incident			
Spill location			
Likely cause of spill			Witness
Initial response action			By
Any other information			
This FIR is to be sent to Marine Marine fence not to report oil pollution in This FIR is to be followed by compared to the followed by the followed by compared to the followed by	cident.		mmunication possible. It is an
Following POLREP report to the Gorequired:	overnmer	nt through nearest C	G information will also be
Identity of informant			
Time of FIR			
Source of spill			
Cause of spill			
Type of spill			
Colour code information (from CG)			
Radius of slick			
Tail			
Volume			
Quantity			
Weather			
Tide / current			
Density			
Layer thickness			
Air / Sea temp.			
Predicted slick movement			
Size of spill classification (Tier 1, 2	or 3)		

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No. :	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No. :	04	Page 73 of 98

POLREP	ANNEXURE 2

In case of an oil spill, APSEZ will provide information to Commandant Coast Guard District 1

Porba	andar COMDIS 1 and Coast Guard	d Station Mundra in the following format:
SN.	Parameter	Data
1.	Identity of the informant	
2.	Time of information receipt	
3.	Source of Spill	
4.	Cause of Spill	
5.	Type of oil	
6.	Colour code information	
7.	Configuration	
8.	Radius	
9.	Tail	
10.	Volume	
11.	Quantity	
12.	Weathered or Fresh	
13.	Density	
14.	Viscosity	
15.	Wind	
16.	Wave Height	
17.	Current	
18.	Layer Thickness	
19.	Ambient air temperature	
20.	Ambient sea temperature	
21.	Predicted slick movement	
22.	Confirm Classification of spill size	
Addi	tional Information :	

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No. :	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No. :	04	Page 74 of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

	AN	NEXURE 3				
Tugs Available f	or Oil Spill Con	tainment				
Name of Tug	Туре	ВНР	OSD	AFFF	Capacity (cubm/Hr)	BP
Dolphin No. 3	ASD	2200 X 2	3000 ltr	2000 ltr	1200	55
Dolphin No. 4	ASD	2200 X 2	3000 ltr	2000 ltr	1200	55
Dolphin No. 7	ASD	2200 X 2	3000 ltr	2000 ltr	1200	55
Dolphin No. 10	ASD	3000 X 2	3000 ltr	-	-	70
Dolphin No. 11	ASD (DSV)	2200 X 2	3000 ltr	2000 ltr	1200	55
Dolphin No. 14	ASD	3000 X 2	3000 ltr	2000 ltr	1200	70
Dolphin No. 15	ASD	3000 X 2	3000 ltr	2000 ltr	1200	70
Dolphin No. 16	ASD	3000 X 2	3000 ltr	2000 ltr	1200	70
Dolphin No. 17	ASD	3000 X 2	3000 ltr	-	-	70
Dolphin No. 18	ASD	3000 X 2	3000 ltr	2000 ltr	1200	70
Khushboo	Fixed screw	401 X 2	-	-	-	10

Dolphin No. 3, 4, 7, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17 & 18 are fitted with Oil Spill Dispersant boom and proportionate pump to mix OSD and Sea water as required. Dolphin No.3, 4, 7, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17 & 18 are fitted with a fire curtain and remote controlled fire monitors.

All above eleven Tugs have class notation as Harbour Tugs and are certified to work within the Harbour limits only.

Reception Facility: 12" pipe line, connected to a slop tank at chemical tank farm.

Dolphin 11 has fire fighting system of 1200 m3/hr along with 20 ton lifting "A" frame and diving support facility.

Location of Oil Spill Equipment: The Oil Spill Equipments are stored in SPM Store.

Resources / Equipment Available with APSEZL, Mundra

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 75 of 98

Item	Quantity
Canadyne Fence Boom (Reel model 7296/8496 with Power Pack, Towing	4
bridles and Tow lines - 235 meter	1 no
Power pack with boom reel with hydraulic hoses	2 nos.
Power pack - 20 KV with boom reel with hydraulic hoses	2 nos.
Lamor Side Collector system (Recovery Capacity 123 m ³ / hr)	2 nos.
(Side collector LSC-3C/2300 (01CO2-P536). Oil transfer pump OT A 50 with oil	2 sets
transfer hose set	
Lamor Minimax 12 m³ skimmer	2 sets
Power pack for skimmers with hydraulic hoses	4 nos.
Power pack - 20 KV for skimmers with hydraulic hoses	1 no.
Floating tank (25 m ³)	1 nos.
Foot pumps for floating tank	6 nos
Oil Spill Dispersants	5000 ltr
Portable dispersant storage tank: 1000 ltr capacity	1 no.
Portable pumps	2 nos.
Two – way hydraulic maneuvering panel	2 nos
Oil Containment Boom-Length 2000 metres, Height -1500 mm, Draft-900mm,	2000 mtr
Free Board-600mm	
Current Buster Boom-Fasflo -75 (for response in fast current)	2 Nos
Skimmer-KOMARA 15 Duplex Skimmer System with floating IMP 6 Pump.	4 Nos
12.5T Flexible Floating Storage Tank (PUA).	3 Nos
Diesel Driven Transfer Pump for Flex Barge	2 Nos
Site Hose Kit for the transfer Pump for the Flex Barge	2 Nos
3" & 2"Hose Adaptor for Transfer Pump and Hose	2 Nos
Shoreline Cleanup Equipment	
Mini Vac System	5 Nos
OSD Applicator - Oil Dispersant Spry Unit (20 Ltr) for use on Beach and Inter Tidal Zones	2 Nos
Startank with Capacity 10000 liter(10 m ³)	2 Nos
Sorbent Boom Pack(12.5cm x4 M)	500 mtr
Sorbent pad	2000 Nos

Facilities in the Marine Control room:

- 1. Tidal stream gauge: This can accurately read the prevalent rate of flow and direction of current.
- 2. Tide gauge: For accurately calculating the height of tide at any given time.
- 3. Wind gauge: For direction and speed of wind.
- 4. VHF sets (fixed and portable) with complete range of marine frequencies to be used for field operations.

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 76 of 98

LIST OF TELEPHONE NUMBERS OF EXPERT ADVISORS

ANNEXURE 4

List of Important Telephone Numbers of Govt. Officials and other neighboring Organisations (Expert and Advisors) related to Spill Combating Plan

SN.	Company	Name and Designation	Telephone Numbers
1.	APSEZL, Mundra	Chief Operating Officer	02838-6272602838-255727
		Head Marine	02838-255727
		Pollution Response Officer	02838-255761 / 289170 (Fax)
		Port Control	02838-255739
2.	Kandla Port Trust	Chairman	02836-233001 / 234601
		Dy. Conservator	02836-223585 / 220235
		Harbor Master	02836-270201
		Signal Station	02836-270194 / 549
3	Indian Oil Corporation,	CM (Ops)	02838- 222194
	Mundra	Manager (Ops)	02838- 222197
		Control Room	02838- 224444
4	Indian Oil Corporation,	DGM (Ops)	02833-256527
	Vadinar	Manager Tech Services	02833-256464
		Port Control	02833-256555
5	Reliance Petroleum Ltd	Marine Chief	0288-4013607
	Jamnagar	Senior Port Captain	0288-4013750
		Port Control	0288-4012600 / 4012610
6	The Commanding Officer	ICGS, Mundra	02838 - 271402 & 03 (Tel)
	Indian Coast Guard Station,	Station Ops Officer	02838 – 271404 (Fax)
	Mundra		
7	The Commander	COMCG (NW)	079-23243241 (Tel)
	Coast Guard Region (North	Regional Ops & Plans Officer	079-23243283 (Fax)
	West), Gandhinagar		
8	The Commander	COMDIS-1	0286-2214422 (Tel)
	No.1 Coast Guard District	District Ops & Plans Officer	0286-2210559 (Fax)
	(Guj), Porbandar		
9	The Commander	COMCG (W)	022-24376133 (Tel)
	Coast Guard Region (West)	Regional Ops & Plans Officer	022-24333727 (Fax)
	Mumbai		
10	The Officer-in-Charge	PRT (W)	022-23722438 (Tel)
	Coast Guard Pollution	Officer-in-Charge	022-23728867 (Fax)
	Response Team (West),		
	Mumbai		
11	Gujarat Maritime Board	Vice Chairman & CEO	079-23238346 / 23238363
		Chief Nautical Officer	079-23234716

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 77 of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

12	Ministry of Environment Govt. of Gujarat	Director (Environment)	079-23252154 / 23251062 079-23252156 (Fax)
13	Gujarat Pollution Control Board	Environmental Engineer	079-232 22756 079-232 22784 (Fax)

List Of Important Telephone Numbers Of Adani Group Personnel

S.No.	Description / contact person / designation	Telephone Nos.					
5.110.	Description / contact person / designation	Landline	Mobile				
01	Capt. Anubhav Jain, Head – Marine & PFSO, APSEZL	02838 - 255727	91 9925223674				
02	Mr.–Jagdish Patel Head CT-3	91-2838 - 255998	91 9979855979				
03	Capt. Kumar Paritosh, Head CT-4	02838 - 255733	91 9879104839				
04	Mr. Hari Govindan V , Dy.PFSO, MICT	91-2838 - 285072	91 9879104805				
05	Marine control, APSEZL	02838 - 255333 / 255761	91 9825228673				
06	Port Operation center, APSEZL	02838 –255762	91 9825000949				
07	Port security Control, APSEZL	02838 - 289322	91 9825000933				
08	Head - Security, APSEZL	02838 – 255999	91 9099991093				
09	Head - Health, safety & Environment, APSEZL	02838 - 255777	91 7574894383				
10	Head - Fire Dept. APSEZL	02838 - 255857	91 7069083035				
11	Occupational Health Centre	02838 - 255710	91 8980015070				

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 78 of 98

	Marine Officer/ SPM Mooring r	naster ANNEXURE 5		
Responsibilit	 Observe or receive report of oil or chemical spill incident Initiate measures to prevent/ reduce further spillage Maintain communication with other all vessels 			
Step	Actions	Additional Information		
Alert	 □ (Marine Manager / On Scene Commander / SPM Pilot □ Tugs and other support/ response craft 	VHF Channel 73 / 77		
Initial Actions	 □ Stop all cargo operations □ Ensure all safety precautions taken/observed □ Verify incident details □ Advise all relevant information to (Marine Manager / On Scene Commander / or SPM Pilot □ Initiate personal log □ Place tugs/other response craft on stand-by 	Liaise with Terminal Shift Engineer		
Further Actions	 □ Brief (Marine Manager / On Scene Commander / SPM Pilot as necessary □ Mobilize response equipment/ personnel as directed by (Marine Manager / On Scene Commander / □ Maintain personal log of communications and events □ Act as instructed by (Marine Manager / On Scene Commander / SPM Pilot 			
Final Actions	 □ Submit personal log to HOD – Marine □ Attend debrief 			

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 79 of 98

MARINE MANAGER / On Scene Commander **ANNEXURE 6** Responsibilities • Initially assess situation Verify classification • Verify fate of spill • Verify resources immediately at risk, inform parties • Provide accurate situation reports to Radio Room/ HOD – Marine • Collect evidence and/ or statements Liaise with HOD-Health, Safety, Environment & Fire Liaise with incident vessel regarding status of oil spill (if applicable) Actions **Additional Information** Step HOD - Marine Alert Initial ☐ Proceed to incident location, assume role of On-Actions Scene Coordinator ☐ Ensure all safety precautions have been taken Stopped or ongoing ☐ Initiate response / ☐ Investigate cause/ source of spill ☐ Communicate all information to HOD – Marine ☐ Ensure samples of spilled oil taken ☐ Initiate personal log ☐ Take photographic evidence ☐ Collect evidence and take statements **Further** ☐ Ensure resources are being deployed as required Actions ☐ Provide co-ordination at-sea response ☐ Provide detailed situation reports to HOD- Marine ☐ Liaise with -Health, Safety Environment & Fire Department. Final ☐ Submit personal log to HOD – Marine Actions ☐ Attend debrief

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 80 of 98

	SPM Pilot	ANNEXURE 7
Responsibili	 Initially assess situation Verify classification Provide accurate situation reports to Radio Collect evidence and/ or statements Liaise with incident vessel regarding statu 	
Step	Actions	Additional Information
Alert	 □ Marine Control Room □ OSC □ Tugs and other support / response crafts 	VHF Channel 73 / 77
Initial Actions	 □ Assume role of On-Scene Coordinator □ Investigate cause/ source of spill □ Communicate all information to Marine Control Room □ Ensure samples of spilled oil taken □ Initiate personal log □ Take photographic evidence □ Collect evidence and take statements 	Stopped or ongoing
Further Actions	 □ Ensure resources are being deployed as required □ Provide co-ordination of the at-sea response □ Provide detailed situation reports to HOD – Marine 	
Final Actions	☐ Submit personal log to HOD – Marine ☐ Attend debrief	

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 81 of 98

	HOD – Marine	ANNEXURE 8
Responsibilit	 Confirm/ amend initial classification Manage the APSEZL response Authorize expenditure after consultation w Brief COO, APSEZL Liaise with Coast Guard Approve press statements for release 	vith COO APSEZL
Step	Actions	Additional Information
Alert	□ Coast Guard□ External organizations	
Initial Actions	 □ Verify/ amend spill classification □ Ensure all safety precaution have been taken □ Confirm external organizations have been alerted □ Convene Emergency Response Team □ Predict slick movement □ Liaise with vessel Agents/ Owners as appropriate 	
Further Actions	 □ Chair the Emergency Response Team meetings □ Constantly review the strategy being employed and advise of changes where necessary □ Approve all expenditure commitments □ Brief President APSEZ □ Agree press statements with Corporate Relations Chief □ Confirm formal samples have been taken □ Advise Coast Guard if oil migrates outside of Local Area 	
Final Actions Final Actions (contd.)	 □ Terminate the clean-up □ Collate personal logs. □ Prepare the incident report. □ Hold full de-brief involving all members. □ Amend contingency plan as required. □ General Report to President 	

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 82 of 98

	OIL SPILL PROG	RES	S REPORT		ANNEXURE 9
Incident Name:					
Updated by:					
Date:	Tim	e (loc	cal):		
Summary of Incident Ro	esponse Operations:				
•	esponse Resource Utilization:				
Number of Aircraft:]	Number of Ve	essels:	
Dispersant Used:	Lit	ers]	Length of Boo	oms in Use:	m
Number of Recovery Dev	vices:]	Number of Sto	orage Devices:	
Sorbent Used:		kg]	Bio-remediati	on Used:	kg
Number of Personnel:]	Number of Ve	ehicles:	
Specialist Equipment:	:				
Oil Spill Balance Sheet:					
Total amount of oil spilled	d:				Tons
Total amount of oil recov	ered:				Tons
Outstanding amount of sp	oilled oil:				Tons
Mass balance:					
Estimated Natural Weather	ering:				Tons
Mechanically agitated:					Tons
Chemically dispersed:					Tons
Skimmer recovered:					Tons
Sorbent recovered:					Tons
Manually recovered:					Tons
Bio-remediated:					Tons
Other:					Tons

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On	:	01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jai	n Revision No.	: 04	Page	e 83	3 of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Eme	ergency Response Log	ANNEXURE 10
Page Number:		Date:
Name:		Position:
Contact Number		Signature:
	1	
Time	Activity Completed:	

Control Room Officer

HOD – Marine

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	: 04	Page 84 of 98

Classification of Oil						ANNEXURE 11							
Group 1 o	15	1031	150				Group	2 o	ils				YES.
The second second	Annual Control						A: "API 35-4	15 (Spe	cific	gravity	0.8-0	85)	
A: API > 45 (Specif	ic gravity t	(8.0					B: Pour poin		-				
B. Pour point 'C							C: Viscosity	@ 10-2	20°C:	betwee	en 4 C	st an	d sem
C. Vocasty € 10-3			Salt.				D. % boiling	below	200%	C: betw	veen 2	0 and	50%
D: % boiling below E % boiling above							E: % boiling	above :	37000	betw	een 15	5 and	50%
	A B	c	D				Low pour poin	t <6°C					
Assard	49 -28	2 8 101		14			Colonia Santa		A	8		C	D
Anabian Super Light		2 0 201		- 17			Arabian Extra Li	ght	38	-30	3.0	15°C	26
	48 -15	2 8 201		18			Azeni		37	-3	89	20°C	. 29
Curley	47 -33	2 0 200		17			Brent		38	-3	7.0	10°C	37
F3 Condensate	54 463			0			Draugen		40	-15	48	20°C	37
Goptlant	57 -13	1.5 @ 20		1			Dukhan		41	-49	90	15°C	36
	52 -62	25 @ 10	C 60	11			Liverpool Bay		45	-21		20°C	42
Terengganu condensate		0.5 @ 20					Sokol (Sakhalin)		37	-27	48		45
	49 55			4			Rio Negro		35	-5		10°C	29
	H	0.5@15					Umm Shaif		37	-24		10°C	34
Keresene	45 -55	26150		-			Zakum		40	-24	0.00	10°C	36
	55	0.5 8 19					Marine Gas oil ()	MG01	75.	-3	58	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	-
A: "API 17.5-35	(Specif	ic gravi	ty 0.85	-0.95	5)		High pour poin Amna Beatrice Bintulu Escravos		36 38 37 34	19 18 19 10	Semi- 32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1	15°C solid	25 25 24 35
A: "API 17.5=35 Pour point "C Viscosity @ 1 D % boiling bel	(Specif 0-20°C ow 200°	betwe	en 8 CS	and	d semi:	solid	Anna Bestrice Bintulu		38 37	18 19	32 @ Semi	19°C solid 15°C solid	25 24
A: "API 17.5-35 R Pour point "C Viscosity @ 1 0 % boiling bell 6 boiling abo	(Specif 0-20°C ow 200° ve 370°	betwe	en 8 CS	and	d semi:	solid	Amna Beatrice Binoulu Escravos Sarir		38 37 34 38 40	18 19 10 24	32 @ Semi- Semi-	19°C solid 15°C solid	25 24 35 24
A: "API 17.5-35 B: Pour point "C: Viscosity @ 1 0: % boiling bell: % boiling abo	(Specif 0-20°C ow 200° ve 370°	betwe C: betw C: betw	en 8 CS veen 10 reen 30	and and	d semi: 35% 65%		Amna Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statifjord		38 37 34 38 40	18 19 10 24	32 @ Semi- Semi-	19°C solid 15°C solid	25 24 35 24
A: "API 17.5-35 \$ Pour point "C : Viscosity @ 1 > % boiling bel : % boiling abo ow pour point <6	(Specification of the control of the	between Carbetween B	en 8 CS ween 10 een 30	and and	d semi: 35% 65%	E	Amna Beatrice Bintulu Escravos Sarir Statifjord		38 37 34 38 40	18 19 10 24	32 @ Semi- Semi-	19°C solid 15°C solid	25 24 35 24
A: "API 17.5-35 3: Pour point "C : Viscosity @ 1 : % boiling bel : % boiling abo ow pour point <6 laska North Slope	(Specification of the control of the	betwo C: betw C: betw B -18	en 8 C3 ween 10 ween 30 C 32 # 1	St and and and	d semi : 35% 65% D 32	E 41	Amna Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statifjord		38 37 34 38 40	18 19 10 24	32 @ Semi- Semi-	19°C solid 15°C solid	25 24 35 24
A: "API 17.5-35 3: Pour point "C : Viscosity @ 1 : % boiling bell : % boiling abo ow pour point <6 laska North Slope rabian Heavy	0-20°C ow 200° ve 370° ve 370° rc A 28 28	between between between B 18 40	c 32 # 1	ot and and and	d semi : 35% 65% D 32 21	E 41 56	Amna Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford	oils	38 37 34 38 40	18 19 10 24 6	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1	19°C solid 15°C solid	25 24 35 24
A: "API 17.5-35 3: Pour point "C : Viscosity @ 1 : % boiling bel : % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium	(Specification of the control of the	B -18 -40 -21	c 32 # 1 55 @ 1 25 @ 1	and and	d semi : 35% 65% D 32 21 22	E 41 56 51	Arma Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford Group 4 A: API < 17.5 (5)	oils pecific g	38 37 34 38 40	18 19 10 24 6	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1	19°C solid 15°C solid	25 24 35 24
A: "API 17.5-35 B: Pour point "C: Viscosity @ 1 D: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light	(Specification of Specification of Speci	B -18 -40 -21 -40	cen 8 C5 ween 10 ween 30 C 32 8 1 55 8 1 25 6 1 14 8 1	st and and and is c	d semi : 35% 65% D 32 21 22 25	E 41 56 51 45	Group 4 A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >30	oils	38 37 34 38 40	18 19 10 24 6 ×0.95) c	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C	25 24 35 24 38
A: "API 17.5-35 B: Pour point "C : Viscosity @ 1 D: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light cony Light	0-20°C A 28 28 30 33 35	B +18 +40 -21 -40 -11	C 32 # 155 # 25 # 14 # 1 25 # 1	ist and and and isc isc isc	d semi 35% 65% D 32 21 22 25 26	E 41 56 51	Group 4 A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >30 C: Viscosity @ 10	oils pecific g	38 37 34 38 40 pravity	18 19 10 24 6 ×0.95) cm	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C	25 24 35 24 38
A: "API 17.5-35 3: Pour point "C : Viscosity @ 1 : % boiling bell : % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light ensy Light anian Heavy	0-20°C ow 200° vve 370° C A 28 28 30 33 35 31	B -18 -40 -21 -40 -11 -36	cen 8 C3 veen 30 cen 30 C 32 # 1 55 # 1 25 # 1 25 # 1 25 # 1	ist and and and isc isc isc	35% 65% 0 32 21 22 25 28 24	E 41 56 51 45 30 48	Group 4 A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >30	oils pecific g orc - 20°C I	38 37 34 38 40 pravity	18 19 10 24 6 ×0.95) cm 1500 than 25	32 @ Semi- 5 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C	25 24 35 24 38
A: "API 17.5-35 3: Pour point "C : Viscosity @ 1 : % boiling bell : % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light errory Light arian Heavy arian Light	0-20°C A 28 28 30 33 35	B +18 +40 -21 -40 -11	cen 8 C3 veen 30 cen 30 C 32 # 1 55 # 25 # 1 25 # 1 25 # 1 15 # 1	ist and and and isc isc isc isc	0 52 21 22 25 26 24 26	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43	Arma Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >30 C: Viscosity @ 10 D: % boiling belo	oils pecific g orc - 20°C I	38 37 34 38 40 pravity	18 19 10 24 6 >0.95) c on 1500 than 25 they than	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 CSt and	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C	25 24 35 24 38
A: "API 17.5-35 E: Pour point "C: Viscosity @ 1 E: % boiling belie: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light cony Light anian Heavy mian Light halli	0-20°C ow 200° vie 370° C A 28 28 30 33 35 31 34	B -18 -40 -11 -36 -32	cen 8 C3 ween 30 cen 30	st and and and isc isc isc isc	0 semi : 35% 65% 0 52 21 22 25 26 24 26 21	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43 55	Arma Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point > 31 C: Viscosity @ 10 D: % boiling abov	oils pecific g orc. 1 -207C. 1 w 2007C	38 37 34 38 40 gravity between C: less great	18 19 10 24 6 ×0.95) cm 1500 c	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 Or CSt and	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C	25 24 35 24 38 -solid
A: "API 17.5-35 \$ Pour point "C Viscosity @ 1 % booling belit: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light cruy Light anian Heavy anian Light hall ini	0-20°C ow 200° vve 370° °C A 28 28 30 33 35 31 34 28	B -18 -40 -11 -36 -12 -57	cen 8 C3 veen 30 cen 30 C 32 # 1 55 # 25 # 1 25 # 1 25 # 1 15 # 1	ist and and and isc isc isc isc	0 52 21 22 25 26 24 26	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43	Arma Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford A "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >31 C: Viscosity @ 10 D: % boiling belo E: % boiling abov	oils pecific g oc. 1-20°C 1 ww 200°C a 370°C	38 37 34 38 40 40 cravity contwer Criess grea 8 -29	18 19 10 24 6 >0.95) cm 1500 c	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 Or CSt and %	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C	25 24 35 24 38 -solid E 60
A: "API 17.5-35 3: Pour point "C 4: Viscosity @ 1 6: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light enny Light anian Heavy anian Light hatji mi hunder Horse	0-20°C ow 200° vve 370° °C A 28 28 30 33 35 31 34 28 33	B -18 -40 -11 -36 -32 -57 -12	cen 8 C3 ween 30 ceen 30 C 32 # 1 55 # 1 25 # 1 25 # 1 15 # 1 80 # 1 18 # 1	ist and and and isc isc isc isc isc isc	d semi : 35% 65% D 32 21 22 25 26 24 26 21 32	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43 55 38	Arma Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statifjord A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >3/ C: Viscosity #1 10 D: % boiling belo E: % boiling abov Bathaquero 17 Bescan	pecific gorc - 20°C 1 w 200°C e 370°C A 16 10	38 37 34 38 40 40 pravity bottwee C- less grea 8 -29 15	18 19 10 24 6 ** 0 95) con 15000 than 25 ther than \$ 5,000 @ \$ 5emi	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 CSt and % 30%	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C	25 24 35 24 38 -solid E 60 80
A: "API 17.5-35 3: Pour point "C 4: Viscosity @ 1 6: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light enny Light anian Heavy anian Light hatji mi hunder Horse a Juana Light	0-20°C ow 200° vve 370° °C A 28 28 30 33 35 31 34 28 33 35	B -18 -40 -11 -36 -32 -57 -12 -27	cen 8 C3 ween 30 cen 30	St and and and and SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC SS	35% 65% 0 32 21 22 25 26 24 26 21 32	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43 55 38 39	Arma Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statifjord A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >3(C: Viscosity #8 10 D: % boiling belo E: % boiling abov Bachaquero 17 Bescan Cinta	oils pecific g orc 1-207C; 1 ww 2007 A 16 10 33	38 37 34 38 40 40 pravity pottwee 2 less grea 8 -29 15 43	18 19 10 24 6 >0.95) cm 15000 than 25 ter than \$ 5em - \$ 5em -	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 CSt and % 30%	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C d serri	25 24 35 24 38 -solid E 60 80 54
A: "API 17.5-35 B: Pour point "C : Viscosity @ 1 D: % boiling bel E: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Light entian Light hall mi hunder Herse a Juana Light roll	(Specification of Specification of Speci	B -18 -40 -11 -36 -32 -27 -42 -9	en 8 C3 veen 30 cen 30 cen 30 32 # ' 55 # ' 25 # 1 25 # 1 14 # 1 15 # 1 10 # 1 500 # 14 # 1	St and and and and sectors of the se	D 32 21 22 25 26 21 32 24 24 24	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43 55 38 39 45	Arma Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford A: "API <17.5 (S) B: Pour point >3(C) Viscosity #110 D: % boiling belo E: % boiling abov Bachaquero 17 Boscan Cinta Handii	oils pecific g orc -207C; 1 wx 2007 a 3707C A 16 10 33	38 37 34 38 40 38 40 cravity critical great 8 -29 15 43 33	18 19 10 24 6 6 >0.95) on 1500 on 1500 on 1500 of than 25 that than 5 cm - 5 cm - 5 cm - 5 cm	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 CSt and % 30% 15°C solid solid solid	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C 10°C	25 24 35 24 38 -solid 80 80 94 33
A: "API 17.5-35 B: Pour point "C : Viscosity @ 1 D: % boiling bel E: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Light entian Light hall mi hunder Herse a Juana Light roll	(Specification of Specification of Speci	B -18 -40 -11 -36 -32 -27 -42 -9	en 8 C3 veen 10 veen 30 32 # 1 55 @ 2 25 @ 1 14 @ 1 25 @ 1 15 @ 1 18 @ 1 10 @ 1 500 @	St and and and and sectors of the se	D 32 21 22 25 26 21 32 24 24 24	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43 55 38 39 45 35	Arma Bestrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >3(C: Viscosity #110 D: % boiling belo E: % boiling abov Bachaquero 17 Bescan Cinta Handil Merey	oils pecific g orc -20°C. 1 ww 200°c a 370°C A 16 10 33 17	38 37 34 38 40 38 40 between C: less great 8 -29 15 43 33 -21	18 19 10 24 6 24 6 6 1500 en 1500 en 1	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C 10°C	25 24 35 24 38 -solid 80 54 33 70
A: "API 17.5-35 B: Pour point "C : Viscosity @ 1 D: % boiling belie: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light enian Light enian Light in hunder Herse a Juana Light roll O 180	(Specification of Specification of Speci	B -18 -40 -11 -36 -32 -27 -42 -9	en 8 C3 veen 30 cen 30 cen 30 32 # ' 55 # ' 25 # 1 25 # 1 14 # 1 15 # 1 10 # 1 500 # 14 # 1	St and and and and sectors of the se	D 32 21 22 25 26 21 32 24 24 24	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43 55 38 39 45 35	Arma Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >30 C: Viscosity & 10 D: % boiling belo E: % boiling abov Bachaquero 17 Boscan Cinta Handil Merey Nilo Bland	oils pecific g orc 1-20°C; 1 ww 200°C w 370°C A 16 10 33 17 34	38 37 34 38 40 38 40 botwee C: less grea 8 -29 15 43 33 -21	18 19 10 24 6 24 6 m 1500 than 25 that than 5 semi = 5 5 mil = 7,000 @ 5 semi = 5	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 Semi- 8 Semi- 9 S	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C D 10°C	25 24 35 24 38 -solid E 60 80 54 31 70 59
A: "API 17.5-35 B: Pour point "C C: Viscosity @ 1 D: % boiling belie: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light cony Light anian Light hall mi hunder Herse a Juana Light roll O 180	(Specification of Specification of Speci	B -18 -40 -11 -36 -32 -27 -42 -9	en 8 C3 veen 30 cen 30 cen 30 32 # ' 55 # ' 25 # 1 25 # 1 14 # 1 15 # 1 10 # 1 500 # 14 # 1	St and and and and second seco	D 32 21 22 25 26 21 32 24 24 24	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43 55 38 39 45 35	Artna Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statifjord A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >30 C: Viscosity iff 10 D: % boiling belo E: % boiling abov Bachaquero 17 Boscan Cinta Handii Merey Nile Bland Pilon	oils pecific g orc 1-207C; 1 ww 2007c we 3707C A 16 10 33 17 34 14	38 37 34 38 40 38 40 botwee C: less grea 8 -29 15 43 33 -21 33	18 19 10 24 6 24 6 m 1500 ethan 25 ter than 5 mi - 5 mi -	32 @ Semi- 9 @ 1 Semi- 7 @ 1 Semi- 8 Semi- 9 S	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C 10°C D 10 4 10 23 7	25 24 35 24 38 -solid E 60 80 54 31 70 59 92
A: "API 17.5-35 B: Pour point "C C: Viscosity @ 1 D: % boiling belie: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light ently Light anian Light point Light foll O 180 ligh pour point >5 abinds	(Specification of Specification of Speci	B -18 -40 -11 -36 -12 -27 -42 -9 10-30	en 8 C3 veen 30 cen 30	St and	0 semi : 35% 65% 0 32 21 22 25 26 24 24 24 24 24 21 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43 35 38 39 45 35 -	Artna Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >30 C: Viscosity @ 10 D: % boiling belo E: % boiling abov Bachaquero 17 Boscan Cinta Handil Merey Nile Bland Pilon Shengil	oils pecific g orc 1-20°C; 1 ww 200°C w 370°C A 16 10 33 17 34	38 37 34 38 40 38 40 botwee C: less grea 8 -29 15 43 33 -21	18 19 10 24 6 24 6 m 1500 than 25 that than 5 semi = 5 5 mil = 7,000 @ 5 semi = 5	Semi- 9-81 Semi- 7-81 Semi- 7-81 Semi- 7-81 Semi- 7-81 Semi- 7-81 Semi- 7-81 Semi- 7-81 Semi- 7-81 Semi- 7-81 Semi- 7-81 Semi- 8-10 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-81 Semi- 9-9-81 Semi- 9-9-81 Semi- 9-9-81 Semi- 9-9-9-81 Semi- 9-9-9-81 Semi- 9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C 0 10°C 0 10°C	25 24 35 24 38 -solid E 60 80 54 31 70 92 70
A: "API 17.5-35 B: Pour point "C C: Viscosity @ 1 D: % boiling belie: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope rabian Heavy rabian Medium rabian Light cony Light arian Heavy anian Light hatli mi hunder Herse a Juana Light roll O 180 ligh pour point >5 abinda oce	(Specification of Specification of Speci	B -18 -40 -21 -40 -11 -36 -57 -12 -9 10-30	en 8 C3 veen 30 cen 30	St and	d semi : 35% 65% D 32 21 22 25 26 24 26 21 32 24 24 24 21 55C	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43 55 38 39 45 35 -	Artna Bestrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford A "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >3 (C) Viscosity (f) 10 D: % boiling belo E: % boiling abov Bachaquero 17 Boscan Cinta Handil Merey Nele Bland Pilon Shengil Taching	oils pecific g orc. 1 -207C; 1 w 2007c a 16 10 33 17 34 14 24 31	38 37 34 38 40 38 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	18 19 10 24 6 6 24 6 6 7 1500 et than 25 ther than 5 semi - 5 semi	Semi- 9-8 1 Semi- 7-8 1 Semi- 7-8 1 Semi- 7-8 1 Semi- 7-8 1 Semi- 7-8 1 Semi- 7-8 1 Semi- 7-8 1 Semi- 7-8 1 Semi- 7-8 1 Semi- 8 1 Semi- 9-1 Semi- 9-1 Semi-	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C 0 semi	25 24 35 24 38 -solid E 60 80 54 33 70 92 70
Group 3 A: "API 17.5-35 B: Pour point TC: Viscosity @ 1 D: Ni boiling belie: % boiling abo ow pour point <6 lasks North Slope usbian Heavy usbian Heavy usbian Light enny Light anian Heavy mian Light ini hunder Herse la Juana Light foll O 180 ligh pour point >5 sbinds occ emba andiji	(Specification of Specification of Speci	B -18 -40 -21 -40 -11 -36 -32 -27 -42 -9 10-30	en 8 C3 veen 30 cen 30	St and	d semi : 35% 65% D 32 21 22 25 26 24 26 21 32 24 24 24 21 55C 18 21	E 41 56 51 45 30 48 43 35 38 39 45 35 -	Artna Beatrice Bintula Escravos Sarir Statiford A: "API <17.5 (5) B: Pour point >30 C: Viscosity @ 10 D: % boiling belo E: % boiling abov Bachaquero 17 Boscan Cinta Handil Merey Nile Bland Pilon Shengil	oils pecific g orc 1-207C; 1 ww 2007c we 3707C A 16 10 33 17 34 14 24	38 37 34 38 40 38 40 c: less grea 8 -29 15 43 33 -21	18 19 10 24 6 6 20,95) c on 1500 e than 25 ther than 5 cm - 5 cm	32 e Semi- 9 e 1 Semi- 7 e 1 CSt and % 30% 15°C solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid solid	15°C solid 15°C solid 10°C 0 10°C 0 10°C	25 24 35 24 38 -solid E 60 80 54 31 70 92 70

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On :		01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 8	35	of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Response Guidelines

ANNEXURE 12

Identify potential

sacrificial areas

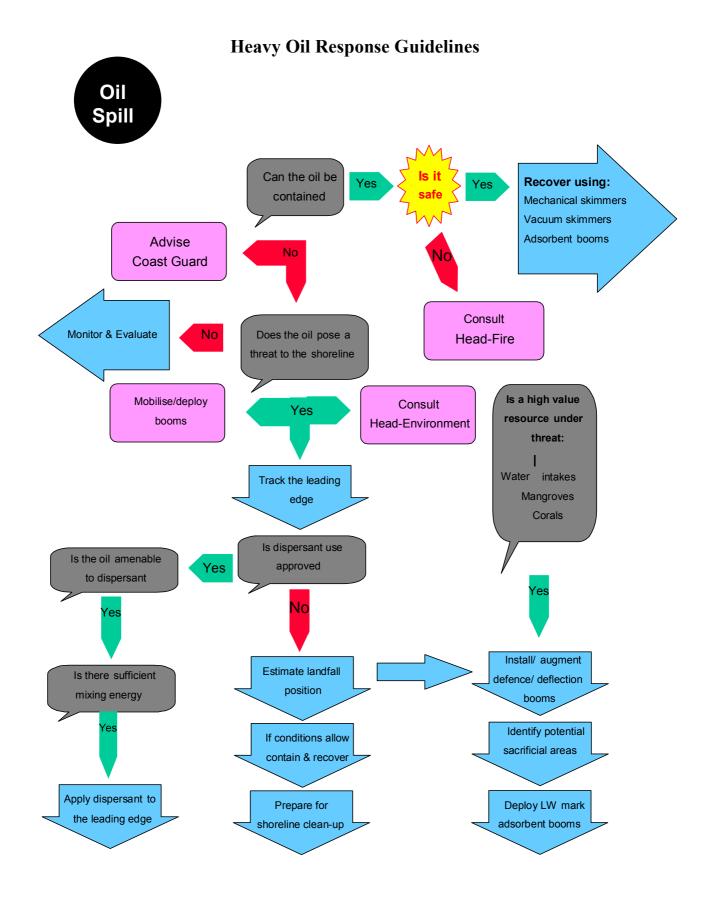
Deploy LW mark absorbent booms

Light Oil Response Guidelines OIL SPILL Can the oil Recover using: Yes be contained Weir skimmers Vacuum skimmers Absorbent booms Advise No Coast Guard Consult Monitor & Evaluate No Does the oil pose a Head - Fire threat to the shoreline Is a high value Mobilise/deploy Consult Yes resource under booms Head-Environment threat: Water intakes Track the leading Mangroves edge Corals Apply mechanical dispersion Sweep thick oil with Install / augment absorbent boom defence/ deflection booms

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 86 of 98

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till last



Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 87 of 98

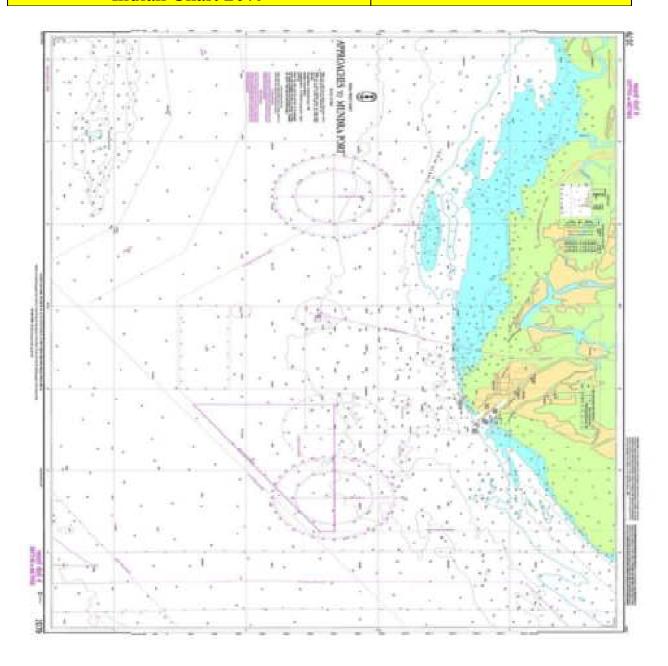
OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

				Sit	e Speci	fic Heal	lth an	nd S	afet	y Plan			AN	NEXU	JRE 13
					Ass	essmen	t Fori	m							
1. APPLII	ES TO SIT	E:													
2. DATE :	:				3. TIM	Œ:				4. INC	IDEN	т:			
5. PRODU	JCT(S):						I					(Att	ach MSDS)	
6. Site Ch	aracterizat	tion	•												
6a. Area			Open wate	r	□ Ins	hore water	. [] Ri	ver / (Creek		Salt m	arsh	□ Мі	ıdflats
			Shoreline		□ Sa	nd] Sh	ingle			Intake	Channel		
6b. Use			Commerci	al	□ Inc	lustrial] Pu	blic			Gover	nment	□ Re	creational
		□ R	Residentia	1	□ Ot	her									
7. Site Ha	zards														
	□ Boat	safety	7			☐ Fire,	explosi	ion, ii	n-situ	burn		□ Sl	ips, trips an	d falls	
	☐ Chem	nical h	nazards			☐ Heat	stress					□ St	eam and ho	t water	
	□ Drum	n hand	lling			☐ Helio	copter o	perat	ions			□ Ti	des		
			operation	S		☐ Liftir							enches, exc	cavations	
	☐ Electrical hazards					☐ Moto	or vehic	les				□ Vi	sibility		
	☐ Fatigue					☐ Noise						☐ Weather			
	☐ Others			☐ Overhead/buried utilities				□ W	ork near wa	ater					
				☐ Pumps and hoses											
8. Air Mo					1						-				
	\square O ₂			LEL		□ B	enzene	;			I ₂ S			Other	
9. Persona		e Equ	uipment										1		
☐ Foot P									Cove						
☐ Head I										rvious sui					
☐ Eye Pr										nal Floata	ation				
	otection									rators					
☐ Hand I 10. Site Fa									Other	•					
						□ First	Aid					7 Dec	contaminati	ion	
Sanitation 11. Contact details:				i Fiist	Alu					- D6	contaminati	IOII			
☐ Doctor							J	Pho	ne						
☐ Hospital						Pho									
☐ Fire							Pho								
□ Police							Pho								
☐ Other								Pho							
12. Date P	lan Comp	leted													
13. Plan C															

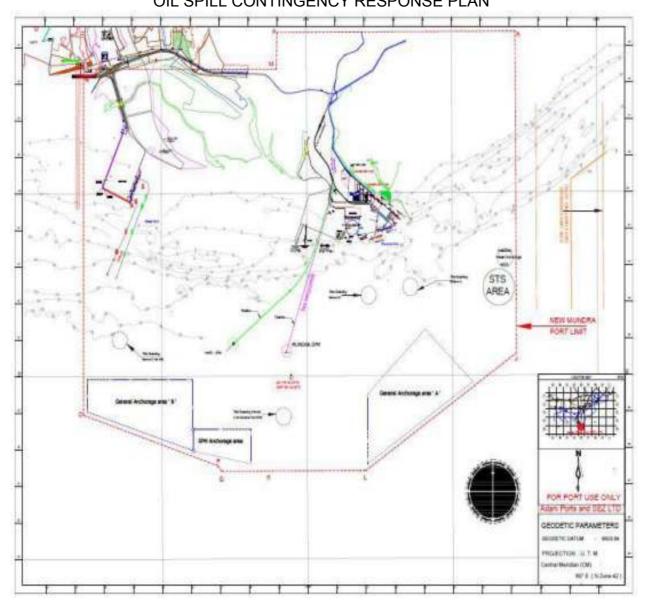
Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 88 of 98

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Indian Chart 2079	ANNEXURE 14
mulan Charl 2017	



Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On	:	01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page	89	of 98



Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 90 of 98

List of recycler approved by state of Gujarat	ANNEXURE 15

LIST OF APPROVED VENDOR FOR COLLECTION & DISPOSAL OF OIL SPILL WASTE WATER AND OILY SOIL

Sr No.	Name of the party & Contact Detail	Date of Issue of Passbook alongwith validity	Capacity
1	M/s Jawrawala Petroleum, Plot No: 200/33, B/H Kashiram Textile Mill, Narol, Ahmedabad – 382405		1. 4800 KLPA - Used Oil
	Contact Detail - (079) - 25358099 (M) +919824045726		2. 9000 KLPA – Waste Oil
2	Kashiram Mill, Narol, Ahmedabad-382405	03/09/2014 to 02/09/2019	1. 8280 KLA - Used Oil
	Contact Detail - (079) - 25356629 (M) +919824090021		2. 9000 KLA – Waste Oil
3	M/s Western India Petrochem Industry, Plot No-50, 51, GIDC Estate, Village Gozaria, Dist- Mehsana. Contact Detail - Tel:+91- 278- 420941 Fax:+91- 278- 429503		1. 3660 KLPA – Used oil 2. 11100 KLPA – waste oil
4	Ltd.(SEPPL)	TSDF Site	3,95,000 MT (Landfilling) +
	3rd Floor,K.G.Chambers, Udhana Darwaja, Ring Road, Surat, Gujarat, India-395002 Contact Detail - +912612351248		7.50 Million Kcal/Hr. (Incineration)
5	M/s Bharuch Enviro Infrastructure Ltd, Ankleshwar	TSDF Site	23,00,000 MT (Landfilling) +
	Contact Detail - Phone 91-2646-253135 Fax 91-2646-222849		120 MT/Day (Incineration)
6	M/s Nandesari Environment Control Ltd. Nandesari, Vadodara,	TSDF Site	3,00,000 MT (Landfilling) +
	Contact Detail – Phone 265 – 2840818 Fax 265 – 2841017		700 Kg/Hr. (Incineration)

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 91 of 98

LIST OF AGENCY FOR SUPPORT & GUIDANCE FOR RESCUE &	ANNEXURE 16
REHABILITATION OF OILED BIRD & MANGROVES	
M ANAGEMENT DURING OIL SPILL	

Sr No.	Name of the party & Contact Detail	Contact Person	Contact Detail	Activity
1	Gujarat Institute of Desert Ecology P.O Box No. #83, Opp. Changleshwar Temple, Mundra Road Bhuj - 370001 Gujarat – India.	Thivakaran	EMAIL: desert_ecology@yahoo.com FAX: 02832-235027 02832-235025	Restoration of Mangroves
2	Kalapoornasuri Karunadham Karunadham Hospital, At – Shedata, Bhuj, Kucth		(M) 9925020776	Rescue of oil socked birds / animals and medical treatment facility
3	Anchorwala Ahinshadham Bhagwan Mahavir Pashu Raksha Kendra, Pragpar, Mundra, Kutch.		Phone (02838) 22352	Rescue of oil socked birds / animals and medical treatment facility
4	ASHA Foundation C/182, Ashoknagar, Opposite ISRO Satellite, Ahmedabad – 380015, Gujrat, India.	Lalubhai	Phone: 09824037521 ,09879877281 Email: ashahmedabad@yahoo.co.in Website: www.ashafoundationindia.org	Rescue of oil socked birds / animals and medical treatment facility

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	:	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	:	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 92 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Terms, definitions and abbreviations used in this plan

APSEZL	Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Ltd.
COO	Chief Operating Officer
DGM	Deputy General Manager
DGS	Directorate General of Shipping
ENGR.	Engineer
ESD	Emergency Shut Down
FIR	First Information Report
FO	Furnace Oil
GMB	Gujarat Maritime Board
GPCB	Gujarat Pollution Control Board
HOD	Head Of Department
HQ	Head Quarters
HSD	High Speed Diesel
ICG	Indian Coast Guard
IMO	International Maritime Organization
IPMS	Integrated Port Management System
KPT	Kandla Port Trust
LWS	Low Water State
MCLS	Maximum Credible loss scenario
MMD	Mercantile Maritime Deptt.
MOEF	Ministry of Environment & Forest
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheets
NOS DCP	National Oil Spill Disaster Contingency Plan
OSC	On Scene Commander
PLEM	Pipe line end manifold
POLREP	Pollution Report
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
PR	Public Relations Officer
R/O	Radio Officer
SKO	Super Kerosene Oil

Reviewed By : Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	: 01	Issued On	: 01.10.2019
Approved By : Capt. Anubhav Jair	Revision No.	: 04	Page	93 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN Certificate of Endorsement

(To be certified personally by an officer not below the post of Deputy Conservator of a port facility or the Installation Manager of an oil installation, or offshore installation, or equivalent legally responsible authority)

I hereby certify that:

- 1 The oil spill contingency plan for the facility under my charge has been prepared with due regard to the relevant international best practices, international conventions, and domestic legislation.
- The nature and size of the possible threat including the worst case scenario, and the resources consequently at risk have been realistically assessed bearing in mind the probable movement of any oil spill and clearly stated.
- The priorities for protection have been agreed, taking into account the viability of the various protection and clean-up options and clearly spelt out.
- 4. The strategy for protecting and cleaning the various areas have been agreed and clearly explained.
- The necessary organization has been outlined, the responsibilities of all those involved have been clearly stated, and all those who have a task to perform are aware of what is expected of them.
- 6. The levels of equipment, materials and manpower are sufficient to deal with the anticipated size of spill. If not, back-up resources been identified and, where necessary, mechanisms for obtaining their release and entry to the country have been established.
- 7. Temporary storage sites and final disposal routes for collected oil and debris have been identified.
- The alerting and initial evaluation procedures are fully explained as well as arrangement for continual review of the progress and effectiveness of the clean-up operation.
- The arrangements for ensuring effective communication between shore, sea and air have been described.
- 10. All aspects of plan have been tested and nothing significant found lacking.
- The plan is compatible with plans for adjacent areas and other activities.
- 12. The above is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

13. I undertake to keep the plan updated at all times and keep the Indian Coast Guard informed of any changes through submission of a fresh certificate of endorsement.

Seal:

Place: Mundra

Capt. Anubhav Jain AGM - Marine & PFSO Adani Ports & SEZ Ltd. Mundra - Kutch - Guiare Signature:

Name: Capt. Anubhav Jain Designation: Head - Marine

Organisation: Adani Ports and SEZ Ltd, Mundra

Date: 01 Oct 2019

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	÷	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	÷	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Appendix E5 to NOS DCP 2015

(Para 4.5 refers)

Contingency Planning Compliance Checklist

Name of the Port/ Oil Handling Agency	Adani Ports and SEZ Limited, Mundra	
---------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	--

	DESCRIPTION	Complied Yes/No	Remarks
Risi	x Assessment		
1.	Whether the facility produces / handles / uses / imports / stores any type of petroleum product.	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.2)
2.	Whether risk assessment is done	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.0)
3.	Who did the risk assessment	Yes	Environ Software (P) Ltd. 8 APSEZ
4.	Whether maximum volume of oil spill that can occur in the worst case scenario is considered.	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.4)
5.	Whether relative measures of the probability and consequences of various oil spills including worst case scenario are taken into account.	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.4)
6.	Whether all types of spills possible in the facility are considered including grounding, collision, fire, explosion, Rupture of hoses.	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.3 & 2.4)
7	Please specify the list of oils considered for risk assessment	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.2)
8	Whether the vulnerable areas are estimated by considering maximum loss scenario and weather condition	Yes	(Ref OSCRP 2.1 Computational Scenarios)
9	Whether impacts on the vulnerable areas are made after considering the marine protected areas population fishermen saltpans mangroves corals, and other resources within that area	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.6)
10	Whether measures for reduction of identified high risk are included by reducing the consequences through spill mitigation measures	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 1.4, 2.3, 2.6. 3 & 5)
11	Whether steps have been considered to reduce risks to the exposed population by increasing safe distances by acquiring property around the facility if possible	NA	All facilities developed within SEZ keeping safe distances from the exposed population.
12	Whether risk levels are established for each month after considering the probability with tide and current and consequences of each such spill	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.1 computational scenarios 8 2.3)
13	Whether prevention and mitigation measures are included in the plan	YES	(Ref. OSCRP 4.0, 7.0, 8.0 8 9.0)
14	Whether the spill may affect the shoreline (length of the shoreline with coordinated)	Yes	Ref. OSCRP 2.3 & 2.6)
15	Whether time taken the oil spill to reach ashore in each quantity of spill in various month are mentioned in the plan	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.3)
16	Whether sensitivity mapping has been carried out	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.5)
17	Does the sensitivity mapping clearly identify the vuinerable areas along with MPAs, corals fishermen community, saltpans, mangroves and other socio-economic elements in the area	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.5 & 2.6)

Reviewed By	\$ Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	;	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	:	04	Page 95 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

18	Do the sensitivity maps indicate area to be		
	protected on priority	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.6)
19	Does the maps indicate boom deployment locations	NA	Booms not deployed permanently
20	Whether any marine protected area will be affected	YES	(Ref. OSCRP 2.5 8 2.6)
21	Whether total number of fishermen likely to affected is mentioned in the plan	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.6)
22	Whether any saltpan in the area is going to be affected	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.6)
23	Whether any mangroves in the area will be affected by a spill	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.6)
Prep	paredness		
24	whether any containment equipment is available	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP Annex 3)
25	Whether any recovery equipment is available	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP Annex 3)
26	Whether the facility is having any temporary storage capacity	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP Annex 3)
27	Whether location of the oil spill response equipment is mentioned in the plan	Yes	Has been included in Annex
28	Whether suitable vessels available for deploying the boom skimmer etc.	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP Annex 3)
29	Whether OSD held with facility	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP Annex 3)
30	Whether the OSD held with the facility is approved for use in Indian waters	Yes	
31	Whether the facility has MoU with other operator for tier -1 preparedness	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 1.4)
32	Whether the list of oil spill response equipment available with each agency in deliberation	Yes	MoU document
33	Whether the facility has any MoU with private OSRO	NA	Port itself is equipped to deal with oil spill emergencies
34	Whether the procedure for evoking the mutual aid is clearly described in the plan	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 1.4)
35	Whether additional manpower is available	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 5.4)
36	Whether list of approved recyclers is mentioned in the plan	Yes	List of recycler approved by state of Gujarat is included in Annexure 15.
37	Whether NEBA (net environmental Benefit Analysis) has been undertaken	Yes	Before commissioning of any new project, various environmental aspects with their positive of adverse impact is considered under EIA Environment Impact Assessment stage.
38	Whether the areas from priority protection have identify in the plan	YES	(Ref. OSCRP 2.5 & 2.6)
39	Whether relevant authorities and stakeholder were consulted for NEBA and during the areas for property protection	Yes	Before commissioning of any new project Environment Impact Assessment 8 Public consultation is carried out in which relevant authorities 8 stakeholders

Reviewed By	:	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	3	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	4	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.		04	Page 96 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

	OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY R	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	were consulted.
40	Whether district administration has been appraised of the risk impact of oil spills?	Yes	District Level Disaster Management Plan is prepared and regularly updated at district level by District Collector of Kutchh. Under DMP Oil spillage contingency is identified as risk. During preparation 8 updating of disaster management plan, District Level Authority organises 8 compiles information from various industries of kutchh. APSEZL is regularly participating in the same 8 providing necessary information to district level administration.
Acti	on Plan		
41	Whether the plan outlines procedure for reporting of oil spill to coast guard	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 7.3)
42	Whether the oil spill response action is clearly mentioned	Yes	(Ref .OSCRP 3.1 to 3.6)
43	Whether the action plan include all duties to be attended in connection with an oil spill	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 3.4)
44	Whether the action plan includes key personnel by their name and designation viz. C/C, S/C	Yes	Ref. OSCRP Annexure-4
45	Whether alternate coverage is planned to take care of the absence of a particular person (in cases where action plan is developed basic names)	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 5)
46	Whether the plan includes assignment of all key coordinators viz.the communication controller ,safety coordinator ,Emergency management team, Administration and communication coordinator and safety coordinator	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 3.4)
47	Whether contact directory containing numbers of key response and management personnel is intimated in the plan	Yes	Ref. OSCRP Annexture-4
48	Whether approved recyclers are identified for processing recovered oil and oily debris	Yes	List of approved recycler of Gujarat state is included in annexure 15. Membership of common disposal facility for disposal of oily debris is also attached annexure 16.
49	Whether the shoreline likely to be affected is identified	Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 2.5 & 2.6)
50	Whether final report on the incident is submitted to CGHQ as per NOS-DCP 2014	NA	No incident
51	Whether the spill incident and its consequences	NA	No incident

Reviewed By	;	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	1	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By		Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	\$	04	Page 97 of 98

ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD. MUNDRA

OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

specified in the plan Whether the mock drills cover all types of probable oil spill Whether the plan mentions list of trained manpower Whether record for periodic mock drill are maintained in a well-defined format Whether the plan updated according to the finding in mock-drills and exercises DESCRIPTION Periodicity of joint exercises with mutual aid partner Periodicity of joint exercises with mutual aid partner Whether the records for periodic mock drills are maintained in a well-defined format Whether the records for periodic mock drills are maintained in a well-defined format Whether the plan is updated according to the finding of mock-drills and exercises Frequency of updation /review of contingency plan I whether the plan is updated according to the finding of mock-drills and exercises Prequency of updation /review of contingency plan AGM - Marine 8 PFSO Adain Ports 8 SEZ Ltd. Mundra - Kutch - Guiarafer conservator /Installation ma VERIFIED Date: 01 Oct 2019 (District commander ICG) or his representative			fishermen and other NGOs for	LOFO	TOL I LOIN
Whether mock fire /emergency response drills are specified in the plan Whether the mock drills cover all types of probable oil spill Whether the plan mentions list of trained manpower Whether record for periodic mock drill are maintained in a well-defined format Whether the plan updated according to the finding in mock-drills and exercises DESCRIPTION What is the frequency of updation /review of contingency plan? Periodicity of joint exercises with mutual aid partner Perequency of mock-drills for practice Whether the plan is updated according to the finding of mock-drills for practice Whether the plan is updated according to the maintained in a well-defined format Whether the plan is updated according to the finding of mock-drills and exercises Perequency of updation /review of contingency plan I, hereby , declare that the all information appended above and true and correct to make the maintained in the all information appended above and true and correct to make the maintained in the all information appended above and true and correct to make the contingency plan I, hereby , declare that the all information appended above and true and correct to make the contingency plan Capt. Anubhav Jain AGM - Marine & PFSO Adani Ports & SEZ Ltd. Mundra - Kutch - Guiagaler conservator /Installation ma VERIFIED					
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55 Whether record for periodic mock drill are maintained in a well-defined format 56 Whether the plan updated according to the finding in mock-drills and exercises DESCRIPTION 57 What is the frequency of updation / review of contingency plan? 58 Periodicity of joint exercises with mutual aid partner 59 Frequency of mock-drills for practice 60 Whether the records for periodic mock drills are maintained in a well-defined format 61 Whether the plan is updated according to the finding of mock-drills and exercises 62 Frequency of updation / review of contingency plan 63 I, hereby , declare that the all information appended above and true and correct to make the maintained in a well-defined format Capt. Anubhav Jain AGM - Marine 8 PFSO Adani Ports 8 SEZ Ltd. Mundra - Kutch - Guiafaler conservator / Installation ma VERIFIED Date: (District commander ICG) or his representative	54	Whether the pla		Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 5.6)
Whether the plan updated according to the finding in mock-drills and exercises DESCRIPTION 7 What is the frequency of updation / review of contingency plan? 8 Periodicity of joint exercises with mutual aid partner 9 Frequency of mock-drills for practice Whether the records for periodic mock drills are maintained in a well-defined format 60 Whether the plan is updated according to the finding of mock-drills and exercises Frequency of updation / review of contingency plan I hereby declare that the all information appended above and true and correct to maintained of belier Capt. Anubhav Jain AGM - Marine 8 PFSO Adani Ports 8 SEZ Ltd. Date: 01 Oct 2019 Mundra - Kutch - Guiafalef conservator / Installation ma VERIFIED Date: (District commander ICG) or his representative	55	Whether record		Yes	
DESCRIPTION The state of the frequency of updation for preview of contingency plan? What is the frequency of updation for preview of contingency plan? Periodicity of joint exercises with mutual aid partner Periodicity of joint exercises with mutual aid partner Periodicity of joint exercises with mutual aid partner Periodicity of joint exercises with mutual aid yes partner Periodicity of joint exercises Ref. OSCRP 5.6;	56	Whether the pla	in updated according to the	Yes	
97 What is the frequency of updation /review of contingency plan? 98 Periodicity of joint exercises with mutual aid partner 99 Frequency of mock-drills for practice Yes (Ref. OSCRP 5.6) 90 Whether the records for periodic mock drills are maintained in a well-defined format Yes (Ref. OSCRP 5.6) 91 Whether the plan is updated according to the finding of mock-drills and exercises Yes Frequency of updation /review of contingency plan I, hereby ,declare that the all information appended above and true and correct to maknowledge of belier 10 Capt. Anubhav Jain AGM - Marine 8 PFSO Adani Ports 8 SEZ Ltd. 11 Date: 01 Oct 2019 Mundra - Kutch - Guiafaler conservator /Installation materials (District commander ICG) or his representative					
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Frequency of mock-drills for practice Whether the records for periodic mock drills are maintained in a well-defined format Whether the plan is updated according to the finding of mock-drills and exercises Frequency of updation / review of contingency plan I, hereby , declare that the all information appended above and true and correct to make make make make make make make make	58	Periodicity of jo		Yes	
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finding of mock-drills and exercises Frequency of updation /review of contingency plan I, hereby ,declare that the all information appended above and true and correct to make the material points and true and correct to make the material points and points and points and points are presentative Capt. Anubhav Jain AGM - Marine & PFSO Adani Ports & SEZ Ltd. Date: 01 Oct 2019 Mundra - Kutch - Guiatrale conservator /Installation material points are presentative Cipital commander (CG) or his representative	60	Whether the records for periodic mock drills are		Yes	(Ref. OSCRP 5.6)
Frequency of updation /review of contingency plan I, hereby ,declare that the all information appended above and true and correct to make knowledge of belier Capt. Anubhav Jain AGM - Marine 8 PFSO Adani Ports 8 SEZ Ltd. Date: 01 Oct 2019 Mundra - Kutch - Guiagale conservator /Installation ma VERIFIED Date: (District commander ICG) or his representative	61			Yes	
I, hereby declare that the all information appended above and true and correct to me knowledge of belier Capt. Anubhav Jain AGM - Marine 8 PFSO Adani Ports 8 SEZ Ltd. Date: 01 Oct 2019 Mundra - Kutch - Guiaraler conservator /Installation ma VERIFIED Date: (District commander ICG) or his representative	62	Frequency of up		Yes	As Per NOSDCP 2015
Capt. Anubhav Jain AGM - Marine & PFSO Adani Ports & SEZ Ltd. Date: 01 Oct 2019		reby ,declare that	the all information appended abov	e and tr	ue and correct to my
AGM - Marine 8 PFSO Adani Ports 8 SEZ Ltd. Date: 01 Oct 2019 Mundra - Kutch - Guiaraler conservator /Installation ma VERIFIED Date: (District commander ICG) or his representative			Capt. Anubhay Jain	1	0
Adani Ports & SEZ Ltd. Mundra - Kutch - Guiagaler conservator /Installation ma VERIFIED Date: (District commander ICG) or his representative			The second secon	17	- 12
Date: 01 Oct 2019 Mundra - Kutch - Guiagnief conservator /Installation ma VERIFIED Date: (District commander ICG) or his representative				50	a.
Date: (District commander ICG) or his representative				1	
Date: (District commander ICG) or his representative	Date	: 01 Oct 2019	wundra - Kutch - Gulagalef c	onserva	tor /Installation manager
or his representative			VERIFIED		
or his representative					
or his representative	Date	ie.	(District commander II	CG1	
	Date	T+			
Date: (Regional commander ICG)	Date	e:	(Regional commander	ICG)	

Reviewed By	2	Capt Pankaj Sinha	Issue No.	1	01	Issued On : 01.10.2019
Approved By	1	Capt. Anubhav Jain	Revision No.	7	04	Page 98 of 98

Annexure – 9

REGIONAL LEVEL POLLUTION RESPONSE EXCERSISE REPORT

Date -18th Dec 2019

PARTIES INVOLVED IN THE EXERCISE :- RELIANCE, ESBTL, IOCL, APSEZL, BORL, VOTL

 $0640-Dol\ 11\ cast\ off\ from\ Tug\ berth\ mudra\ for\ off\ vadinar\ ,\ started\ approaching\ to\ given\ position\ 22\ Deg\ 31,70\ N\ and\ 069\ Deg\ 36.05\ E\ ,which\ is\ 14.0\ mile\ away\ from\ Mundra\ port.$

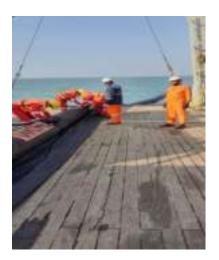
0800- Dol 11 reached at the given position with KB X alongside. Meanwhile other parties taking part in the PR exercise also arrived at the scene.

0845 – OSC Canara Pride requested all mutual aids for assistance in pollution response exercise.

0900 – Canara Pride advised Dol 11 to deploy the boom and skimmer for contamination of the spilled oil.

0906 – Dol 11 commenced deploying 250m boom in the water.





Dol 11 deploying the boom

0945 – Dol11 completed lowering 250m boom, same time other craft also instructed by OSC to deploy their respective booms and skimmers.





250 m Boom

Skimmer

1006 – Dol 11 lowered the skimmer up to the water level and kept floating tank stand by on the main deck.



Floating tank

- 1012 Dol 11 advised KBX to make a "J" shape Boom between Dol 11 and KBX.
- 1016- CG vessel 203 now assumed duty of OSC.
- 1018 Master reported to OSC about type of oil spilled is "Heavy Oil".
- 1030 Dol11 informed OSC that Dol 11 and KBX maintaining "J"shape of boom and skimmer lowered up to the water level.





J Shape of the Boom

1034 – Canara Pride requested Dol 11 information regarding type of skimmer (Brush type) and the capacity (13 M3 / Hour).

1100 – Canara pride gathering information from all the crafts regarding Length of the boom deployed, type and capacity of the skimmer.

1106- OSC instructed all parties to maintain the "J" shape of the deployed boom.

1221 – OSC CG 203 informed all craft to call off the drill and can start squaring up the equipments.

1312 – Securing of the Equipments completed, Dol11 resumed her passage to Mundra.



Participants of the Exercise

Annexure-10

Compliance Report of CIA Study Environment Management Plan

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
1 1.1	It is predicted that the built up land in the rural areas would increase by an order 50% from the baseline 2015. New settlements near the SEZ area might create slums. Unorganized urban development leading to poor sanitation and proliferation of vectors and disease.	Level - 1	APSEZ has developed two townships (Shantivan and Samudra) presently accommodating 1668 households. Necessary permissions from concerned authorities were already obtained for the development of townships and Associated infrastructure facilities.	The existing townships will be expanded to accommodate about 4 lakh people when the APSEZ is fully developed.	APSEZ	As and when Required	APSEZ has developed two townships (Shantivan and Samudra) accommodating 2180 households and associated infrastructure facilities. Accommodation is made available for all interested employees working within Adani group & SEZ industries. Out of which 86% Occupancies are accommodated within the townships and rest are available for employees working within APSEZ. At present 43 nos. of industries are operating within the SEZ. Township facilities are also made by some of SEZ industries within Mundra town for their employees with basic infrastructure facilities and requirements. Most of the employees working in SEZ industries are residing in Mundra township having all basic requirements and associated facilities. The existing social infrastructure facilities are adequate for present development at APSEZ. The existing townships with associated facilities will be expanded as per requirement.

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
1.2	Once the project is fully developed, due to increase in built up land in the APSEZ area, there will be an increase in the storm water runoff from the facility.	Level-1	The study area experiences scanty rainfall less than 400 mm/year. Considering the natural gradient, ASPEZ have designed and implemented storm water drains in the existing facility to meet the peak daily rainfall of 440 mm/hr. Hence flooding of	Technical feasibility study can be carried out to explore the possibility of developing storm water collection ponds to utilize maximum possible storm water runoff for dust suppression in the coal yard areas during non-rainy days.	APSEZ	Technical Study - one time, Implementat ion - Continual process	APSEZ has also been granted permission for receiving domestic sewage @ 2.5 MLD from Mundra village (which was earlier discharged in to open area within Mundra region) in to wastewater treatment plant for treatment and disposal. APSEZ has already started receiving of domestic sewage from Mundra, which will abate the poor sanitation and unhygienic condition within Mundra region. Total project cost for laying domestic sewage underground pipeline with other associated facilities from Mundra to APSEZ is 362 Lacs. Presently, 42% of the total SEZ area (8434.5890 Ha) is developed. Based on technical studies, APSEZ has developed adequate storm water facilities that meets with daily demand as per recorded highest rainfall. At present all existing coal yards are designed with drain, for collection of water during water sprinkling and rainfall, which is carried away to dump pond. Supernatant water from dump pond is being collected and used for dust suppression activities or after sedimentation, discharged to sea. Photographs showing the drain and dump pond are attached as Annexure – A. During last year 2019-20, the maximum recorded rain fall was 33.2 mm/hr., which was

	Identified	Type of	Environment	Additional Risk	Responsible	Timeframe for	Compliance
S.	environmental	Impact &	management	Mitigation	agency	implementatio	Compilative
No.	and social	Magnitude	plans adopted or	Measures/ESMP	agency	n	
110.	impacts for the	1	being adopted by	5 4 5 5 7 5 5 1 1 1		"	
	fully developed		APSEZ as per				
	scenario		permits,				
	(year 2030)		clearances,				
			applicable				
			regulations and				
			guidelines etc.				
			water in the				much less than the design capacity of existing
			neighboring				storm water drainage system. So our existing
			areas is not				storm water management facility is adequate
			envisaged.				to handle the storm water runoff from the
							area. Hence flooding of water in the
							neighboring areas is not envisaged.
			As per the	The channel depth in	APSEZ,	As and When	Presently there is no Desalination plant, sea
			directions given	all the natural streams	District	Required	water intake and outfall facility developed as
			in the	shall be maintained to	Administration		part of EC & CRZ clearance of Multiproduct
			environmental	accommodate peak	* and		SEZ. The project will be designed and
			clearance	flood flow during the	Irrigation department		implemented without disturbing the natural
			issued for the	monsoon and	department		flow of rainwater in all the seasonal streams.
			proposed Multi-	periodical de-silting			
			Product SEZ	activities in the			
			and CRZ	natural steams			
			clearance for	passing			
			Desalination,	through the APSEZ area			
			sea water	arou			
			intake, outfall				
			facility and				
			pipeline project,				
			the master plan				
			of the project				
			was designed and being				
			implemented without				
			disturbing the natural flow of				
			rainwater in all				
			the seasonal				
			streams.				

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
1.3	Due to conservation and protection of mangroves in the designated conservation area, it has been predicted that the current mangrove footprint area would marginally increase in next 15 years due to natural growth. This will enhance the overall biodiversity in the local coastal ecosystem.	Positive Impact with ecologica I benefits	In addition to conservation of the identified 1254 ha mangrove areas around Mundra port and SEZ, APSEZ has taken up large scale mangrove afforestation activities in an area of more than 2800 ha at various locations across the coast of Gujarat state in consultation with various organizations	APSEZ will continue mangrove afforestation as per the commitment made with concerned regulatory authority	APSEZ	Short Term	APSEZ has carried out mangrove afforestation in 2890 ha. area across the coast of Gujarat till date. No further mangrove afforestation is pending w.r.t. commitment made with concerned regulatory authority for APSEZ, Mundra project. As per study conducted by NCSCM in 2017, mangrove cover in and around APSEZ, Mundra has increased from 2094 Ha to 2340 ha (as compared between 2011 to 2017). The analysis has shown an overall growth of 246 ha. The cost for said study was INR 3.15 Cr. Further work has been assigned to NCSCM in March 2020 as part of compliance for the action plan "Monitoring of mangrove cover". The cost of the said work is INR 23.56 Lacs.
1.4	Development activities along the coast might cause certain		Detailed hydro- dynamic modelling and shoreline change	It is recommended to map the coastal morphology (Shoreline) at least once in three years	APSEZ	Continual Process	Shoreline assessment study will be conducted in FY 2020-21.

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	Identified	Type of	Environment	Additional Risk	Responsible	Timeframe for	Compliance
S.	environmental	Impact &	management	Mitigation	agency	implementatio	
No.	and social	Magnitude	plans adopted or	Measures/ESMP		n	
	impacts for the	1	being adopted by				
	fully developed		APSEZ as per				
	scenario (year 2030)		permits, clearances,				
	(year 2030)		applicable				
			regulations and				
			guidelines etc.				
	changes in		prediction for a				
	hydro-		fully developed				
	dynamic		APSEZ facility				
	characteristic		has been				
	s along the		studied. The				
	shoreline.		study reveals				
	Shoreline of		that the erosion				
	any area also		and accretion				
	can be		in the study				
	influenced by		area at the end				
	storm surges		of 15th year will				
	and other		be within the				
	natural		designated				
	processes.		criteria of ± 0.5				
	processes.		m/year. which				
			reconfirms that				
			the waterfront				
			development				
			activities of				
			APSEZ would				
			pose				
			insignificant				
			impact on the				
			Mundra				
			shoreline.				
2	Regional Traffic	Managamant					
2.1	The projected	Level-1	As per the	Additional road as per	APSEZ	As and When	Presently 42% of the total SEZ area
2.1	traffic data as	LGVGI-1	master plan of	master plan will be	AI OLZ	Required	(8434.5890 Ha) is developed.
	per the EIA		APSEZ, eight	built in future based		nequired	(0 τοτ.5050 Για) 15 αθνείομεα.
	Report of		artillery roads	on the overall progress			Existing road/rail infrastructure facilities are
	Multi-Product		will be	of the project.			adequate to evacuate the existing cargo.
	iviuiti-Fiouuct		wiii be	l or the project.			Further, APSEZ's cargo evacuation through rail
L	1	i	l			<u> </u>	1. a.ta., obb o daigo o daodation tinough fan

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	Identified	Type of	Environment	Additional Risk	Responsible	Timeframe for	Compliance
S.	environmental	Impact &	management	Mitigation	agency	implementatio	
No.	and social	Magnitude	plans adopted or	Measures/ESMP		n	
	impacts for the	1	being adopted by				
	fully developed scenario		APSEZ as per				
	(year 2030)		permits, clearances,				
	(year 2030)		applicable				
			regulations and				
			guidelines etc.				
	Special		connected to	Currently about 25%			has increased to 30 % thereby reducing the
	Economic		either state	of cargo from APSEZ			usage of road.
	Zone, the peak		highway or	is transported by Rail			
	vehicular		national	and the same will be			Additional road facilities will be built as per
	traffic from		highway for	enhanced to 40%			master plan considering future development.
	the port and		evacuating the	when the facility is			
	SEZ		goods from	fully developed in			The facilities for transportation of cargo other
	operations		APSEZ. None of	future. This will			than road will be enhanced considering future
	(including		these roads are	further reduce the			development, which will reduce the traffic
	supporting		passing	traffic volumes on the			volumes on the regional road Network.
	facilities and		through	regional road			
	colony) could		settlements,	network.			
	be in the		thereby				
	order of		avoiding				
	18,300 and		traffic				
	10,400		Congestions in				
	vehicles per		the respective				
	day		villages. The				
	respectively.		carrying				
			capacity of the				
	There could		eight artillery				
	be a possible		roads				
	increase in		connecting				
	traffic		APSEZ is				
	congestions		estimated to be				
	on village-		about 16,000				
	highway		PCU/hr as				
	intersections		against the				
	and road		envisaged peak				
	accidents.		traffic volume				
			of 4,500				

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			PCU/hr. Out of eight artillery roads considered in APSEZ master plan, seven roads were already developed and functional. APSEZ has been imparting Driver Training Programs to all their contractors to enhance awareness on road safety.	APSEZ can undertake technical feasibility of implementing Intelligent Transport System (ITS) for the freight carriers associated with their development activities.	APSEZ & GSRDC*	Long Term	APSEZ is being imparting the regular in-house classroom and on-job training to the all drivers and employees on below topics: Basic induction Training for drivers ITV Driver Training ITV Driver Induction for Supervisor Defensive Driving Defensive Driving Traffic Management & Road Signage Driving safety training RORO Driver training RORO Driver training Defensive Driving & Emergency Action Plan Drivers Responsibilities & Safe driving Emergency Rescue (Vehicle) Training Approx. 3300 Participants (On roll and contractual manpower) were benefitted from above trainings in FY 2019-20. The same will

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							APSEZ has also implemented the Remote traffic management system (RTMS) to manage the traffic movements and capturing the violations to further improve the system. Following steps were taken by APSEZ to reduce the accidents. ✓ Installation of approx. 100 Nos. of cameras which is being operated at ISCR (Integrated security control room) to monitor & manage the traffic system in APSEZ on real time basis. ✓ Installation of 02 Nos. RTMS - Remote traffic management system (having combination of Radar + OCR camera + LED display board - showing speed limit) to recognize the over speeded vehicles, so that timely capture the same and avoid any road accidents.
3			and sewage treatme		4 DOE 7	TA	
3.1	For a fully developed APSEZ facility, water demand will be in the order of 4,30,000	No-Impact	APSEZ is meeting the current water demand through Narmada water supply scheme	As per the master plan and permissions granted under EC, APSEZ will be developing progressively 4,50,000 m3/day (450 MLD) of decalination	APSEZ	As and When Required	Currently there are two fresh water sources available with APSEZ. Desalination Plant – 47 MLD Narmada water through GWIL – 11 MLD (sanctioned capacity). Current water demand for APSEZ along with SEZ industries including Adami Power Plant is
	m3/day (430 MLD). APSEZ		and 47 MLD captive	MLD) of desalination plants to meet the			SEZ industries including Adani Power Plant around 30 MLD.

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	will be sourcing majority of the water from the captive desalination plants, which will be developed in progressive manner.		desalination plant at site. Necessary water allocation from concerned authorities was obtained and the same will be renewed from time to time as per the directions of state government.	future demand. Hence stress on regional water resources due to these developmental projects will be less significant.			So presently, these sources are adequate to fulfill the current fresh water requirement of APSEZ. The desalination plant of additional capacities will be installed on modular basis considering future requirement of APSEZ.
3.2	Existing water demand in the Mundra taluk is estimated as 8500 m3/day (@55 lpcd) and the potable and sanitation water needs would increase to 37,000 m3/day (@125 lpcd) in future when the area is	Level-2	Adani Foundation has been contributing to various watershed development projects in the Mundra region to enhance ground water resources in the area. Adani Foundation has contributed about Rs. 300 Lakhs so far for	Adani Foundation is planning to implement the various water resource conservation programs in next ten years under various schemes.	APSEZ and CGWB*	Long Term	Water needs of APSEZ is being met through existing Desalination Plant of APSEZ and Narmada canal supplied by the GWIL which may be further enhanced on modular basis, At present Ground water is not utilized for any activities of APSEZ. However various works are being carried out continuously under Water Conservation Work to achieve water security in Mundra region by Adani Foundation Following works are carried out as a part of water conservation work since April – 2018. • Under "Sujlam Suflam Jal Abhiyan compaign" AF Mundra had completed deepening work in 26 pond works as per

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	fully grown into larger municipality due to induced economic growth. Water demand of the local communities is met through Narmada water supply system to some extent, but largely depending on the ground water in the study area. Mundra block is reported to be a safe ground block as on date. Due to influx of people and rapid urbanization due to the economic		the development of 18 check dams.				given target by District Collector Kutch in 19 villages. Total excavation done 51723 Cum. Total storage capacity created 51.72 million liters. These works done as per government guidelines. • Under "Partcipatory Ground Water Management" work we have created artificial recharge borewell in Borana, Mangara & Dhrub village. • Participatory Ground Water Management in ten villages with holistic approach for Kankavati Sandstone Aquifer Programme. With the objective of to preserve the rain water to reduce the impact of salinity and recharge the ground water (the main source of water) to facilitate the Agricultural activities as well as for drinking water. • Ground recharge activities (pond deepening work for more than 52 ponds) individually were built leading to a significant increase in water table and higher returns to the farmers. • Roof Top Rain Water Harvesting 54 Nos. and Recharge Bore well 75 Nos. • Drip Irrigation 823 Farmers benefitted in coordination with Gujrat Green Revolution Company • Under UTHHAN MODEL VILLAGE PROJECT, Salinity ingress issue is well taken with pond deepening, recharge bore well technique and roof top rain water harvesting. Total ground water recharged

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3.3	development, there could be some stress on the ground water resources in future. It is estimated that about 60,000 m3/day (60 MLD) of sewage will be generated from the APSEZ facility when the project is fully developed.	No Impact	Seven sewage treatment plants with an aggregate capacity of 3.1 MLD have already built at APSEZ. Treated sewage is utilized for greenbelt development and sewage is not discharged into either seasonal natural streams or marine environment.	APSEZ is permitted to develop decentralized sewage treatment plants of total 62 MLD capacities. Existing sewage treatment facilities will be augmented progressively based on the development at APSEZ in future. Similar to existing practices, treated sewage will be utilized for greenbelt development.	APSEZ	As and When Required	Adani foundation has spent approx. INR 3437 lakhs during last two years (i.e. 2018-19 & 2019-20) for CSR activities which also includes water conservation projects as mentioned above. Current installed capacity of wastewater treatment plants is 5.6 MLD (ETP, STPs & CETP) for treatment of effluent & sewage generated at various locations. Out of 43 only 3 industries within the SEZ are sending their partially treated industrial as well as domestic effluent to the CETP confirming to CETP inlet norms for further treatment and final disposal. Other SEZ industries have their own STPs / ETPs for treatment of wastewater generated from their industrial operation and discharging the treated water on land for horticulture purpose within their premises as per specific permission granted by SPCB. Presently avg. 1.4 MLD of wastewater (in to ETP, STPs & CETP) is treated and being utilized on land for horticulture purpose within APSEZ premises. Existing wastewater treatment plants are adequate to treat and handle the total effluent / sewage load considering current development.

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							Existing wastewater treatment facilities will be augmented or new plants will be developed on modular basis considering future requirement.
4	Air quality manag	ement Plan					
4.1	Although all the regulated activities in the study area will be adopting promulgated emission norms, total air emission mass discharge from the study area would increase.	Level-2	APSEZ and other thermal power plants have obtained valid consent to operate and have been operating the facilities as per the emission norms stipulated in respective consent orders. APSEZ and other two power plants are monitoring the ambient air quality on regular intervals as per GPCB/CPCB guidelines and the data is analyzed and presented to	All existing and new industrial establishments will obtain requisite consents from GPCB and adhere to the stipulated emission norms regulations and guidelines issued by authorities from time to time.	APSEZ And Other Industries	Continual Process	APSEZ has been granted requisite permissions from the concerned authorities with stipulated norms for air emission (flue gas as well as ambient air). Ambient Air Quality monitoring is being carried out by NABL accredited and MoEF&CC authorized agency namely M/s. Pollucon Laboratory Pvt. Ltd. as per NAAQ standards, 2009. Stack emission monitoring is also being carried out on regular basis. Reports of the same are being submitted to the concerned authorities on regular basis. Adani power plant has installed continuous emission and air quality monitoring instruments as per CPCB Directive and submitting the reports also. Another power plant of CGPL is outside APSEZ area. The AAQM summary for last six months (Oct'19 to Mar'20) are as below. Locations: 17 Nos. (APSEZ – 12 + APL – 5 including 3 villages) Frequency: Twice in a week Paramet Unit Max Min Perm. Limit*

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance	e			
			GPCB on				PM 10	μg/m³	96.23	46.29	100
			monthly basis. Both the				PM _{2.5}	μg/m³	58.30	17.65	60
			thermal power				SO ₂	μg/m³	29.44	6.34	80
			plants located within the				NO ₂	μg/m³	45.56	13.50	80
			study area have installed continuous emission and air quality monitoring instruments as per CPCB directive.				Approx. environme FY 2019-2 quality mo Other ind obtained competen plant ar environme premises granted. The monit sez are a	INR 21. ental mon 20 which onitoring. ustries lo requisit- t author d they ental n to com The same as SPCB t regular Z and last April 20 en. Same so being	74 Lak itoring a also in cated we permetities fo are anonitorin apply with has been on reg visits of visit was 19 for E will be a submitted	h is spectivities of cludes and ithin the issions of their realso cared within the parent basis member is conducted to the realso continued.	stipulated standards. Dent for during the abient air SEZ have rom the espective ried out n their ermission by APSEZ s. APSEZ industries

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				A common air quality management committee may be framed under the guidance of the State Pollution Control Board and district administration to manage regional level emission inventory data that can help to manage regional level air quality management goals.	APSEZ and Other Industries, Stakeholders, District Administration and GPCB*	Long Term And Continual	report of EC for Multi Product SEZ. APSEZ will co-operate and comply with the directions from concerned regulatory authorities for air quality management within APSEZ area. However at present, APSEZ has formed Internal Environment Monitoring Committee, involving Sr. Management from APSEZ and Adani Power Limited, with following role and responsibilities:. • Identification of sources of air & noise emission and its dispersion in surrounding villages • Remedial measures to eliminate, control, reduce or capture air & noise emission • Identify available resource to abate the air and noise emission • Required additional resources for control of air and noise emission • Drinking water and its testing of all the available fresh water sources in surrounding villages • Identify any surrounding villages affected by organization's improper waste disposal mechanism. APSEZ and all the industries within SEZ are in compliance to NAAQS and same is being ensured by APSEZ. The monitoring reports of industries within SEZ are being submitted to the regulatory authorities as part of half yearly Compliance report of EC for Multi Product SEZ.

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4. 2	Release of particulate emissions from handling and storage of coal at the port and power plants would influence PM10 and PM2.5 concentration in the background air. This could pose some health impacts such as asthma and COPD etc. among the local communities.	Health Impact	APSEZ has been implementing the following management plan to control emissions as per the applicable regulations and similar practices will be adopted in future: Entire bulk material handling facilities are mechanized. Regular water sprinkling on road and other open areas, regular cleaning of roads, dry fog dust suppression systems (DSS) in hoppers, transfer towers and conveyor belts, use of	All industries located in the APSEZ shall adhere to the emissions norms and minimum stack height guidelines issued by CPCB and consent to operate issued by Gujarat Pollution Control Board from time to time.	APSEZ and Other Industries	Continual Process	 Following safeguard measures are taken by APSEZ for abatement of dust emissions. Adequate stack heights to the Boilers, D.G. Sets, TFHs & HWGs for proper dispersion of pollutants within APSEZ Using of liquid & Gaseous fuels instead of solid fuels in Boilers, Thermic fluid heaters and hot water generators. Regular sprinkling on road and other open area Regular cleaning of roads Dry fog Dust Suppression System (DSS) in hopper, transfer towers and conveyor belts Use of water mist canon Closed type conveyor belts Regular sprinkling on coal heaps Covering other types of dry bulk cargo heaps Installation of wind breaking wall Development of greenbelt along the periphery of the storage yards/back up area Mechanized handling system for coal and other dry bulk cargo Wagon loading and truck loading through closed silo Adequate air pollution control measures like ESPs, FGDs, Bag Filters, etc. and adequate stack heights provisions are implemented

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			water mist canon, covered conveyor belts, regular sprinkling on				within the t The stack months (Oc Total Nos. c Frequency:	monitoring t'19 to Mar of Stacks: 2 Monthly / I	g summai '20) are a 2 Nos. Half Yearl	s below.	
			coal heaps,				Parameter	Unit	GPCB Limit	Min	Max
							PM	mg/nm³	150	30.81	10.5
							SO ₂	Ppm	100	7.69	2.64
							NO _x	ppm	50	37.46	23.6
							Va	lues recorde	d confirms		ulated dards.
							Approx. IN environmer FY 2019- monitoring	ntal monito 20 which	ring activi	ties durin	g the
							All other is adhere to pollution dispersion permissions being inspersions as SPCB off	orovide ade control r of polluta granted by cted and e icials on re	equate stameasures unts as possible the boar gular basi	ack height for poer respend. The sa APSEZ as s.	t and roper ective me is s well
			covering of other types of dry bulk cargo heaps by protective	An internal Coal Dust Management Working	APSEZ and Other Industries,		As mention formed In Committee, APSEZ and role and res	ternal Er involving Adani Pow	nvironmen Sr. Ma er Limited	t Monit anagemen d, with spe	oring t of

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	Identified	Type of	Environment	Additional Risk	Responsible	Timeframe for	Compliance
S. No.	environmental and social	Impact &	management	Mitigation Measures/ESMP	agency	implementatio	
NO.		Magnitude	plans adopted or being adopted by	Weasures/ESWP		n	
	impacts for the fully developed	1	APSEZ as per				
	scenario		permits,				
	(year 2030)		clearances,				
	(your 2000)		applicable				
			regulations and				
			guidelines etc.				
			materials,	Group shall be formed	Concerned	Long Term	The dry cargo is being handled by mechanized
			installation of	by APSEZ to	Stake holders,		system and transported by covered conveyer
			wind breaking	effectively co-ordinate	District		system, trucks and rail wagons.
			wall,	the approach to coal	Administration		
			development of	dust management and	*		Wind breaking wall is provided around the coal
			greenbelt along	monitoring			storage yards of APSEZ as well as Adani Power
			the periphery of				Plant.
			the storage				
			yards/back up				Adequate air pollution control measures like
			area and				ESPs, FGDs, Bag Filters, etc. and adequate
			mechanized				stack heights provisions within the thermal
			handling				power plant for proper dispersion of pollutants.
			system for coal				
			and other dry				Green belt / plantation is provided around the
			bulk cargo and				periphery of dry cargo storage area and regular
			Wagon loading				water sprinkling is also being done to abate
			and truck				the dust emission from coal hips.
			loading through				
			closed silo.				
			Both thermal				
			power plants in				
			the study area				
			have installed				
			electrostatic				
			precipitators on				
			the boilers and				
			are meeting the				
			emission norms				
			as per the				
			respective ECs				
			granted. Due to				

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
			installation of tall stacks as per CPCB guidelines and EC conditions, the relative air pollution impacts due to release of emissions from two power plants is insignificant.				
4. 3	Ships are one of the significant sources of SO2 and NOX emissions in the study area. Marine diesel engines on the ships often utilize fuel oils that might contain higher sulphur content. As per the international best practices,	Level-2	A Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) has be developed to be included as a part of APSEZ environment management plan to verify that all ships anchored at the port are adopting the	The current global limit for Sulphur content of ships fuel oil is 3.5 % m/m (mass by mass). According to MARPOL, the new global cap on sulphur in the marine vessel fuels will be 0.50% m/m by the 1st January 2025. APSEZ should explore the possibility of providing shore power to the ships at the port to reduce idling stage ship emissions.	APSEZ and Ship Owners	Long Term	The ships coming to the APSEZ is complying with MARPOL and other shipping rules and regulations. APSEZ has already started providing shore power supply to the tugs (11 Nos.), dredgers (2 Nos.) and barges (1 No.). The feasibility of shore power will be explored and implemented on large scale for the visiting vessels to reduce idling stage ship emissions.

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1_	Identified	Type of	Environment	Additional Risk	Responsible	Timeframe for	Compliance
S.	environmental	Impact &	management	Mitigation	agency	implementatio	
No.	and social	Magnitude	plans adopted or	Measures/ESMP		n	
	impacts for the	1	being adopted by				
	fully developed		APSEZ as per				
	scenario		permits,				
	(year 2030)		clearances,				
			applicable				
			regulations and				
			guidelines etc.				
	these marine		MARPOL4				
	diesel engines		regulations.				
	are designed						
	to meet						
	MARPOL						
	regulations						
	with NOX						
	emissions less						
	than 14.4						
	gram/Kwhr of						
	engine. Due to						
	lower stack						
	heights of the						
	marine diesel						
	engine, ship						
	emissions						
	often gets						
	dispersed in						
	the local						
	environment						
	and might						
	pose risk of						
	fumigation						
	during the						
	early morning						
	and evening						
	hours due to						
	atmospheric						
	inversion						
	break-up						
	periods.						
	perious.	İ					

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
4. 4	Road vehicle emissions will be other major contributors to the air pollution in the region when the facility is fully developed.	Level-2	Not Applicable	Due to implementation of Bharat VI fuels (MoEF&CC)6 in near future the vehicular and diesel engine emissions will be reduced by about 50% from the current national levels. APSEZ should develop a robust contractor environmental policy to ensure that Bharat Stage VI emission norms are adopted by all their contractors and sub-contractors.	APSEZ and All Industries	Short Term	Presently, cargo evacuation through rail has increased to 30 %, thereby reducing the usage of road. Vehicles having valid PUC certificate are only being allowed to enter within APSEZ area. In future, APSEZ will also explore the feasibility of using Electric Vehicles for internal cargo movement.
5	Noise emissions						
5.1	Noise emissions are envisaged from port operations, industrial operations and power plants in the study area.	Level-1	Due to adoption of various mechanized operations at the waterfront development, the noise emissions from the port cargo handling will be minimal. An adequate	APSEZ, all the tenant industries and facilities within APSEZ are required to undertake noise monitoring at their facilities to demonstrate the compliance with the Noise level standards. Continuous noise recording units can be	APSEZ	Continual Process	 Below Safeguard measures are already taken for abatement of noise emissions. Development of greenbelt along the periphery of the operational area. D.G. Sets having Acoustic enclosures. Maintenance of plant machineries and equipments on regular frequency. Noise monitoring is being carried out by NABL accredited and MoEF&CC authorized agency namely M/s. Pollucon Laboratory Pvt. Ltd. as per permission granted and reports are being

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	Any increase in noise levels beyond three decibels from the background levels would be perceived		greenbelt is being developed by APSEZ to further reduce any residual impacts due to noise emissions	installed by APSEZ at facility boundary to address the community grievances, when ever required. To assess the overall site wide compliance and also			submitted regular basi The noise months (Oc Locations: 1 Frequency:	is. monitori t'19 to M 12 Nos.	ing sum ar'20) ar	mary for e as belo	last six w.
	as noise nuisance (USEPA)7.		from the facility. Periodic noise level	to address any community grievances related to noise issues			Noise	Unit	Max	Min	Perm. Limit ^{\$}
	(USEPA)/.		monitoring programs were	due to operation of APSEZ			Day Time	dB(A)	74.3	52.4	75
			adopted by APSEZ. Predicted noise levels were found to be well within the designated noise standards for Industrial facilities.	facilities.			Approx. IN environmen FY 20 19-20 All the rest From this impacts on All other in adhere to noise level and same well as SPC Further, till grievances/	IR 21.74 Ital monity which in the surroundustries monitor as per	Lakh toring ac ncludes n well with the inferr tounding of located and con ermission n confirm ular basis	is spent stivities do loise mon the sed that community in the Antrol the granted med by 1.5.	tandards. there no ty. PSEZ are ambient by SPCB APSEZ as

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
							the stakeholders.
				In order to address the public grievances related to noise from the facility, an internal Noise Management Committee can be formed by APSEZ to investigate the root cause and to develop and implement noise mitigation plans in the specific zones.	APSEZ	Continual Process	As mentioned above, presently, APSEZ has formed Internal Environment Monitoring Committee, involving Sr. Management of APSEZ and Adani Power Limited, having role and responsibilities as defined above. No grievance received for noise related issues and it is observed that ambient noise level are well within the permissible standards.
6	Surface water qu	ality (Terrestr	rial and Marine)			•	
6.1	In general, release of untreated wastewater from industrial facilities would pose threat to water quality of streams, actuarize and	Level -1	As per the master plan of APSEZ, 67 MLD of wastewater is expected to be generated from the fully developed project scenario, for which	As per the master plan of APSEZ, the existing CETP shall be augmented to 67 MLD in progressive manner based on the future demand. The facility should limit the marine discharge of treated industrial wastewater to 16 MLD	APSEZ	As and When Required	APSEZ has installed Common Effluent Treatment Plant (CETP) having 2.5 MLD capacities for treatment of partially treated effluent and sewage generated from industries within SEZ. Currently, CETP receives 350 KLD hydraulic load and considering the current development scenario, existing CETP is adequate to treat and handle the total effluent load coming from industries within SEZ.
	estuaries and marine water bodies.		necessary permissions to set up decentralized CETPs of various	as per the permits. Remaining treated wastewater shall be utilized for horticulture purpose.			Out of 43 only 3 industries within SEZ are sending their partially treated industrial as well as domestic effluent to the CETP confirming CETP inlet norms for further treatment and final disposal. Other industries within SEZ have

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances,	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
	(year 2000)		applicable regulations and guidelines etc.				their own STPs / ETPs for treatment of
			capacities are already obtained. Presently a CETP capacity of 2.5 MLD is in place. Presently member units treat their effluents to meet the CETP inlet norms and then send it to CETP. Treated wastewater from CETP meets the stipulated discharge norms for utilization for greenbelt				wastewater generated from their industrial operation and discharging the treated water on land for horticulture purpose within their premises as per permission granted by SPCB. The capacities of CETP will be enhanced on modular basis as per future requirement. Presently avg. 1.4 MLD (from CETP, ETP & STPs) of treated water is being utilized on land for horticulture purpose within APSEZ premises and no discharge is made to any other source.
			development within the APSEZ areas.				
			Online wastewater quality monitoring systems are installed at	Efforts shall be made to recycle complete treated wastewater for port operations and industrial operations of APSEZ	APSEZ	Based on outcome Techno- feasibility Study	Online continuous effluent monitoring system installed at the discharge point of CETP to track any deviation from discharge norms. Presently entire quantity of treated water from CETP is used for gardening / horticulture

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
			CETP to ensure quality of treated effluent meets the requisite discharge norms. No wastewater from CETP is discharged into natural bodies as on date	in future based on a detailed techno- economic feasibility study.			purpose within APSEZ premises.
			Runoff during monsoon from coal storage yards is collected in sedimentation ponds (dump pond) to remove any residual dust particulates for further disposal into sea	Storm water runoff from the facility during the first rain shall be sampled and analyzed for the presence of heavy metals or other criteria pollutants to adopt corrective and preventive actions to protect the marine water quality. All red and hazard category industry within APSEZ shall adopt spill prevention and control program and no effluents shall be discharged into	APSEZ	Continual	There are provision of drains around coal stack yard to carry to runoff water to dump ponds. This water is either used for dust suppression or after sedimentation (to remove residual dust), is allowed disposal to sea. Presently Marine monitoring is being carried out once in a month by NABL and MoEF&CC accredited agency namely M/s. Pollucon Laboratory Pvt. Ltd. The analysis reports of the same are being submitted to the concerned authorities on regular basis. The marine water quality monitoring summary for last six months (Oct'19 to Mar'20) is as per below. Locations: 14 Nos. (APSEZ – 9 + APL – 5) Frequency: Once in a Month

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance					
				storm water-drains.			Parameter	Unit	Surf		Bottom	
									Max	Min	Max	Min
							pН		8.34	8.02	8.28	7.88
							TSS	mg/ L	364	26	381	22
							BOD (3 Days @ 27 °C)	mg/ L	5.3	2.2	4.3	ND*
							DO	mg/ L	8.8	5.1	6.2	4.9
							Salinity	ppt	37.5	32.85	38.2	33.0
							TDS	mg/ L	3849 6	3560 2	3879 6 = Not De	3511 2
							Approx. INR 21.74 Lakh is spent for all environmental monitoring activities during the FY 2019-20 which includes marine water monitoring.					
			Detailed marine hydrodynamic modelling studies revealed that the current and proposed dredged soil disposal practices, sea water intake and outfall facilities and	Good dredging practices shall be adopted by APSEZ: (i).Improving the dredging accuracy (ii).Improving onboard automation and monitoring, (iii). Reduce spill and loss, (iv). evaluating the need for installing silt screens near mangrove areas during	APSEZ	Long Term	No capital dredging has been done, since Feb 2019. Dredged material generated during maintenance dredging is being disposed at designated locations within deep sea as identified by NIO. Dredging Management plan is adopted for carrying out dredging and management of dredge material. Presently there are 3 nos. (2 Nos. Cutter suction + 1 No. Trailer suction) of dredgers are in operation for dredging.					
			desalination	the dredging phase			Marine monitoring is being carried out once in a month by NABL and MoEF&CC accredited					

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
			plant outfall etc have shown insignificant impact on the marine eco- system. As part of the comprehensive environmental monitoring program, APSEZ has been adopting marine water and sediment quality monitoring on monthly basis.	operations, (v). Environment friendly dredging activities can be undertaken in such a way that the overall turbidity levels near the mangrove and ecologically sensitive zones shall not exceed 100 NTU or 200 mg/l of TSS (10% lethal level of fish) Existing marine monitoring program shall be continued as per the directions of MoEF&CC and GPCB.			agency namely M/s. Pollucon Laboratory Pvt. Ltd. The analysis reports of the same are being submitted to the concerned authorities on regular basis. Summary of marine water for the last six months is as mentioned above. The same practice will be continued in future also as per direction by MoEF&CC as well as GPCB. Monitoring will be focused near ecological sensitive area in case of need to carryout capital dragging near such areas
7	Groundwater qua	lity and salinit			T	T	
7.1	While Mundra block is enjoying safe ground water status as on date (based on the data published by CGWB), due to induced economic and	Level-2	APSEZ is not utilizing ground water for any type of use. APSEZ is meeting the current water demand through Narmada water supply scheme and 47 MLD	A dedicated desalination plant of capacity 4,50,000 m3/day (450 MLD) will be developed in progressive manner to meet the APSEZ requirements.	APSEZ	As and When Required	Present source of water for various project activities is desalination plant of APSEZ and/or Narmada water through Gujarat Water Infrastructure Limited and same is sufficient to meet the present water demand. APSEZ does not draw any ground water. The desalination plant of additional capacities will be installed on modular basis considering future development and requirement.

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
	population growth, use of ground water resources by the local people might increase in Mundra region. This might increase the TDS and chloride levels in the ground water in future.		captive desalination plant at site.				
7.2	Due to induced growth in the region, pressure on the available ground water source would increase and this could pose some threat to salinity ingress.	Level-2	Ground water is not drawn by APSEZ for its operations. Natural streams (seasonal rivers) passing through the APSEZ area will not be disturbed, the microwatershed in the area will	The Govt. of Gujarat, Narmada, Water Resources, Water Supply & Kalpsar Dept.,(WRD)12 has prevention projects	District Administration *	Long Term	APSEZ will co-operate and comply with the directions from concerned regulatory authorities. APSEZ does not draw any ground water for the fresh water requirement.

	Identified	Type of	Environment	Additional Disk	Doononoible	Timofromo for	Compliance
S.	Identified environmental	Type of Impact &	Environment	Additional Risk Mitigation	Responsible	Timeframe for implementatio	Compliance
No.	and social	Magnitude	management plans adopted or	Measures/ESMP	agency	n	
NO.	impacts for the	1	being adopted by	Weasules/LSWF		''	
	fully developed	'	APSEZ as per				
	scenario		permits,				
	(year 2030)		clearances,				
	,		applicable				
			regulations and				
			guidelines etc.				
			not be				
			disturbed. Due				
			to the above				
			reasons, the				
			possibility of				
			salinity ingress				
			due to APSEZ				
			development is				
			not envisaged.				
			Mundra and				
			Anjar blocks fall				
			under fresh				
			water to				
			medium salinity				
			zones. It can be				
			observed that little variation				
			was observed in				
			the ground				
			water salinity				
			levels from year				
			2013 to 2016				
			across the				
			Mundra and				
			Anjar blocks.				
			This aspect				
			confirms that				
			the overall				
			salinity ingress				
			from the shore				
			into the land				

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance				
			due to existing APSEZ facilities and power plant outfalls are less significant.								
				While the individual industries in the study area will continue to undertake ground water quality monitoring as per the environmental clearances issued for the respective projects, a regional	All Concerned Stakeholders, District Administration and CGWB*	Continual Process	APSEZ is carrying out ground water samplin at 8 locations at every six months and report of the same are being submitted to the regulatory authorities on regular basis. The summary of ground water quality monitorin for last six months (Oct'19 to Mar'20) are a below. Locations: 8 Nos. Frequency: Half Yearly				
				level ground water conservation action committee can be formed under the guidance of state ground water board and district Administration.			Sr N O. 1 pH 2 Salinity 3 Oil & Grease	Unit ppt mg/ L	Max. Valu e 8.1 18.9 ND*	Min. Value 7.6 1.72 ND*	
				Administration.			4 Hydrocarbon5 Lead as Pb	mg/ L mg/ L	ND* 0.07 2	ND*	
							6 Arsenic as As 7 Nickel as Ni	mg/ L mg/ L	ND*	ND*	

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Com	pliance			
			guidennes etc.				8	Total Chromium as Cr	mg/ L	0.07	0.036
							9	Cadmium as Cd	mg/ L	ND*	ND*
							10	Mercury as Hg	mg/ L	ND*	ND*
							11	Zinc as Zn	mg/ L	3.26	0.068
							12	Copper as Cu	mg/ L	ND*	Not Detect ed
							13	Iron as Fe	mg/ L	5.7	0.098
							14	Insecticides/Pesti cides	mg/ L	Abse nt	Absent
							15	Depth of Water Level from Ground Level	met er	2.6	1.8
							envii FY mon The indu throi encc per auth	ox. INR 21.74 Land tonmental monitoring on the stries within SEZ and APSEZ. All the permissions conties.	akh is ng act ncludes quireme ' are the grounc grantec	s spent ivities d g grour ent of being indust I water d by co	all the satisfied ries are quality as ompetent

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
							formed Internal Environment Monitoring Committee, involving Sr. Management of APSEZ and Adani Power Limited, having role and responsibilities as defined above. APSEZ will co-operate and comply with the directions from concerned regulatory authorities for ground water management.
8	Waste Manageme	ent			1	1	
8.1	Solid waste will be generated from industrial activities of APSEZ and other permitted facilities in the study area including Mundra town. These wastes would contain recyclable material, construction debris, organic waste, inert material and e-waste etc. In the absence of	Level-2	APSEZ has been adopting Zero waste Initiatives and the entire waste generated from existing operations is segregated and disposed to recycling vendors, thereby APSEZ has achieved zero landfill status as on date.	APSEZ will continue to adopt Zero Waste Initiative and wastes will be segregated at source and disposed to various recycling vendors, co-processing in cement plants. This initiative helps not only to reduce the waste to landfill significantly, but also to recycle the materials there by avoiding ecological impacts.	APSEZ	Continual Process	Presently APSEZ has implemented Zero waste Initiatives as per 5R (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle, Recover & Reprocess) principles of waste management. At present, APSEZ has developed material recovery facility for 6.0 TPD capacities. A well-established system for segregation of dry & wet waste is in place. All wet waste (Organic waste) is being segregated & utilized for compost manufacturing and/or biogas generation for cooking purpose. The compost is further used by in house horticulture team for greenbelt development. Whereas dry recyclable waste is being sorted in various categories. Presently manual sorting is being done for sorting of different types of solid waste. Segregated recyclable materials such as Paper, Plastic, Cardboard, PET Bottles, Glass etc. are then sent to respective recycling units, whereas remaining non-recyclable waste is bailed and sent to cement plants for Coprocessing as RDF (Refused Derived Fuel). The same practice will be continued in future also. APSEZ has also been recognized for Zero

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
	any organized source segregation programs and material recycling strategies and infrastructure facilities, these wastes will enter into environment and would pose long term health impacts.		guidelines etc.				Waste to Landfill certification from reputed organization. Copy of certificate is attached as Annexure – B. APSEZ will continue proper solid waste management in his operational area.
8.2	Considering an average solid waste generation of 0.25 Kg/person/day , the estimated solid waste from facilities within APSEZ will be in the order of 100	Level-2	APSEZ has made a provision for central waste management facilities within the existing site based on the future needs. As part of the Zero Waste Initiatives, no landfill facilities will be installed at APSEZ.	The existing waste segregation and material recycling facilities will be augmented to dispose safely the wastes generated from APSEZ areas. Solid Waste Management Program shall be adopted and implemented as per Municipal Solid Waste Management Rules 2016 and Construction Waste	APSEZ	Continual Process	

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
	TPD (36,500 TPA).		9	Management Rules 20 16			
8.3	About 35 TPD (13,000 TPA) of solid waste would be generated from the proposed industrial areas located outside the APSEZ area.	Level-2	As per the MSW Rules 2016 all the industrial facilities and SEZs are required to adopt waste segregation facilities at the respective properties and non-recyclable waste shall be disposed to landfill sites.	Solid Waste Management Program shall be adopted and implemented as per Municipal Solid Waste Management Rules 20 16 and Construction Waste Management Rules 20 16	All Industries	Continual Process	Industries located within the SEZ area are also complying with the waste management rules stipulated by statutory authorities and same has also been confirmed by APSEZ as well SPCB on regular basis.
9	Ecological aspec	ts (terrestrial	and marine)	1	1	1	
	About 1576 ha of shrub		It is noted that the designated forest land is free from any	APSEZ has approached concerned authorities for diversion of designated forest land. Suitable compensatory			Stage -1 forest Clearance for about 1576. Ha Forest land has been obtained. Presently APSEZ is in the process of compliance to the stage - 1 Forest Clearance conditions, for further submitting to Govt authorities for issuance of Stage-2 Forest Clearance.

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementatio n	Compliance
			regulations and guidelines etc.				
9.1	forest land contiguous to APSEZ area is applied for land diversion for various developmenta I activities. This might have certain level of changes in the biodiversity in the study area.	Level -1	native vegetation and comprises of Prosopis juliflora. It is also noted that no endangered species are present at the shrub forests that are applied for land diversion. It is also noted that no forest produce is reported from this designated forest land parcel due to lack of economic importance of plant species reported in the shrub forest. It is also noted that no tribal	afforestation plan shall be adopted based on the recommendations and directions of the concerned authorities. Due to adoption of compensatory afforestation program through a scientific manner, the overall ecological footprint in the district will be increased. Due to plantation of native tree species as part of greenbelt development, the overall biodiversity of the region will increase considerably when the project is fully developed.	APSEZ/State Forest Department*	Long Term	
			lands are located in the				

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
			designated forest land parcel. Hence there will not be any change in biodiversity due to the proposed diversion.				
9. 2	Mangrove conservation areas are located adjacent to the APSEZ area. Accidental discharges of industrial effluents into the marine environment would pose certain ecological risk.	Level -1	No development activities will be undertaken within mangrove conservation areas. APSEZ has taken up large scale mangrove afforestation activities in an area of more than 2800 ha at various locations across the coast of Gujarat state in consultation with various	Mangrove footprint and health status shall be monitored annually	APSEZ	Continual Process	As per study conducted by NCSCM in 2017, mangrove cover in and around APSEZ, Mundra has increased from 2094 Ha to 2340 ha (as compared between 2011 to 2017). The analysis has shown an overall growth of 246 ha. The cost for said study was INR 3.15 Cr. Further work has been assigned to NCSCM in March 2020 as part of compliance for the action plan "Monitoring of mangrove cover". The cost of the said work is INR 23.56 Lacs.

	Identified	Type of	Environment	Additional Risk	Responsible	Timeframe for	Compliance
S.	environmental	Impact &	management	Mitigation	agency	implementatio	
No.	and social	Magnitude	plans adopted or	Measures/ESMP		n	
	impacts for the	1	being adopted by				
	fully developed		APSEZ as per				
	scenario		permits,				
	(year 2030)		clearances,				
			applicable				
			regulations and				
			guidelines etc.				
			organizations				
			The Adani				
			Foundation				
			introduced				
			'Mangrove				
			Nursery				
			Development				
			and Plantation'				
			scheme in the				
			area as an				
			alternative				
			income				
			generating				
			activity for the				
			people of the				
			region.				
			A detailed	All approved marine			Presently marine monitoring is being carried
			marine hydro-	outfalls shall be			out by the Adani power plant at the marine
			dynamic and	monitored for salinity,			outfall locations and reports are being
9.3	Outfall from	Level-1	dispersion	temperature and other	APSEZ and	Continual	submitted to the concerned authorities on
9.3	the thermal	Level-1	modelling of	designated	Concerned	Process	regular basis.
	power plants		the study area	parameters as per	Industry	F100e35	ADOFT:
	desalination		indicates that	consent to establish			APSEZ is carrying out Marine monitoring once
	and CETP		the background	issued by GPCB.			in a month at 9 locations in deep sea by NABL
	would pose		temperature	Existing marine			and MoEF&CC accredited agency namely M/s. Pollucon Laboratory Pvt. Ltd. The analysis
	certain level		and salinity at	environment			reports of the same are being submitted to the
	of impact on		mangrove	al monitoring			concerned authorities on regular basis.
	the marine		conservation	program			consorriod dutificities of regular basis.
	environment.		area will not	shall be			Adani power plant is also doing marine water
			increase from	continued.			quality at 5 locations (2 locations at outfall
			the prevailing	Continued.			location) in deep sea by NABL and MoEF&CC

	Internation of	T	Factorial	Additional Pict	Danier 201	Timestan	0						
	Identified	Type of	Environment	Additional Risk	Responsible	Timeframe for	Compliance	•					
S.	environmental	Impact &	management	Mitigation	agency	implementatio							
No.	and social	Magnitude	plans adopted or	Measures/ESMP		n							
	impacts for the	1	being adopted by										
	fully developed		APSEZ as per										
	scenario		permits,										
	(year 2030)		clearances,										
			applicable										
			regulations and										
			guidelines etc.								NA/-	I I a latau	
			background				accredited Environme			namely	M/s.	Unistar	
			levels as the										
			outfalls are				analysis r						
			located far				regular bas						
			away.				quality is sl				mam	ie water	
			APSEZ and				quantyioo		20010.				
			respective				The comp	arison	of	marine	water	results	
			power plants in					The comparison of marine water results between CIA and current monitoring data are					
			the study area				as below.						
			have been										
			monitoring the				Paramet	Uni	ı	Max		Viin	
			marine water				er	t	CIA	Presen	CIA	Presen	
			quality status				Tamp	°C	30.	t		t	
			on monthly basis for the				Temp.	٥	2	30.4	28	29.5	
			stipulated				Salinity	ppt	41. 8	37.8	34. 9	34.6	
			environment al						0		3		
			and ecological				As per abo	ve res	ults. it	can be	seen tl	nat there	
			parameters.				is no majo						
							paramet ers						
							are insignif					'	
							Presently						
							intake as						
							developed						
							Multiprodu						
							discharge	rom c	ompo	nents ap	prove	as part	
-			APSEZ has				of SEZ.	o da:	olon -	d ita a	"I	Jont of	
	Terrestrial		APSEZ has developed	The compensatory			APSEZ has developed its own "Dept. of Horticulture" which is taking measures/ steps						
9.4	Ecology: Study	Level-1	•	afforestation area to	APSEZ	Continual	for terrestrial plantation/greenbelt						
3.4	area doesn't	FEAGI-1	greenbelt in an	anorestation area to	AI OLL	Process	development. APSEZ, Individual SEZ Industries						
	area uucsiri					1100633	development. APSEZ, Individual SEZ Industries						

Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc.	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
have any notified national parks or ecological sanctuaries. Since the area falls under dry deciduous shrubs. Due to scanty rains in the area, the overall natural greencover/vegetation in the area is very small.		area of 550ha as against the committed area of 430ha. A dedicated nursery is set up to promote plantation. APSEZ have undertaken a plantation with about 9.6 Lakh fully grown trees.	be monitored annually to check the survival rate of the plantation.			and Adani Power Plant has developed total 623 ha. area as greenbelt with plantation about 11.6 Lacs saplings within the APSEZ area including SEZ industries & Adani Power Plant. Dedicated horticulture department is maintaining and monitoring the terrestrial green belt development on regular basis to check the survival rate of plantation. Total expenditures of the horticulture dept. during the FY 2019-20 within APSEZ is INR 728 lakh.
Socio-economic aspects				•	_	
Population growth in the Mundra region was reported to be in the order of 85% during the past decade (2001-2011). Further expansion of the urban area could be	Level-1	Dedicated townships are developed within APSEZ area with necessary community infrastructures such as hospital, school, recreational facilities, sewage treatment and	The existing townships will be expanded to accommodate about 4lakh people when the project activity is fully developed.	APSEZ	As and When Required	APSEZ has developed two townships (Shantivan and Samudra) accommodating 2180 households and associated infrastructure facilities. Accommodation is made available for all interested employees working within Adani group & SEZ industries. Out of which 86% Occupancies are accommodated within the townships and rest are available for employees working within APSEZ. At present 43 nos. of industries are operating within the SEZ. Township facilities are also
	environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030) have any notified national parks or ecological sanctuaries. Since the area falls under dry deciduous shrubs. Due to scanty rains in the area, the overall natural greencover/vegetation in the area is very small. Socio-economic aspects Population growth in the Mundra region was reported to be in the order of 85% during the past decade (2001-2011). Further expansion of the urban area	environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030) have any notified national parks or ecological sanctuaries. Since the area falls under dry deciduous shrubs. Due to scanty rains in the area, the overall natural greencover/vegetatio n in the area is very small. Socio-economic aspects Population growth in the Mundra region was reported to be in the order of 85% during the past decade (2001-2011). Further expansion of the urban area could be	environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030) have any notified national parks or ecological sanctuaries. Since the area falls under dry deciduous shrubs. Due to scanty rains in the area, the overall natural green-cover/vegetation in the area is very small. Socio-economic aspects Population growth in the Mundra region was reported to be in the order of 85% during the past decade (2001-2011). Further expansion of the urban area could be	environmental and social impact & Magnitude plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and guidelines etc. have any notified national parks or ecological sanctuaries. Since the area falls under dry deciduous shrubs. Due to scanty rains in the area, the overall natural green-cover/vegetatio n in the area is very small. Socio-economic aspects Population growth in the Mundra region was reported to be in the order of 85% during the past decade (2001-2011). Further expansion of the urban area could be	environmental and social impact & Magnitude impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030) have any notified national parks or ecological sanctuaries. Since the area falls under dry deciduous shrubs. Due to scanty rains in the area, the overall natural green-cover/vegetatio n in the area is very small. Socio-economic aspects Population growth in the Mundra region was reported to be in the order of 85 % during the past decade (2001-2011). Further expansion of the urban area could be	environmental and social impact & Magnitude impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030) have any notified national parks or ecological sanctuaries. Since the area falls under dry deciduous shrubs. Due to scanty rains in the area, the overall natural green-cover/vegetatio n in the area is very small. Population growth in the Mundra region was reported to be in the order of 85% during the past decade (2001-2011). Further expansion of the urban area could be

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	induced economic growth in the region. Increase in population will have a additional need for public infrastructure in the region.		facilities. Adani Foundation has been undertaking various CSR programs under the principal themes such as education, community health, sustainable livelihood and rural infrastructure. About Rs. 97 Cr has been spent on various CSR activities in the Mundra region since 20 10. Similar community development programs (based on need based assessment) will be continued in future as well with allocation of appropriate budget.				made by SEZ industries within Mundra town for their employees having basic infrastructure facilities and requirements. Most of the employees working in SEZ industries are residing in Mundra township having all basic requirements and associated facilities. The existing social infrastructure facilities are adequate to accommodate the people considering present APSEZ development. The existing townships with associated facilities will be expanded as per requirement. Other infrastructure facilities have been developed for people are as follows. • Multi-Specialty Hospital • School • Commercial complex • Religious place APSEZ is actively working with local community (including fishermen community) around the project area and provides required support for their livelihood and other concerns through the CSR arm – Adani Foundation in the main five persuasions is mentioned below. • Community Health • Sustainability Livelihood – Fisher Folk • Education • Rural Infrastructures • Skill Development About Rs. 34 Cr has been spent on various CSR activities in the Mundra region since April

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							 20 18 till March 2020 including cost of rural infrastructure projects development. Major works carried out since April 20 18 as a part of CSR activities are as below. Pond Deepening work at Vadala & Mota Bhadiya Artificial recharge borewell in Borana, Mangara & Dhrub village. Under Dignity of Drivers Project, Adani Foundation has constructed Resting Shed for Drivers entering in SEZ Premises. Total 50 beds are constructed, drinking water and sanitation plus recreational — TV Facilities. Construction of 45 Toilet block and proper bathing place for labours. RO Plant — Samaghogha, Siracha village & Vallabh Vidyalaya at Mundra Basic sanitation facility (18 Nos) at Balvadi, medical centre and retiring places at labour settlements Ground recharge activities (pond deepening work for more than 52 ponds) individually and 26 ponds under Sujlam Suflam Jal Abhiyan were built leading to a significant increase in water table and higher returns to the farmers. Roof Top Rain Water Harvesting 54 Nos. and Recharge Bore well 75 Nos. Drip Irrigation 823 Farmers benefitted in

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10.2	The overall sex ratio was found to reduce by 28% in the Mundra taluk (study area) during the period 2001-2011. This could be attributed to increase in influx of working men in the region due to rapid economic development. Similar trend might continue in future due to induced economic growth in the	Level-2	Adani foundation is taking up several girl child education programs as part of CSR activities to create awareness about girl child protection.	Suitable regional level awareness programs on the girl child protection and encouragement programs in line with state and national policies shall be adopted under Corporate Social Responsibility programs in association with district authorities.	APSEZ, Other development projects and District Administration*	Long Term	coordination with Gujrat Green Revolution Company Participatory Ground Water Management in ten villages with holistic approach for Kankavati Sandstone Aquifer Programme. Similar community development programs (based on need based assessment) will be continued in future as well with allocation of appropriate budget. Major works carried out since April 20 18 as a part of CSR activities to create awareness about girl child protection are as below. The Adani Foundation provided scholarship support to motivation and encouragement of fishermen boys and girls for higher education under this program. APSEZ provide 100% fees support to girls as a scholarship. This year total 78 students are being facilitated by Adani foundation. Separate sanitation facilities for girl child in schools. Total 8770 haemoglobin screenings of RPA woman and adolescent girls was carried out in year 20 17-18. Which helps in controlling anaemia in women and indirectly malnutrition. Beti Vadhavo Programme was organized in 32 Villages in the presence of Village Sarpanch and other leaders in year 20 17-

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	region.						18. We explained people about the various topics i.e. importance of girl child, Sex Ratio, Gender Equality and laws regarding Child abortion. This initiative was well accepted by community and we have observed a visible change in their mindset. We have facilitated 560 daughters with Kit (Small Bed sheet, Mosquito net, Soap and Cream with nutritious food for mother) To create awareness about health, personal hygiene, child education and nutritional diet in fishermen community, various awareness programs have been organized. • Project Suposhan is initiated with the Motive Curb malnutrition amongst Children, Adolescent girls and Women in our CSR villages. • To reduce malnutrition and anemia amongst Children 95 % & adolescent girls and pregnant & lactating women by 70 % in three years • Reduction IMR and MMR • Support Awareness & Cover 100 % Vaccination taken by Child & women. About Rs. 34 Cr has been spent on various CSR activities in the Mundra region since April 2018 till March 2020 including cost of community health and education for woman and girl child.

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10.4	Due to economic growth leading to rapid urbanization, which prompts the need for healthcare facilities in the region. For an influx of 6 lakh people from APSEZ operations and additional 3 Lakh from induced growth by the year by 20 30 (fully developed scenario), total hospitals facilities with about 540 beds would be required.	Level-2	Adani hospitals, Mundra is setup by Adani group near Samudra township with a goal to provide primary and secondary health care services to Adani group employees and the local populace of Mundra. The existing 100 bed Adani hospital at Mundra has been catering the services ranging from wellness and prevent ative care.	APSEZ will explore other possibilities to augment the primary and secondary healthcare facilities in future depending on the growth scenario at APSEZ development.	APSEZ	Long Term	Adani hospitals (Multi-specialty), Mundra is having 100 bed facility and same is setup by Adani group near Samudra township. Primary health center and community health center are in place within the Mundra taluka. Other than this Adani foundation is doing various activities as part of community health. The details of last year are as below. Community Health — Mundra 11 Rural Clinic-8 from Mundra & 3 from Anjar block treated; 25142 patients. 31 villages covered through Mobile healthcare unit 20399 patients benefited during the year. The mobile health care unit cover 25 villages and 07 fishermen settlements. Around 90 types of general life saving medicines are available in these units. During the year 2019-20, total 9860 transactions were done by 8672 card holders of 68 villages of Mundra Taluka. They received cash less medical services under the senior citizen project. In the year of 2019-20, Total 3137 people had been benefitted by various kind of camp and needy and screened patients are treated in Adani Hospital.
							Community Health – Bhuj • 5398 Patients taken Care and

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
			guidelines etc.				Coordination 609 Dead body referred by carry van 3557 Ayushman Gold Card facilitation through Enrollment camp and Mahiti Setu 549 support for Implants and Needy Patients 9896 People helped through Mahiti Setu for various government schemes 816 people benefitted in 6 health awareness camps Adani Foundation organized 52 General Health Camps and Speciality Camps in various interior villages of Kutch in coordination with GKGH which created magical impact and benefitted 4779 patients. Adani Foundation Bhuj Health team has also organized more than six awareness camps. Adani foundation, Adani Hospital and GAIMS have Jointly Celebrated "Arogya Saptah" 8th to 14th August & 20th to 26th January in Respect of Independence and Republic of our country. Celebration included multi-specialty camps, Workshops, truckers health check-up, surgical camp on foundation day and adolescent fair at different part of district. Collector.
							About Rs. 34 Cr has been spent on various CSR activities in the Mundra region since April 2018 till March 2020 including cost of community health.

S. No.	Identified environmental and social impacts for the fully developed scenario (year 2030)	Type of Impact & Magnitude 1	Environment management plans adopted or being adopted by APSEZ as per permits, clearances, applicable regulations and	Additional Risk Mitigation Measures/ESMP	Responsible agency	Timeframe for implementation	Compliance
			guidelines etc.				Present Hospital facilities are adequate to avail the medical treatment for Mundra region considering present development. Other Occupational Health centres, primary health centers and community health centres are also in place in Mundra to take care the people residing in Mundra. Adani group is also operating high quality health care services to the people of Kutch at G. K. General Hospital, Bhuj having 750 beds facilities on public private partnership (PPP) model, which is 60 km far from Mundra. APSEZ will explore other possibilities to augment the primary and secondary healthcare facilities in future depending on the future development at APSEZ.
10.5	Due to rapid economic development in the region, several employment opportunities can be generated to the local people. When the area is fully developed by the end of		APSEZ has been giving preferences to people from Gujarat for providing employment opportunities based on eligibility and skills. In Mundra, special programmes have been conducted by Adani	APSEZ is committed to provide support for fishermen livelihood activities and has submitted a detailed 5 years plan to MoEF&CC with a total budget of Rs.13.5 Cr.	APSEZ	Short Term	The Adani Foundation has provided employment equivalent to 6261 man-days to fishermen in the year 2019-20. So total employment worth of 42048 man-days has been provided to fishermen till date. The Foundation has also supported Pagadiya fishermen as painting laborers by providing them with employment and job in various fields. Adani Skill Development Centre (ASDC) is playing a pivotal role in implementing sustainable development in the state. The objective of this Centre is to impart different kinds of training to the students of 10th, 12th, college or ITI from surrounding areas.

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	2030, the working population of the Mundra taluk would increase from current level of 55,000 to as high as 4,00,000, which will be 45% of the total envisaged population in Mundra Taluk by the end of 2030.		Foundation to enhance the employability of youth from fisherfolk communities. Based on the need assessment results, several livelihood options have been introduced by the Adani Skill Development Centre, Mundra. In these centres, youth can join and get vocational training for a number of technical and non-technical skills. An industrial Training Institute is set up at APSEZ, Mundra, to enhance the skill levels of the local youth to maximum possible extent.				During this year Total 2664 people trained in various trainings to enhance socio economic development. APSEZ is carrying out various initiatives specific to the Fisherfolk community which includes: Vidya Deep Yojana Vidya Sahay Yojana – Scholarship Support Adani Vidya Mandir Fisherman Approach in SEZ Machhimar Arogya Yojana Machhimar Kaushalya Vardhan Yojana Machhimar Sadhan Sahay Yojana Machhimar Awas Yojana Machhimar Shudhh Jal Yojana Machhimar Shudhh Jal Yojana Sughad Yojana Machhimar Akshay kiran Yojana Machhimar Suraksha Yojana Machhimar Ajivika Uparjan Yojana Machhimar Ajivika Uparjan Yojana Machhimar Ajivika Uparjan Yojana These initiatives are planned for the period 2016 – 2021 with a committed expense of INR 13.5 Cr as submitted earlierin detail in the report namely "Silent Transformation of Fisher folk at Mundra", . Till, March 2020 (Since 2016-17) approx. 8.13 Cr. INR, has already been spent in support for

	Identified	Type of	Environment	Additional Risk	Responsible	Timeframe for	Compliance
S.	environmental	Impact &	management	Mitigation	agency	implementatio	
No.	and social	Magnitude	plans adopted or	Measures/ESMP		n	
	impacts for the	1	being adopted by				
	fully developed		APSEZ as per				
	scenario		permits,				
	(year 2030)		clearances,				
			applicable				
			regulations and				
			guidelines etc.				
							fishermen livelihood activities.

ANNEXURE – A

Photographs showing Dump Pond and Strom Water Drain near Coal Yard













ANNEXURE - B

ZERO Waste to Landfill Certificate

LIBEROASSURANCE



This is to certify that the Management System of:



Adani Ports and SEZ Ltd (APSEZ)



Ports and Logistics

Mundra, Kutch 370421, India

Has been assessed and registered under the certification and inspection scheme of LiberoAssurance for the following standard:

Zero Waste to Landfill

The Management System is applicable to:

Handling, Warehousing, Logistics

Issued	28/03/2019	at	PIRAEUS, GREECE		
0.00000	(Date of issue)		(Place of issue of certificate)		

Expiry 27/03/2020 (Expiration date)

For the Issuing Organisation Efthimios Liberopoulos

LiberoAssurance is: ISO 17021 Accredited Body by IAS (USA) & ESYD (GREECE) This certificate is valid subject to satisfactory completion of annual audits.

Certificate ID: IN28135002192WL1

Please Check Validity of this Certificate at: https://liberoassurance.org/verification/

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Page 1 from 1

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